

Germany Modifies U-Boat Warfare Makes New Plea in Reply to U. S.

GRIPPE ABATING GAIN 13 MILES

Intimated That Ban May Be Lifted in This City Within a Few Days

Only 25 New Cases Reported Today—Street Cars Poorly Ventilated

Positive evidence that the local influenza epidemic is on the wane was forthcoming at the board of health office today when it was reported that only 25 new cases had been recorded up to noon, which is the smallest number reported on a Monday since the epidemic began to gain momentum here.

Today's report, together with that of yesterday when only 26 cases were recorded all day gives every indication that the grippe has done its worst in Lowell and that from now on there will be a steady decline in the number of cases reported daily.

The total number of cases to date is

Continued on Last Page

WITH THE ANGLO-AMERICAN side the British armies have made a FORCES EAST OF LE CATEAU, Sunday, Oct. 20.—(By The Associated Press.)—American forces fighting the total advance of 13 miles in the last six days of battle in this sector.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, commander-in-chief of the British armies in France, has sent the following letter to the general commanding the American troops:

"I wish to express to you personally, and to all officers, and soldiers serving under you, my warm appreciation of the very valuable assistance and gallant services rendered throughout operations of the Fourth British army. 'Called upon to attack positions of the greatest strength held by a determined enemy, all ranks of the 27th and 30th divisions under your command, have displayed an energy, courage and determination in attack, which has proved irresistible.

"It does not need me to tell you that under heavy fighting of the past three weeks, you have earned the lasting esteem and admiration of your British comrades in the army whose successes you have so nobly shared."

LOWELL MEN LEAVE FOR FORT WILLIAMS

Lowell's four exemption boards sent 40 men to Fort Williams, England, at 7:46 this morning to enter active service of the national forces.

Each board sent 10 men. They assembled at the Middlesex street station at 7:45 and there was a fairly large crowd of friends and relatives present to see them off.

This is the first time that the local exemption boards have sent men to Fort Williams. They left for their destination on a regular train, going to Wilmington Junction where they joined the quota from Lawrence and thence the trip to Portland was made directly. The embryo soldiers arrived in Portland about 12:30.

Today's Quota

The young men who went away this morning were the following:

- DIVISION ONE**
George J. Johnson, 44 Groves avenue.
Napoleon A. Bechard, 525 Bridge.
Kyracou Z. Kyracou, 32 Bridge.
Gerald H. Zwickler, 245 Beacon.
Joseph Bedard, 422 E. Merrimack.
Joseph A. Cahill, 15 Fourth.
George Skelakas, 29 Hanover.
Charles Dinnio, 400
William A. Bonuen, 43 Billerica.
Christos A. Kanelis, 66 Jefferson.
- DIVISION TWO**
John Joseph Conakley, 194 Suffolk.
Armand Ritchotte, 5 Herford pl.
Donald MacIntyre, 36 Grove.
James Gallagher, 150 Cross.
Walter J. Dubois, 29 Howard.
Omer J. Messier, 87 Grosvenor ave.
Joseph E. Gauthier, 34 Adams.
John Normandy, 246 Fletcher.
Ralph J. Mason, 74 Rock.
Edward Mitchell Harvey, 233 Westford.
- DIVISION THREE**
Manuel Santos, 523 Central.
Joseph A. Walsh, 135 Highland av.
William James Smith, 140 Chapel.
Joseph E. Gauthier, 34 Adams.
Thomas Francis Kenney, 294 South.
Charles H. Laflamme, 523 Chelmsford.
James Edward Flynn, 397 Central.
Albert Moran, 104 Fourth ave.
J. Desire Tardif, 15 Draught.
Lawrence Joseph McGrath, 31 Sargent.
- DIVISION FOUR**
Joseph Levy, 34 West Sixth.
Ernest Guenard, 150 Hall.
Robert Wood, 31 Dexter.
Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.
George Watson Sabies, 102 Orleans.
Joseph J. Paquette, 179 Ennall.
Harve Boncher, 1 Regina pl.
Joseph Ralph Lavalley, 71 Gage.
Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

If you want to buy, sell or exchange anything, try a Sun want ad.

NO RALLY TONIGHT

Owing to the Board of Health ban on large gatherings the Democratic Rally, scheduled to be held here tonight, has been called off. When the ban is lifted Candidates Long, Walsh and other noted speakers will be heard here.

JAMES F. HESLIN,
211 Fletcher Street.

J. Collins & Son
Plumbing
Contractors
210 Central St.
Tel. 470 Estab 1864

Court Merrimack F. of A.

Owing to the epidemic there will be no meeting Tuesday evening. Anniversary exercises postponed until further notice. Financial Secretary will be at Grafton hall Tuesday evening to receive dues and assessments.

THOMAS F. KELLEY,
Chief Rancor.

Reply Fails to Meet Wilson's Demands, But Attacks On Passenger Ships to Stop

Protests References to Illegal and Inhuman Acts—Denies German Navy Purposely Destroyed Lifeboats With Passengers—Seeks Further Negotiations

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The German reply to President Wilson's note, the text of which was received here today by wireless, says Germany hopes the United States will approve of no demand which would be irreconcilable with the honor of the German people and with the opening of the way to a peace of justice.

Germany protests against the references of President Wilson to illegal and inhuman acts. Denial is made that the German navy purposely destroyed lifeboats with passengers. The German government proposes that the facts be cleared up by neutral commissions.

Germany has despatched orders to submarine commanders precluding the torpedoing of passenger ships.

The German government suggests to President Wilson that an opportunity be brought about for fixing the details of the evacuation of occupied territories.

DENY REHEARING IN SHOE MACHINERY CASE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Government motions for a rehearing of the dissolution suit against the United Shoe Machinery Co., which was decided in favor of the company, were denied today by the supreme court.

In asking for a rehearing the government contended that if the supreme court's opinion holding the company not to be an organization in restraint of trade stands, it offers similar organizations an avenue of escape from the prohibition of the Sherman law and also reopens questions as to the limits of the patent grant.

The shoe machinery case was decided May 20 in a four to three opinion, Justices McReynolds and Brandeis taking no part.

STILL CONDUCTING INFLUENZA RELIEF

The League of Catholic Women is still conducting its influenza relief agency at the Knights of Columbus rooms in co-operation with the Lowell Guild. With the waning of the epidemic, the work of the league is decreasing and it was reported today that no new cases had been called to the attention of the organization since yesterday. Mrs. James H. Carmichael, president of the league, who has been ill for some time and thus prevented from taking an active part in the early efforts of the organization in the present epidemic, is now recovered and once more at the helm. The sewing work of the league is continuing as usual with sessions every evening at the K. of C. headquarters.

NEWS FROM THE FRONT

A very interesting copy of "The Stars and Stripes," the newspaper printed in the trenches of France for the members of A. E. F., has been received at The Sun office. The newspaper is dated Friday, Sept. 20, and was sent by Corp. Edward F. Quinn, a prominent resident of his city, who is now connected with Co. F, 361st Supply Train.

ANNIVERSARY BANQUET
In view of the waning of the influenza epidemic and the anticipated lifting of the ban on all public gatherings, Lowell council, Knights of Columbus, through the 25th anniversary banquet committee, will start anew on plans for holding the affair. Accordingly a meeting of the committee will be held tomorrow night when some action toward setting a definite date for the event will be taken.

HURL FRESH GERMANS N. E. OVER QUOTA BY AGAINST AMERICANS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Germany is drawing heavily upon other parts of the western front for reinforcements to check the Americans north of Verdun. General Pershing's communique for Sunday says during the heavy fighting of the past week a constantly increasing number of German divisions have been brought up and are bitterly contesting every foot of ground.

CHELSEA GIRL KILLS HER BROTHER WITH RIFLE

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Saul Wasserman, aged 19, of 65 4th street, Chelsea, was shot and killed by his sister Mildred, aged 13, in the yard of their home at 5:10 yesterday afternoon. The shooting was accidental. The girl was shooting at a target with a rifle and one of the bullets passed through her brother's abdomen. He died at 5:35 at the Frost hospital.

The rifle is owned by their brother, Joseph Wasserman, who is in the navy. The girl placed a block of wood, for a target, on the piazza and her brother was sitting on the back steps about five feet away. The girl fired three shots and the last one struck her brother.

The girl was arrested by Sergeant Harrison and Patrolman Keating of the Chelsea police charged with manslaughter and later jailed. She was in the Chelsea court this morning. She is employed in a Boston department store as a cash girl and her brother was in the 5th grade of the Williams school. They are the children of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wasserman. There are four other children, three boys and a girl.

HEARING ON LAW TO PROHIBIT TRANSPORTATION OF LIQUOR INTO DRY STATES

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—At the government's request in order to insure prompt and uniform enforcement of the statute, the supreme court agreed today to expedite proceedings involving interpretations of the law prohibiting the transportation of intoxicating liquors into dry states and fixed Dec. 1 for hearing arguments. Lower court decisions have held that the act does not prohibit transportation of liquor through dry states.

NEW VICTORIES TAKE 3000 HUNS

Field Marshal Haig Announces Big Gains for the British Forces

Belgians Marching on Ghent While British Are Outflanking Tournai

LONDON, Oct. 21.—More than 3000 prisoners were captured by the British yesterday in the operations north of Le Cateau when the Selle river was crossed on a wide front, according to Field Marshal Haig's statement today.

In the Valenciennes region the British are approaching St. Amand, six miles northwest of Valenciennes. North of Tournai they are pushing forward to the line of the Scheldt river.

The British forced a passage of the river supported by tanks. The statement reads:

"The number of prisoners captured by us in the operation yesterday north of Le Cateau now exceeds 3000. The enemy positions along the River Selle were of great natural strength and were held with resolution.

"The attack was launched by English, Scottish and Welsh divisions at 2 o'clock in the morning under most unfavorable weather conditions, a continuous rain rendering the advance extremely difficult. The fighting was heavy throughout the day, the enemy offering strong resistance in the villages and along the line of the railway. In overcoming this resistance great assistance was rendered at certain points which, despite the flooded state of the river we succeeded in passing to the east bank at an early hour.

"As soon as the line of the river was secured a number of bridges were rapidly constructed under a heavy fire from the hostile artillery."

FRENCH HONOR GIVEN CARDINAL GIBBONS

BALTIMORE, Oct. 21.—Delegates from the Catholics of France, England, Belgium, Ireland, Canada and Mexico joined with those from this country here yesterday in honoring Cardinal Gibbons on his 50th anniversary as a bishop.

Bishop F. W. Keating of Northampton, England, and Bishop Eugene L. Julien of Arras, France, occupied prominent parts in the ceremony.

It was announced that the French government has conferred on the cardinal, through Ambassador Jusserand at Washington, the insignia of a grand officer of the Legion of Honor.

It was also announced that the Sullivan, who are to build a new seminary at Washington, will make it a memorial to the cardinal.

The cardinal reviewed his work in the church from the days when he was a seminarian and praised the amicable relations that have existed between the church and state in America. He said its absolute independence of the church from the state has proved the greatest blessing of the church in America.

W. P. Mason Suffered for Years With Rheumatism

Tried Every Kind of Treatment But Got No Relief Until He Took Vitalitas.

Mr. Mason, who lives at 232 Essex street, Salem, says: "I have suffered for years with rheumatism and indigestion; also stomach trouble. After using your wonderful Vitalitas I never felt better in my life. My rheumatism is gone and I can eat anything I wish without after distressing effects. I consider Vitalitas the greatest remedy in the world."

Mr. Mason says: "Such statements as Mr. Mason makes should convince anyone of the great merits of this wonderful remedy. We have sold hundreds of bottles of Vitalitas and we have reports come to us every day of the great good it is doing. So much so that we feel it our duty to our customers and friends to offer our endorsement of Vitalitas. We ask the public to come to our store and let us explain the merits of this great remedy. Vitalitas, Dows, Druglist, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.—Adv.

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BRITISH SMASH GERMAN LINES AND CROSS SELLE RIVER ON WIDE FRONT

British troops in smashing through the formidable German positions along the Selle river north of Le Cateau, have captured more than 3000 prisoners. The Germans were forced from positions of great natural strength on a wide front and the British gains were maintained despite counter attacks.

The British now hold the heights between the Selle and Harpies rivers and are in a position to outflank the Mormal forest and cut the railroad between Valenciennes and Avesnes.

Marching on Ghent

Further north the allied forces continue their progress through Belgium and French Flanders from Denain to the Dutch frontier. On the north the Belgians are approaching Ghent while in the center the British are marching on the Scheldt river and

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SLAUGHTER OF BELGIAN WOMEN AND BABES

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Brand Whitlock, American minister to Belgium, whose "Memories of Belgium Under the German Occupation" is being being published in the New York World, paints a vivid and terrible word picture of cruelty and almost unspeakable atrocities practised by the apostles of Kultur.

After describing the awful treatment Belgian civil prisoners, men, women and little children, received, he says:

"One scene remains to be described, a scene that in its unsurpassed and shameful cruelty has no counterpart, even in the dark annals of savage tribes. It was on that Sunday morning of the 23d.

"The Germans that swarmed down the Friedland road entered the quarter of Penant, arrested the inhabitants and took them to the Rober Bayard, the famous and picturesque rock that, split off from the cliff and overlooking the lovely Meuse, is associated in romantic legend with the fils Aymon and their famous horse Bayard.

"The people were held there, evidently as a screen, while the Germans began to construct a temporary bridge over the river. The French were on the other side, and now and then they shot at the soldiers working there.

"The Germans, annoyed by the spitting, irregular fire, sent a citizen of Dinant, one of the prisoners, in a boat across the river to inform the French that unless they ceased firing the civilians would be shot. M. Bourdier made his dangerous voyage, accomplished his mission and returned to take his place among his fellows. But a few stray bullets still sped across the river.

"Then was committed the atrocious crime. The prisoners were massed together, nearly ninety of them, old men and young, women, girls and boys, little children and babies in their mothers' arms. A platoon was called up; the colonel in command gave the word to fire, and the gray soldiers in cold blood shot down those 99 persons as they stood huddled there together.

"Among them were 12 children under the age of 6 years, six of whom were the babies, whose mothers, as they stood up to face their pitiless murderers, held them in their arms."

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\$120,000,000 MORE FOR SHIP CONSTRUCTION

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—An additional \$120,000,000 for ship construction, making a total for that purpose of \$2,001,000,000, was asked of congress today by the shipping board. The senate appropriations committee was asked to include the increase in the military deficiency bill now under consideration.

ASST. SEC. ROOSEVELT RECOVERS FROM INFLUENZA ATTACK—BACK AT DESK

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, returned to his desk for the first time since his recent visit to France, today. He was stricken aboard ship with influenza, which developed into pneumonia and he was seriously ill at his home in New York for some time.

BIG JOHN TOBACCO

THIS IS THE DAY to start getting greater benefit from your smoking: you can do it—without greater cost. Just stick a package of Big John tobacco in your pocket—that proves. It will convince you that this fine, old tobacco gives satisfaction that no other, of this day, can—that a pipeful of Big John tobacco lasts longer than a pipeful of any other package. Big John tobacco counts big for you.

MAY FREE SCHLESWIG FROM GERMAN RULE

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 21.—Denmark, according to news agency telegrams to the Dutch press, has sent a note to Germany suggesting that certain terms of the treaties executed between the two countries in the period from 1860 to 1870 should be carried out. The Væderland points out that Article V of the treaty of 1864, which ceded the duchies of Schleswig-Holstein and Lauenburg to Schleswig, provided for the inhabitants would prefer allegiance to Germany or to Denmark. This provision, it is declared, never has been carried out.

The Crime of '64

The crime of Schleswig-Holstein in 1864 furnishes one of the finest examples of Bismarck's Machiavellian policy at its best. The inserted state of affairs of the duchies was the excuse for a joint Austrian and German attack. The Danes held out bravely for nine months against an overwhelmingly superior number, but finally succumbed. The fraternal feeling between the Scandinavians had not become so universal to the extent that it is now; yet there was a strong sentiment among the intellectuals of Sweden and Norway to come to the rescue of little Denmark. Henrik Ibsen, then a young man and the rising spokesman of young Scandinavia, demanded that his country assist its sister land. Disappointment over the lack of response is said to have been the main reason for Ibsen's leaving Norway for a number of years.

However, after the Danish defending force had been reduced to submission, and after Prussia and Austria had quarreled over the spoils, the letter being defeated as usual, the treaty of Prague was drawn up, and for once and all this contentious dispute over Schleswig-Holstein.

Confirmed by Solemn Oath

By the terms of this treaty, Holstein and Schleswig were ceded in whole to Prussia with the provision that to the people of northern Schleswig was to be reserved the right to be again united to Denmark, should they express a desire to be so by a vote freely given. This provision in the treaty of Prague of 1866, together with the rest of the treaty, was confirmed by King William I of Prussia, with a solemn oath "in the name of the True God."

Unconditional Surrender

Is What Hood's Triple Combination Demands of Ill-Health.

How can the hideous Huns of after the grip weakness, impure blood, exhausted system, and deranged digestion stand up against the powerful medicinal powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla (before meals), Penitron (after meals) and Hood's Pills (at bedtime)? We know of nothing comparable to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, eczema, skin diseases, rheumatism and other blood troubles. It has been a standard blood-purifying medicine for over 40 years, known and valued in thousands of American homes.

SUGAR

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY MORNING at nine o'clock we will be all ready to register our customers for the sugar coupons, which the head of each household must have after November 1st, in order that they may get their monthly supply for each member of the family. Courtesy and attention will be given each applicant. Register early to avoid the crowd.

Tenderloin Steak, lb. 35c

BUTTER VERY BEST NO. 1 ELGIN CREAMERY—No Higher Price. Lb. 55c

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR, 24 1/2 Lb. Bag. \$1.50

SAUNDERS' MARKET

FUNERALS

O'BRIEN—The funeral of Mr. Joseph P. O'Brien took place this morning from the home of his father, Mr. John J. O'Brien, 399 Worthen street, at 8:30 o'clock, and the attendance included friends and relatives from Boston, Lawrence, Malden and Chelsea. The cortege proceeded to St. Patrick's church where at 9 o'clock a mass of requiem was sung by Rev. J. J. O'Brien. The choir under the direction of Mr. Michael J. Johnson rendered the Gregorian chant, the solos being sustained by Miss Alice E. Johnson, president of the organ. The bearers were John Forrest, Jr., and Joseph Walsh of Lawrence, and John J. O'Brien of Malden, Paul Dolan of Nashua, Michael McGrath and Dr. William F. O'Brien of Lowell. There was a profusion of floral offerings and numerous spiritual bouquets showing the esteem in which the deceased was held by his friends and acquaintances. The casket was borne by the following bearers: Messrs. John Gleason, Thomas Gleason, Frederick Johnson, and Scott Guild. The burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. T. Franklin Wood. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

GLEASON—The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Gleason took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from her late home, 60 St. Patrick's street, at 8:30 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. J. J. O'Brien. The choir rendered the Gregorian chant. Solos were rendered during the mass by the sanctuary choir. There was a profusion of beautiful and spiritual bouquets showing the esteem in which the deceased was held by her friends and acquaintances. The casket was borne by the following bearers: Messrs. John Gleason, Thomas Gleason, Frederick Johnson, and Scott Guild. The burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. T. Franklin Wood. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

BELLE-ISLE—The funeral of Mrs. Oliver J. Belle-Isle took place this morning from her late home, 115 North Main street, at 8:30 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. J. J. O'Brien. The choir rendered the Gregorian chant. Solos were rendered during the mass by the sanctuary choir. There was a profusion of beautiful and spiritual bouquets showing the esteem in which the deceased was held by her friends and acquaintances. The casket was borne by the following bearers: Messrs. John Gleason, Thomas Gleason, Frederick Johnson, and Scott Guild. The burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. T. Franklin Wood. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

FINNEGAN—The funeral of Florence C. Finnegan took place this morning from her late home, 115 North Main street, at 8:30 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. J. J. O'Brien. The choir rendered the Gregorian chant. Solos were rendered during the mass by the sanctuary choir. There was a profusion of beautiful and spiritual bouquets showing the esteem in which the deceased was held by her friends and acquaintances. The casket was borne by the following bearers: Messrs. John Gleason, Thomas Gleason, Frederick Johnson, and Scott Guild. The burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. T. Franklin Wood. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

TORIN—The funeral of the late William E. J. Torin took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough and Sons, 115 North Main street, at 8:30 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Francis L. Shea. The choir sang the Gregorian chant. The bearers were Miss Mary Ryan and Mr. James E. Donnelly. Miss Gertrude Quigley presided at the organ. There were many floral tributes and numerous spiritual offerings. The bearers were William Campbell, William O'Hare, A. Harkins, James Murphy, and Mr. James E. Donnelly. The burial took place in St. Patrick's cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Mr. Shea. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers M. H. McDonough and Sons.

DOUGLASS—The funeral services of Mrs. Annie J. Douglass took place at the home of her sister, Mrs. E. L. Douglass, 115 North Main street, yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Appleton Granville, rector of St. Anne's Episcopal church, officiating. The bearers were William Brennan and Leslie Pierce. Burial was in the Edison cemetery where appropriate selections were sung by Mrs. W. H. Popin and Mrs. James Fleming. The committal service was read by Rev. Mr. Granville. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blake.

TAYLOR—The funeral of Raymond S. Taylor was held from the rooms of Undertaker J. A. Weinbeck, 45 Middle street, yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The services were conducted by Rev. Caleb C. Fisher, D.D., pastor of the First Universalist church. The bearers were relatives of the deceased. Burial was in the Edison cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Mr. Fisher. The funeral was under the direction of Undertaker J. A. Weinbeck.

BARROWS—The strictly private funeral of Mrs. Ethel B. Barrows was held from the home of her grandmother, Mrs. Mary E. H. Coburn, 22 Putnam avenue, Saturday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Arthur C. Archibald, pastor of the First Baptist church. The bearers were John H. Barrows, Raymond J. Barrows, Benjamin L. Barrows and Lester A. Flemings. Burial was in the Edison cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

MITCHILL—The funeral services of Robert J. Mitchell were held at his home, 270 Lincoln street, yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Rev. J. M. Craig, pastor emeritus of the First Presbyterian church, officiating. The bearers were relatives of the deceased. Burial was in the Edison cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Mr. Craig. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

CHAPMAN—The funeral of Mrs. Sarah Chapman took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. A. Weinbeck, 45 Middle street, at 2 o'clock and was attended only by relatives. Rev. Mr. Fisher, D.D., pastor of the First Universalist church, officiating. The bearers were William Brennan and Leslie Pierce. Burial was in the Edison cemetery where appropriate selections were sung by Mrs. W. H. Popin and Mrs. James Fleming. The committal service was read by Rev. Mr. Granville. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blake.

GELINEAU—The funeral of Mrs. Henri R. Gelineau took place yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock from her late home, 115 North Main street, at 1 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Francis L. Shea. The choir sang the Gregorian chant. The bearers were Miss Mary Ryan and Mr. James E. Donnelly. Miss Gertrude Quigley presided at the organ. There were many floral tributes and numerous spiritual offerings. The bearers were William Campbell, William O'Hare, A. Harkins, James Murphy, and Mr. James E. Donnelly. The burial took place in St. Patrick's cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Mr. Shea. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers M. H. McDonough and Sons.

HALDAS—The funeral of Anastasio Haldas took place yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock from the chapel of James F. O'Donnell and Sons, 115 North Main street, at 1 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Francis L. Shea. The choir sang the Gregorian chant. The bearers were Miss Mary Ryan and Mr. James E. Donnelly. Miss Gertrude Quigley presided at the organ. There were many floral tributes and numerous spiritual offerings. The bearers were William Campbell, William O'Hare, A. Harkins, James Murphy, and Mr. James E. Donnelly. The burial took place in St. Patrick's cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Mr. Shea. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers M. H. McDonough and Sons.

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ALL-AMERICAN AIR RAID

In Big Bombing Expedition

Behind German Lines, Yanks "Get" 17 Machines

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Sunday, Oct. 20. (By the Associated Press.)—In the all-American bombing expedition behind the German lines Friday, American pursuit airplanes brought down 17 German machines. Most of the victories have been confirmed officially. Not one American machine was lost, making the day stand out in the history of American aviation.

During the expedition the American machines met and vanquished several enemy formations of 35 and 40 airplanes each. Among the Americans who brought down German machines Friday are the following:

Lieut. Cleveland McDermott, of Syracuse, and Lieut. Chester Wright of Brookline, Mass., two each; Lieut. Albert Weatherhead of Cleveland, Lieut. Weir Cook, of Muncie, Ind., Lieut. Sumner Sewall of Bath, Me., Lieut. Lowell Harding, of Washington, D. C.

Lieut. W. E. Goulding of New York, Lieut. Clinton Jones, of San Francisco, Lieut. Remington Vernon of New York, Lieut. Dickinson Eate of Philadelphia and Lieut. Charles Dolive, of Chicago, one each.

Lieut. Wright and Harding got another enemy machine between them while Captain Charles Biddle of Andalusia, Pa., Lieut. William A. Stovall of Stovall, Miss., and Lieut. Walter Evers of Columbus, Ohio, brought down another.

On the opening day of the Meuse-Argonne offensive, American aviators brought down 19 German machines, but 16 American airplanes were either lost or damaged. On Friday only one American machine was forced to land. That was the one piloted by Lieut. McDermott and he landed near Brienneles. His machine was brought in Saturday by infantrymen.

AMERICAN SNIPERS IN CAMOUFLAGE SUITS

BEHIND THE AMERICAN LINES IN FRANCE (Correspondence of the Associated Press).—The American sniper wears a fantastic suit of green burlap with tufts of raffa, or Madagascar grass, sewed thickly all over the coats and trousers. The coat has a head-piece with eyeholes so that the sniper's head is completely enveloped.

American troops in the Vosges have used these camouflage suits with great effect. The grass-covered burlap is merged into the grass through which the sniper crawls and even when only 25 feet distant his presence cannot be detected.

These suits are made by French women in the American camouflage station behind the lines.

The "disappearing building" is one of the curious contrivances of the camouflage artists here. The building is the size of a two-story frame cottage. Viewed close at hand it stands out plainly enough, and even at 100 feet the cottage is quite clear. But at the distance from which the enemy observations would be made, or from an airplane at 8000 feet, the building does

in fact "disappear." This is done by the painting in great wavy lines of green and brown which, at a distance, obliterate the straight lines of roof, gable, windows and doors, and transform the whole structure into a blur of green-brown color which blends into the grass and grounds.

"That is the director of properties for David Belasco," said the escort, as we passed a soldier. This disclosed that besides the artists of this camouflage coloring, there are well known actors, stage managers, scene painters, property directors and cinema artists.

The actors gave a show the other night for the women workers. There was a camouflage chariot race, camouflage gladiators, and camouflage lions and tigers. One of the camouflage tigers looked so real that it nearly caused a panic when it got down among the women.

Colonel Hennion's camouflage force, besides the 900 people here, has 250 more along the front—15 men and an officer with each American division erecting camouflage devices and putting into use dummies and decoys.

Two of the camouflage force at the front have been killed: Sergeant Ernest A. Herter, son of a well known interior decorator of New York, and Lieutenant Harry Thrasher, an American sculptor, who fell as the Americans were hammering their way into Flines.

CHELMSFORD MAKES GOOD, AS USUAL

Chefmsford went over the top with flying colors Saturday night, a total of \$394,500 having been accounted for up to that time, and there is a good prospect that the final figures will show a still larger amount. The quota asked

TOOK OUT DREADFUL SORENESS

When the kidneys are weakened or overworked so that they fail to filter and throw all impurities out of the blood, the poison remains in the system and backache, soreness, lameness and rheumatic pains are likely to develop. Mrs. David Henry, 65 S. Lincoln Ave., Washington, N. J., writes: "My kidneys are doing me much good, both my kidneys and the rheumatism. They took all the dreadful soreness out of my limbs. Burkinshaw Drug Co., 418 Middlesex St., Moody's, 301 Central St.—Adv.

of the town was \$275,000, and as in the three previous drives for bonds for United States, Chefmsford folks have proven that they will back the government to the limit. The total number of subscribers was 931.

The chairman of the campaign, Herbert E. Ellis, states that the showing made was very satisfactory, and he feels that should the call come four times more the people of Chefmsford will be just as ready to back up the efforts of our boys over there. Mrs. Ervin E. Smith, chairman of the women's committee, is entitled to great credit for the efficient and untiring campaign which she and her co-workers engaged in, and which had much to do with bringing the drive to a successful close.

The local board of health announces that until there is a further decline in the prevailing epidemic, the schools will remain closed.

LOWELL BOYS ORDAINED TO PRIESTHOOD

Rev. Thomas Patrick Frawley, son of Sergt. and Mrs. Patrick J. Frawley of 31 Madison street, formally entered the ranks of the priesthood yesterday at St. John's seminary, Brighton, when he was ordained by Cardinal O'Connell. The ceremony was private in accordance with the wishes of the health authorities of that district.

Rev. Fr. Frawley is 26 years old and a graduate of the Lowell high school with the class of 1910. He was one of the most popular members of his class and in his graduating year was lieutenant colonel of the school regiment. In the fall of 1910 he entered Boston college and was graduated from that institution in 1914. Later he pursued a theological course at St. John's seminary.

The young priest's father has just been promoted to sergeant in the local police department. Two of his brothers are now in the national service, John Francis being in France, and Albert W., now a sergeant in the students' army training corps at Boston college. He also has two younger brothers, Edward H. and Fred L. and two sisters, Miss Jennie T. and Miss Mary Frawley.

WIFE OF LOWELL MAN DIES IN FALL RIVER—AUTHORITIES SEEK HUSBAND

Mrs. Thomas F. Dunlavy, wife of a local plumber, died recently at Fall River from influenza and the board of health of that city is endeavoring to locate the husband so as to learn what disposition to make of the body, which is now at the city morgue in Fall River. The board has written a letter to a brother of the deceased, John Mulroy of 22 Pleasant street, and the latter has turned the letter over to the police in an endeavor to locate the husband of the deceased woman.

DAILY HEALTH TALKS

What Doctor Pierce Has Done for Humanity!

BY DOCTOR CRIPPS

It has always seemed to me that Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., should be placed near the top when a list of America's great benefactors is written. He studied and conquered human diseases to a degree that few realize. Whenever he found a remedy that overcame disease, he at once announced it in the newspapers and told where it could be bought at a small price. He did not follow the usual custom of keeping the ingredients secret, so that the rich only could afford to buy the medicine, but openly printed the name of each root and herb he used. And so today the names of Dr. Pierce and his medicines are widely known, and they stand for better health and better citizenship.

One of this great physician's most successful remedies is known as Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These are little, sugar-coated pills, composed of Mayapple, leaves of aloë, root of jalap—things that Nature grows in the ground. These Pellets are safe because they move the bowels gently, leaving no bad after-effects, as so many pills do. Very often they make a person who takes them feel like a new man or woman, for they cleanse the intestines of hard, decayed and poisonous matter that accumulates when one is constipated. If you are constipated, by all means go to your druggist and get some of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They may prove to be the very thing your system requires to make you well and happy.—Adv.

BIG RAIDS IN TORONTO

67 Alleged Bolshevik Sympathizers Arrested—All Released on Bail

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 21.—Sixty-seven alleged Bolshevik sympathizers were arrested here in a series of raids on halls where meetings were being held.

Forty-four of those arrested were members of the Chinese Nationalist league and the others were members of the Social Democratic party of Canada, the Democratic party of North America, the Russian Socialist Revolutionary party, the Ukrainian Socialist party and the Finnish Socialist party. All are held on charges of being in unlawful assemblages.

After being detained for several hours, the men were released on bail ranging from \$1000 to \$5000 each.

PRIV. WILLIAM G. SWIFT DIES IN FRANCE

Word has been received in this city of the death in France of Private William G. Swift of the Canadian Overseas Forces, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Swift, now of Southbridge, but formerly of 21 Tenth street, this city.

Private Swift was 24 years old and enlisted in the Canadian forces in June, 1917. He left for France the following December and saw much active service until his death which came a few days ago as the result of wounds received in action.

The Lowell soldier was a member of the Centralville M.E. church, the Odd Fellows and the Masons. He was formerly employed at the Saco-Lowell shops. Besides his parents, he leaves one sister, Mrs. Percy Whitlock of Southbridge.

CAMOUFLAGE STATION

700 French Women are Employed in American Station

Behind Battle Lines

BEHIND AMERICAN LINES IN FRANCE—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—Seven hundred French women are employed in the American Camouflage station here making nets to screen from observation American batteries and machine-gun sections.

There was a burst of patriotic song as The Associated Press correspondent entered the large building where they work, for many of them sing as they sew.

The screening of artillery is the most important work of camouflage, as it is the main reliance in dispersing the enemy's fire and preventing the enemy from locating our batteries.

For this purpose huge camouflage nets are provided, of wire and flannel, which cover the guns like a great horizontal tent. In the netting are tied bunches of green burdock, or foliage, and thus viewed from above, the overhanging green net merges the battery into the landscape of trees and turf.

Hundreds of these nets were being made by the women workers. The 75 millimeter gun takes an overhanging net 30 feet square, the 155 millimeter gun has a 37 foot net, and the American machine gun gets an 18 foot net. The nets are graded in ten colors of green and earth-brown, so that the shield may have the exact tint of the surrounding trees. The nets are shipped to the front in huge bundles, one net for each gun.

It has been a problem to get the 700 women required for this difficult means of drawing them is a Red Cross home for the babies of the married women, and a Y.M.C.A. kitchen which gives them a good meal for 60 cents (12 cents) by the women. These garlands of green burdock are strung between the trees, in order to break up lines and diffuse edges so that the location of a battery will not show on an aerial photograph.

In the carpenter shop, huge frames for green umbrellas were being made. The umbrellas open like an ordinary sunshade, and camouflage a machine-gun. In the blacksmith shop the men were turning out steel "cabins" which are sunk below the ground, for an observer. They have a front of bullet-proof steel and are about as strong as a small safe. In one of these, an observer is safe in the midst of a shower of shrapnel.

Laying on paint much as a scrub-woman wields a mop, an artist was walking about on a gigantic camouflage screen for an airplane hangar. The great piece of painting was spread on a field and covered an area of 1300 square yards. The artist was using a brush as big as a broom. "Camouflage is making a constant battle against the aerial camera," said the expert, "for with photographs made from airplanes the enemy gets a complete view of our positions unless they are obscured by some device of camouflage."

FUEL CONSERVATION NEWS-LETTER

The Worcester fuel conservation committee has designed and will circulate a publication among persons in Worcester using a large amount of coal, which is aimed to help them in conserving coal. A propaganda along the same lines is being used in Lowell according to Ira Boothby, secretary of the Lowell fuel committee, although by utilizing bulletins issued by the state fuel committee the fuel committee here believes it saves itself considerable expense.

The Worcester publication is called the Worcester Fuel Conservation News-Letter. Its circulation is not to be limited entirely to Worcester but every fuel committee in the state is to regularly receive a copy of it, including, of course, the fuel committee here. Mr. Boothby says that already over 30 owners of big buildings and fuel engineers in Lowell have received a valuable bulletin on saving fuel from his office. This is to be supplemented from time to time by other publica-

"I feel all run down, haven't any life or spirit, but am worn out and tired out."



THESE are symptoms of over-work and exhaustion and warn you to build up your blood.

BOVININE for Strength

is of unsurpassed nutritive value. It contains the largest possible percentage of cell creating matter and for over a quarter of a century has been recognized by physicians as an unequalled reconstructive food tonic.

12 oz. bottle \$1.15

6 oz. bottle .70

Get a bottle at your druggist's today

THE BOVININE CO., 75 West Houston St., New York

6

A.G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

OUR big assortments of Women's, Misses' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear and our always noticeable extra values should make our department the Mecca of all discriminating buyers of the warmer grades.

UNDERWEAR

Ladies' Heavy Fleeced Vests, Pants and Tights—
Regular size 69c
Extra sizes 75c
Ladies' Heavy Fleeced Suits, high neck, long sleeves, Dutch neck, elbow sleeves and low length 75c
Ladies' Half Wool Suits, high neck, short sleeves, Dutch neck, elbow and low neck, sleeveless, ankle length \$1.25 and \$1.50
Misses' Fleeced Heavy Weight Vests and Pants, 69c
Extra sizes 75c
Misses' Fleeced Suits, high neck, long sleeves, Dutch neck, elbow sleeves \$1.00
Extra sizes \$1.25
Boys' Gray Fleeced Suits, extra heavy; worth \$1.00 85c
Children's Jersey Waists, with bone buttons and garter fasteners 38c
West Section

HOSIERY

Ladies' Black Fibre Silk Hose, double soles, high spliced heels 75c Pair
Ladies' Fibre Silk Hose, with seam in leg, black, brown, gray and sand \$1.00 Pair
Ladies' Black Lisle Hose, double soles, high spliced heels 38c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 75c Pair
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, double soles, in heavy and medium weights, 25c, 38c and 50c Pair
Misses' Black Cotton Hose, double soles, 30c Pair
Misses' Black Lisle Hose, double soles, 38c and 50c Pair
Misses' White Cotton Hose 38c
Misses' White Lisle Hose 50c
Boys' Heavy Cotton Hose, double soles, 25c, 38c and 50c Pair
Boys' Heavy Cotton Hose, sizes 10, 10½ and 11 50c Pair
Left Aisle

OUR GREAT UNDERPRICE BASEMENT

OFFERS THE FOLLOWING BELOW MARKET VALUES IN COTTONS

Few stores in New England sell a greater yardage of Cotton Cloth, bleached and unbleached, than we. Our wholesale connections, with the manufacturers bring us in closer touch with mill prices than most stores. We're offering cottons today cheaper than you can find them elsewhere. Such prices as the following prove it.

BEST OF ALL COTTON—Two cases of Best of All Bleached Cotton, full pieces, 36 inches wide, good quality; 25c value 18c Yard
HARVEST HOME COTTON—100 pieces of Harvest Home Bleached Cotton, full pieces, 36 inches wide, nice and soft finish; 28c value, at 22c Yard
DALTON BLEACHED COTTON—2000 yards of Dalton Bleached Cotton, fine quality, natural finish, very good cotton for family use; 32c value, at 24c Yard
HILL COTTON—One case of Hill Bleached Cotton, 36 inches wide, very fine quality; 35c value, at 28c Yard
SILVERDALE COTTON—42 inches Silverdale Bleached Cotton, very good quality for pillow cases; 38c value, at 28c Yard
42 INCHES FRUIT COTTON—1000 yards of 42 inches wide Fruit of the Loom Cotton, very fine cotton for sheets and pillow cases; 45c value, at 35c Yard
8-4 SEAMLESS SHEETING—One case of 72 inches Bleached Seamless Sheeting, very good quality; 65c value, at 50c Yard
9-4 SEAMLESS SHEETING—One case of 9-4 81 inches Seamless Bleached Sheeting, full pieces, good fine quality; 70c value, at 59c Yard

UNBLEACHED COTTON

UNBLEACHED COTTON—One bale of 36 inches Unbleached Cotton, in large remnants, 25c value on the piece, at 18c Yard

40 INCH COTTON—One bale of Unbleached nice fine quality for sheets and pillow cases; 30c value, at 22c Yard
LOCKWOOD COTTON—Two bales of Lockwood Cotton, 36 inches wide, in large cotton; 32c value, at 24c Yard
RED WARRIOR COTTON—2000 yards of Red Warrior Cotton, 36 inches wide, good heavy cotton; 28c value, at 22c Yard
YARD STICK COTTON—One bale of Yard Stick Unbleached Cotton, full pieces, 36 inches wide, good and heavy cotton; 30c value, at 25c Yard
CONSTITUTION—One bale of Unbleached Constitution, 36 inch Cotton, full pieces; 32c value, at 26c Yard
CONSTITUTION 40 INCH—40 pieces of 40 inch Constitution Unbleached Cotton, good strong quality for sheets and pillow cases; 35c value, at 26c Yard
PEPPERELL 40 INCH COTTON—One bale of Pepperell 40 inch Unbleached Cotton, nice fine quality for general family use; 32c value, at 27c Yard
UNBLEACHED SEAMLESS SHEETING
About 2000 yards of Seamless Unbleached Sheeting, in full and half pieces—
8-4, 72 inches wide, at 55c Yard
9-4, 81 inches wide, at 62c Yard
10-4, 90 inches wide, at 65c Yard
11-4, 99 inches wide, at 70c Yard
—Basement—

BAN LIFTED IN BOSTON

Schools, Theatres, Etc., Re-open After Being Closed Because of Epidemic

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Normal conditions were resumed in this city today when schools, theatres, motion picture houses, dance halls, billiard and pool rooms, bowling alleys, saloons, soda fountains and other places of public assembly were allowed to reopen by local and state health officials. These places have been closed for two and three weeks because of the epidemic of influenza which claimed nearly 4000 deaths in Boston. Though a considerable number of deaths are still reported daily, health officials said that the danger of further spread of the disease in this locality did not warrant a continuance of regulations against public gatherings.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

CAN'T FIND DANDRUFF

Every bit of dandruff disappears after one or two applications of Danderrine rubbed well into the scalp with the finger tips. Get a small bottle of Danderrine at any drug store for a few cents and save your hair. After several applications you can't find a particle of dandruff or any falling hair, and the scalp will never itch.

BURN SOFT COAL

In your boiler or hot water heater.

There are no restrictions to quantity you can have for domestic use.

Immediate delivery.

HORNE COAL CO.

9 CENTRAL STREET.

PROMINENT MEN TALK ON CHARTER REFORM

Following publication of the first articles in the series on the subject of municipal charters, which took place last Thursday and which contained interesting interviews by County Commissioner Erson B. Barlow, former Mayor James B. Casey and Mr. Edward B. Carney, the well known banker, today The Sun prints interviews from a second group of men well informed on the subject of city charters and municipal government.

Frank E. Dunbar

Lawyer Frank E. Dunbar, Hildreth building.

"I am against the adoption of Plan C as a form of government for Lowell and I believe my reasons for being against this plan will be found to be self evidently sound.

"In the first place, this is not the proper time or occasion to have a change of government for our city under consideration. Our people, almost as a unit, are entirely taken up, with the great war and all the various activities that pertain to it. I think it will be found this is at present the universal rule among all classes of Lowell citizens.

"We have a condition in fact, where all of us, at least those who read the papers closely, find ourselves much more interested in certain foreign governments than we could possibly be in our own domestic government. At this time also we have thousands of our boys serving the United States government as fighters in the navy and in the army, in camps in this country, and in the war zone of Europe.

"It is not a fair proposition and I don't believe anyone will say it is, that a change of charter should be voted on or a change made, while these loyal and brave fighters of ours cannot possibly be here at home to vote on this question. It must be remembered that they are abroad attending to the nation's business. Sooner or later they have got to come back and live under the government we might vote into existence in their absence and many of them will not think it was a fair, square deal, to do this while they were away.

"There is always a tendency, I have observed, for the voter, when he goes to the polls to vote on a question like this, to vote 'yes,' on the theory and supposition that when he votes 'yes' he cannot go wrong and he is voting for his own best interests. Politicians often frame up and word questions of this nature so that a man voting 'no,' is in reality voting 'yes' if it is the 'yes' votes the politicians are after.

"I think the Lowell voter ought to take it to heart and hear it in mind, when he goes to the polls in November, to vote on this Plan C proposition, that the proposition is not right, its provisions and its substitution for what we now have, by way of government, do not constitute an improvement in any form. The voter in this case should remember that if he wishes to not only register his bounden duty by himself and his city, but also by the men who are courageously fighting a battle for every one of us in northern France, he ought to vote 'no' on the ballot and put this Plan C proposition in the discard where it properly belongs and from which it ought not to have been drawn at this very trying time in our private and public lives."

Larkin T. Trull

Larkin T. Trull, attorney, 311 Sun building.

"I see no advantage in having such a plan of government as Plan C take the place of the commission form of government we now have. I regard both as probably being poor kinds of government. Our mayor at the present time has no veto power and under Plan C he would not have the power of veto. What is the use of being mayor if one has no veto power?

"Plan B calls for the mayor to have the power of veto. I believe all possible efforts should be made to defeat the adoption of this Plan C proposition."

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da and the way to do it is for each citizen to vote no at the polls.

"One of our causes of trouble in our city affairs here (and this is true in other cities where they have a government similar to ours) is this. We vote for a board of government to consist of a mayor and four commissioners. Each voter, under the present system, when he marks his ballot for the candidate, goes far enough to assert that he believes and has perfect confidence, that the man he votes for is capable enough man so that he can take a place at the head of departments and as responsible as the police department, fire, finance, health and other departments. We know, if we will take time to admit it, that there is just as much call for an expert to direct such departments as would be the case if our city were owned by a mill corporation for whom we all worked and in whose houses we lived.

"This is one of the hopeful features of Plan B—that it contemplates the mayor have power to appoint men to head departments, subject to the approval of the municipal council. This is something that has a tendency to concentrate the authority and responsibility and puts it right up to the mayor to select capable, expert men if possible—to head the different departments.

"It seems to me, as I look back over the different administrations at city hall, that one thing which has hurt us as a city, which has hurt the city treasury and often times given us a poor and inefficient city government, has been the fact that most of our mayors and aldermen and councilmen and commissioners, have always acted with the thought constantly in their minds. 'Will this thing I am going to do, or this vote I am going to give, act favorably on my chances for re-election?' This has been the universal rule.

"Hardly any official, once in office, has felt satisfied to do the best he could for one term and then go back to his regular business. The rule has been in fact to perpetuate one's self in office and to do everything possible, make a machine and add all the wheels possible to it, for the sake of coming back to the office as long as possible. Our office holders have taken great credit to themselves and wanted a chance to continue as long as possible."

Jesse H. Shepard

Mr. Jesse H. Shepard, 376 Park View avenue, retired realtor.

"I believe my opinion of the present situation concerning changing the city's charter is to be found included in a recent report on this same subject which was submitted by a committee of the board of trade. This is not a good time to change our charter. We have been very badly off as regards the kind of men we have to represent us at city hall and we are very badly off in that respect at the present time.

"I have hope that in a comparatively few years our electorate in Lowell will improve in intelligence, increase its civic conscience and grow more shrewd. We should not forget what is to be a very great element in our home coming of our men who are fighting in the army and navy. These men are going to return to our midst ready to use their votes and their influence of better city government."

NEWS OF THE DAY IN

THE POLICE COURT

Six crap shooters were rounded up by the vice squad yesterday and this morning they were arraigned on a charge of being present at a game on the Lord's day. After all had entered a plea of guilty, a fine of \$5 was imposed. The young men were John H. Dawson, Louis Chekaski, Alphonse Lebeau, Daniel Champagne, Edward Murray and John Aubain.

Patrick J. Delmore was brought in on a complaint charging him with not complying with the work or light law in that he was idle 25 hours in one week, and inasmuch as the defendant expressed a desire to go to work, his case was continued until Oct. 28.

Daniel J. Barry and Ambrose P. Blundy, both of Quincy, came to this city Saturday and after indulging too freely in intoxicants, got into a little fist encounter. Patrolman E. J. Noyes happened along at that time and he attempted to place both under arrest, but Barry resisted and it took some time before both prisoners were lodged at the station. Barry was charged this morning on a charge of drunkenness and assault on an officer and he was given 30 days in jail. Blundy, who was charged with drunkenness got out of it with a \$10 fine.

Edouard Arenault was brought in on a complaint charging him with drunkenness and larceny of \$9 from John Arthur Landry. He admitted being drunk, but denied any knowledge of the larceny. After hearing that Arenault was innocent of the larceny charge and he ordered his discharge. The complaint for drunkenness was placed on file.

Joseph Byasick denied his guilt to a complaint charging him with receiving stolen goods and his case was continued until tomorrow. Melvin P. Boyd was called on continuance on a complaint charging him with assault and battery on John Dorgan, it being alleged that the defendant struck the complainant with his automobile. The case was put over until Thursday.

Cases of drunkenness were disposed of as follows: Patrick J. McDermott and Frank Truchon, \$10 each; Emma Landry, an old offender, who was on probation, got her former sentence revoked and she will spend the next two months at the Lowell jail. Chas. Farrar, suspended sentence of two months in jail.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

The county commissioners held their regular monthly meeting at the court house in Gorham street this morning. The three commissioners were present, but there being no business to transact they adjourned to Cambridge.

Roller skates are used to save time by women messengers in the arsenal at Rock Island.

CRESCENT A. A.

Regular Meeting Next

Friday Evening

The Bon Marche

Regular Meeting Next

Friday Evening

The Bon Marche

Regular Meeting Next

Friday Evening

"THE LIBERATION LOAN"

Yankees Help Paris Celebrate

Opening of New Loan—

First Fete Day for 4 Years

PARIS, Oct. 21.—With enthusiasm unabated by a pouring rain, Paris yesterday celebrated the liberation of French towns from the enemy and the opening of a campaign for the new French loan. American troops with the flag of the 301st Infantry headed a parade of allied soldiers through the streets.

A subscription booth for the loan has been placed inside the pedestal of the statue of the city of Lille in the Place de la Concorde. The statue is covered with wreaths and bouquets of flowers.

Yesterday was the first fete day that Paris has observed since the war began. On account of recent events on the front the loan has been christened "The Liberation Loan."

It was planned to bring to Paris the thousands of young recruits of the class of 1920, but the danger from Spanish influenza compelled the authorities to change their plans.

More than 1500 captured cannon line the thoroughfares from the Alexander III bridge to the Place de la Concorde. The place is filled with Gothic and other airplanes. Captured German tanks face the entrance to the Tuilleries gardens.

Countless thousands huddled under umbrellas gathered in the Place de la Concorde, which resembled a miniature lake. As the people patiently awaited the beginning of the speeches, exchanging bantering, witty remarks, a tall, distinguished looking white-haired man was seen forcing his way toward the stand. A policeman halted him.

"I am the mayor of Lille," said the man simply. It was M. Delasalle, who had arrived unheralded. He received such an ovation as never was witnessed before.

"It will remain in my memory until the end of my days," said the mayor afterward. "It is sufficient to erase from my mind four years of nightmare and servitude."

The mayor of Rheims in greeting M. Delasalle said: "We have suffered for France, long live France!"

M. Delasalle made a short speech. His voice, enfeebled by four years of suffering, barely carried beyond those standing near him, but people further away took their cue from the cheering of those close to the speaker. The address was interrupted continually by the affectionate expressions and cheers of the crowd.

"For four years we asked one another, 'Shall it be tomorrow?' said M. Delasalle. 'That tomorrow came Thursday. I was awakened during the night by a sergeant, who presented a requisition slip for 2000 suits of underwear. When I reached the streets the Germans had gone without that particular underwear."

Mayor Delasalle was the bearer of more than 10,000 letters sent by the long-suffering citizens of Lille to relatives and friends.

FOR BIG PORT AT BOSTON

Plans for Extensive Development of Harbor for After-war Commerce

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Plans for extensive development of Boston harbor which will so expand the facilities of the port as to place it in a position to compete with the great ports of the world for after-the-war commerce were announced yesterday by the state waterways and public lands commission. The proposed improvements include the filling in of extensive shoal areas and the extension of railroads into these filled areas, extending from the state-owned pier in East Boston to a length of 700 or 800 feet and equipping it with the most modern facilities, deepening the channels and improvement of rivers entering the harbor, and consideration of a two or four-track tunnel under the harbor to connect East Boston and South Boston.

ESTABLISH OFFICERS' TRAINING SCHOOL

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Establishment of an Infantry Officers' Training school at Camp Fremont, Cal., for enlisted men and civilians, to open Dec. 1, was announced today by the war department. Graduates will be commissioned second lieutenants. Those eligible are draft registrants between 18 and 46 who are physically qualified for general military service, except registrants in Class 1, who registered prior to Sept. 12 and registrants in deferred classification on account of occupation, industry or agricultural employment. A high school education or its equivalent is essential.

Women office workers in Oregon receive a minimum wage of \$40 per month.

Released for This Afternoon

The names on this list have no names of Lowell fighters included under any classification:

Killed in Action

Ser. Hunley Waters, Boston, Mass.

Cor. Edward Gamahe, 10 Jackson av., Wrentham, Mass.

Pr. J. J. Pohl, Jr., East Dedham st., Boston, Mass.

Pr. Thomas Karem, 12 Oliver pl., Boston, Mass.

Pr. Joseph C. Samataro, 27 Summer st., Lawrence, Mass.

Missing in Action

Pr. Amle J. Dion, Harrisville, N. H.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined)

Pr. John Burak, 126 Cleveland st., New

NEW ENGLAND NAMES

ON THE CASUALTY LIST

The reader will notice this list contains the name of Arthur Bickley, 179 Suffolk street, Lowell. In this list he is reported as wounded severely. Curiously enough last week he was reported killed in action. When his name first appeared he was reported missing in action. This makes three times his name has appeared in the casualty list. In this list today there is also the name of the other Lowell man given, Victor Marzac, severely wounded; Pr. B. Capiga, Yanic, Conn.

Killed in Action

Pr. J. R. Coutu, 285 Park pl., Woonsocket, R. I.

Pr. E. D. Rushing, Marion, Mass.

Pr. E. E. O'Brien, 191 Hollis st., Nashua, N. H.

Pr. M. A. L'Esperance, 191 Euclid st., Boston, Mass.

Missing in Action

Pr. G. W. Hinman, 193 Russell st., Worcester, Mass.

Pr. W. H. Heinrichs, Ford building, Boston, Mass.

Pr. R. P. Hobbick, Milham rd., Marlborough, Mass.

Pr. G. M. Leary, 92 Talbot av., Dorchester, Mass.

Pr. J. Levesque, 59 Concord st., Lawrence, Mass.

Pr. E. E. Maloney, 61 Court st., Middlebury, Vt.

Pr. H. E. Marshall, 192 Quincy st., Dorchester, Mass.

Pr. G. W. Wilson, Newport, Vt.

Pr. J. A. Prampa, 513 Washington st., New Britain, Conn.

Pr. W. E. Yapp, Goldsmith st., Littleton, Mass.

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Pr. G. W. Wilson, Newport, Vt.

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Clothes washed with

VANS NORUB

are Sanitary, Sweet-smelling and

CLEAN

Unequaled for BABY'S Clothes

Makes the Clothes Last Longer

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

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THEY WANT A SILENT CAMPAIGN

The republican state committee and the principal republican candidates, Lieutenant Governor Coolidge, Senator Weeks and Channing H. Cox, have decided to abandon the idea of holding public mass meetings throughout the state in the interests of their ticket. They announce that their original plans called for mass meetings to be held at night in the principal cities of the state; but they now allege that owing to the influenza epidemic, these meetings have been called off.

We are not ready to accept the announced reason for abandoning these meetings as a candid rate. There is more than the influenza epidemic in the way. In point of fact the republicans are bankrupt on political issues and their only platform in this campaign is that they want the offices. Any candid discussion of political issues or of republican policies at the present time would be detrimental to the republican candidates.

There is no disposition on the part of democrats to stir up bitter partisan strife in this election. That would be injurious to the nation, for the reason that all the people should be thoroughly united in support of President Wilson and his administration in conducting the war to a final triumph. He is in a great measure the spokesman of the allied powers and as the Manchester, (England), Guardian has said of Wilson's reply to Germany: "The president's words are worthy of a great man, speaking on one of the very greatest of occasions. To our mind, they meet in every way alike in what they say and in the manner of saying it, the needs of the momentous hour. There was much need of such a man, and it will be to the lasting glory of American institutions to have produced and placed him in high power."

That is the foreign idea of President Wilson expressed by one of the leading journals of Europe and in that opinion practically all the leading newspapers, not only of England but of France and other allied nations, are in full accord. It would, therefore, be very strange, indeed, if the American people should not be united in support of the president and his policies.

It is a fact, however, that certain republican politicians aided occasionally by a few disgruntled democrats, have kept up a continual fire of criticism against President Wilson at every step in the conduct of the war. At first, the early stages of progress were scoffed at by republican senators and congressmen as if the country were doomed to utter failure, resulting from incompetency and mismanagement of the very worst kind. It was assumed, as usual, that anything left to the democratic party would be mismanaged. Hence the critics anticipated failure. They did not wait for results. Secretary Daniels of the navy department was a joke; Secretary Baker was a light-weight socialist and pacifist, wholly unfitted for the position of secretary of war, and the fact that he was chosen for such an important position was proof of President Wilson's incapacity to choose proper men for public office. Such were the republican assumptions.

When Secretary Baker told an investigating committee of the United States senate that by July he would have 500,000 men in France, he was laughed to scorn and Senator Weeks accused him of attempting to lull the country to sleep. But when the time came instead of half a million men in France, he had 750,000 there. Then the critics were confounded. No longer did even the most supercilious of them sneer at Baker and predict a failure that would humiliate the nation. Our navy was found in readiness to go out and fight the German raiders and submarines when the country entered the war. But the war department was wholly unprepared. Secretary Baker had to begin at the bottom and train and organize a vast army. With a speed that had never been equaled either in this country or elsewhere, camps were erected and millions of men called to the colors.

The achievement in this line has astonished the world with the result that the American army stopped the Germans at the second battle of the Marne, and but for their presence there, the Huns might have reached Paris. Our ships at sea have rendered valuable aid in checking the submarine warfare and securing the safe transport of troops across the Atlantic. Already we have 2,000,000 men at the various battlefronts and through the aid rendered by the United States on land and sea, the huns are begging for peace.

There is no longer any opportunity to criticize the administration at Washington for its achievements in the war. The latter have put the United States in a position higher and more commanding than even the most rabid critics of the administration dreamed of as possible.

All this explains why the republicans are now favoring a policy of silence. That is the policy best suited to men who have nothing to say that would benefit their cause. But the needs of the hour must be explained. Their policy is intended to force the democratic candidates into silence, as well as themselves. They will keep silent around election time in this

state, where there is a reputed republican majority, but we believe that all classes of citizens regardless of party, are a unit today in upholding President Wilson in the winning of the war. It is but right that the candidates for office of whose loyalty to the administration there can be no doubt, should be sustained at the polls, as an endorsement to the administration of the president.

The republican candidates who now favor a policy of silence will soon change their attitude if elected. They would then take up the role of criticism and stand by Lodge and Weeks and Brandegee and Sherman of Illinois in assailing President Wilson and everything that comes under the name of democracy.

Despite what the republican state committee may say, there are issues involved in the coming elections which should be discussed in public, without descending to offensive partisanship and without causing political turmoil calculated to injure the national unity now so essential in promoting the war. It must be strongly urged upon the voters that there is great need of placing Americanism above partisanship and of uniting to insure the election of senators and congressmen who will loyally support President Wilson in the prosecution of the war, and who are in full sympathy and accord with his policies, both in peace and in war.

THE INFLUENZA

The board of health does not find that there is such a decline in the number of influenza cases as would justify lifting the ban on public meetings. It appears, however, that there is an improvement and much of it is due undoubtedly to the splendid work done by the various relief agencies that have been at work throughout the city. It was actually astonishing to learn how many families had been found in a state of prostration without anybody to bring them relief or assist them in any way. The Lowell Guild and its associated nurses, the Association of Catholic Women, the school teachers, the sisters of the parochial schools, the Social Service League and all the other agencies that assisted in the work, deserve credit for what they have accomplished in the relief of suffering and the saving of lives.

Inasmuch as the epidemic has not disappeared, it is important that families now suffering from influenza or those who are convalescent, should have their homes heated. The difficulty which poor families experience in getting sufficient coal to heat their homes is in many cases very discouraging. This is a matter on which many families need assistance. Many of them who have the money to pay for the coal cannot get it delivered on account of the amount of red tape at present connected with the business.

LIBERTY LOAN TRIUMPH

Lowell has again maintained her record of patriotism in putting the Fourth Liberty loan over the top in grand style. At one point in the campaign it looked as if we might fall behind, but the spirited rally on Friday and Saturday, not only completed the quota, but ran far beyond. What is true of Lowell we expect to be true of the entire country. There is no longer any question as to the enthusiasm of the people in support of the government in prosecuting the war to a glorious triumph. The precipitate flight of the Huns and the manner in which President Wilson has handled Germany in a diplomatic way, has been the most inspiring chapter of the entire war. No longer is there any doubt as to the outcome. The question now is how soon will Germany throw up her hands and shout "Kamerad." That is the only way in which she can end the war before the allies enter Berlin.

Curiously enough and as a matter of much interest and some amusement to both men and women, the state law of Nebraska has come into open conflict with what one Nebraska pastor says is the law of the bible on a certain subject. ("The certain subject," concerning which Rev. W. B. Longpre wrote to Gov. Neville was whether it was against the laws of Nebraska for women engaged in war work to wear male apparel. Rev. Longpre opined it was his understanding that the bible was "agin" women wearing men's clothing.) Gov. Neville asked his attorney general for an opinion and the legal light said he believed any woman wearing men's clothing while doing war work was within the law.

We are inclined to regard the interned German prisoners at Camp Devens as probably being a little less thick skinned than we customarily credit Huns with. When it was explained to them last Friday that the Fighting Fourth Liberty loan was nearing its end and they were asked if they wished to invest in a going concern and one that was going toward Berlin very fast, they dug down to the extent of raising a \$5 bill each which in the aggregate was used to buy a \$500 Liberty bond. This ought to shame some of the supposed Americans who refused to "buy until it hurts."

The scriptures say there is no place in heaven for a man who loveth money above his fellow men. We have that kind of a man in mind when we think of the fellow who refused last week to buy a bond and inside his heart he knew he was thinking that he need not dig down because peace, and undoubtedly security, was on its way. When the Hun was travelling toward Paris this chap loosened up although tears came in his eyes. We imagine him getting in a dark closet and praying: "Each one for himself and me for myself most of all, if possible."

Down in Lynn they think they have thought up something rather neat, and for Lynn, a shoe making town, it is. Lynnians want the slogan of "Shun early and buy shoes," adopted. Shop hurries on to remind all persons who had previously contemplated resolving and patching of the old faithful buskins, that it is the height of benevolence to turn in one's old shoes for the shoeless masses of Belgium. And so it is, but Lynn doesn't go far enough with the slogan. Where will the people get money to buy new shoes at the prevailing prices?

We all know that besides Milwaukee, St. Louis used to shyly admit that the beer she produced had a tendency to make its drinkers admire her and was one of the things to help make her famous. Yet that was before we learned how well we could apparently get on minus malted juices. St. Louis, however, now comes forward with what is a substantial claim of the best sort for fame. On Friday night her Liberty loan district reached the top with 100 per cent of her quota of \$260,581,200 reached.

We ought to give the motor truck credit for the importance it deserves as a possible competitor of freight transportation. A firm at Lakeview, Ore., brought a shipment of 5000 pounds of sugar from Sacramento, Cal., in three days at a cost less than what railroads would have charged. Added to this is the significant fact that when a 5000 pound sugar consignment was placed on the cars at Sacramento for this same firm, it did not reach Lakeview until 16 days afterward. Fast freight!

There is none of us unconvinced that there is any limit to Germany's gall. A droll event figuring among the latest examples was her protest, through Switzerland because A. Mitchell Palmer, custodian of property owned by enemy aliens, is about to sell some \$300,000,000 worth of it he has discovered in this country. Only \$14,000,000 worth of property was owned by Americans in Germany. It is to be expected Germany may yelp as much as she pleases but Palmer will sell the property just the same.

Any one who has been in the habit of allowing himself to be led off on some "wild goose chase," may have more or less interest in the item from California to the effect that a new species of wild goose has been found in that well advertised state. It has a white front, perhaps Tuxedo effect, and its scientific name is anser albifrons. It may furnish one more kind of an alibi that you were induced to start off in pursuit of anser albifrons.

Some of us admire Douglas Fairbanks, the movie star, for his peculiar and original style of motion picture acting or acrobatics, and then again, some of us do not. But we have to hand it to Doug and all of us should be willing to give him all possible credit for being patriotically acrobatic enough to separate New Yorkers from \$5,000,000 which they used to buy Liberty bonds.

This little "pome" lifted from the Lynn Item struck us as a pretty Potsdam good "pome" to send on further:

There was a bad man of Potsdam,
Who spied "What a big thing I am,
I'm first partner with Gott,
I can lick the whole lot,"
But he ran when he met Uncle Sam.

SEEN AND HEARD

Hurray! Flu has closed the city jails—but, aw! shucks!—only to visitors!

Thanksgiving gloom: "Turkey shortage serious." Still, we may be thankful that there's a serious shortage in Turkey.

Fargo, North Dakota, has a "Shocking club," of which it is related that the girls out-shock the men! There are no excursion rates to Fargo; anyway, all they shock is wheat and corn!

Movie films are being delivered by airplane mail; and it isn't a metropolitan theatre that pulled this stunt. The story comes from a town we never heard of. Hats off to Ricksville, Ohio!

The Modern Grandma
It has just about gotten so in this country that grandma is so busy knitting she doesn't have time to shell the peas for dinner.—Galveston News.

A Great Loss
"Ah, what a loss I have suffered in the death of my mother-in-law!"
"She meant a great deal to you?"
"Yes; she was a vegetarian and gave us her meat card."—Le Pele Mele.

Seemed Like a Command
"Give your commands more clearly," said the colonel to the young lieutenant.
"Yes, sir."
"The other day one of your officers cleared his throat and the entire company about faced."—Detroit Free Press.

Planning Everybody
"That lecturer is very popular. He said the colonel to the young lieutenant."
"Yes, sir."
"The other day one of your officers cleared his throat and the entire company about faced."—Detroit Free Press.

INFLUENZA—LA GRIPPE
The present influenza is now known to be our old familiar ja grippie. Foley's Honey and Tar is just what every sufferer from influenza or la grippie needs now. It covers the rough inflamed throat with a soothing healing coating, clears away the mucus, stops the tickling and coughing, eases the tightness and heavy breathing, day and night, keeps Foley's Honey and Tar handy. It gives ease, warmth and comfort from the very first dose. Buy it now. Burkinshaw Drug Co., 418 Middlesex St., Moody's, 301 Central St.

gives it to the saints and the sinners alike."
"Well?"
"And that seems to make a hit with both classes."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

His Temptation
"Everybody's economizin'," complained Meandering Mike.
"Yes," rejoined Plodding Pete. "Sometimes I'm wonderin' whether de meal ticket that goes wit' a jail sentence isn't worth very serious consideration."—Washington Star.

An Excusable Theory
"The ancients thought the world was flat."
"Well, no wonder. They had no calendars, no bridge, no cigars, no show girls, no moving pictures, no Kaiser Bill. It must have been in those days."—Boston Transcript.

Was Sure of It
Tommy—"Smokin' Cigaretts hurts ya. Pop told me so."
Jimmy—"Aw, he was jest stringin' ya."

Tommy—"No, he wasn't stringin' me, either; he was strappin' me. That's how I know it hurts."—Boston Transcript.

Finding His Level
Said the fond father: "I know my son is rather slow, but in the two years that you have had charge of his education he must have developed a tendency in some direction or other. What occupation do you suggest as a possible outlet for his energies, such as this arc?"
"Well," answered the tutor, "I think he is admirably fitted for taking moving pictures of a glacier."—Stray Stories.

A Genuine Optimist
"I met a real optimist the other day," said the war hospital surgeon, "a fellow to whom I certainly owe my hat. He had lost a leg and when they picked him up the first thing he said was: 'Thank God it was the leg with the rheumatism!'"

Mourning His Mules
A mule skinner from Alabama was brought into a dressing station. His mule wagon had been blown up by a German shell and he had three grave wounds.
"How do you feel?" the doctor asked.
"Mighty bad," said the mule skinner. Then he added, sadly:
"But not because of my wound, doc. You got me wrong. You see, I was goin' on up front with my four old mules and a wagon load of death for those damned Huns when a big 'un plumped right in front of us—and it killed all my mules; I feel mighty bad about them animals gettin' bumped off so quick!"

The Prayer
Dear God, I do not plead or pray To hold me in the sheltered way,
Shielded of mind and heart,
That ask too much of even Thee,
That asks too slight a task on me,
That shirks my rightful part.

If I be saved from sin and woe,
From sins that scorch, from winds that blow,
By tenderness of Thee, my hands unscarred,
What merit is to me?

Dear God, I only ask the right To battle forward toward the light,
The right to stand—or fall—
Set me between the false and true;
Mine be the choosing which I do,
Mine be the burden, all.

Shield me not even from the wrong,
Dear God, else how shall I be strong?
Yea, if I have not self-control
Over the sinews of my soul,
Better Thou lettest me die!
—Edmund Vance Cooke.

Best of All Aspects
"God Almighty hates a quitter!" said Tom Reed of Maine. The nation reared applause from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the lakes to the Gulf for the virile vigor of this rough expression of manhood. The sentiment is one of perennial value.

But what makes the man who does

not know when he is defeated and fights to the finish, be that his or his opponents? It is not character; and is not character at bottom only the moral equivalent of stalwart backbone?

The quitter falls and falls because he lacks the force of character, the strength of will, which sees possibilities beyond capacities and regards obstacles as opportunities, discouragement as incentives. The fight which is worth attempting at all is the fight which deserves to be fought through. "It's dogged as does it," as when Heenan said to Sayers, "Now, Tummy lad, 'tis thou or I!" and won the last round and the match.

There was character. It may not have been ideal character. It certainly was not character in its highest expression. But it was the sum of the man's whole personality. All the power of him, all the pluck and punch of invincible determination, went into the winning of his fight. The bulldog shows the same strength of will when he lets himself be choked or cut to pieces rather than let go his grip on the other dog's jugular.

It is this readiness to be killed, if need be, if one cannot bear one's adversary, which wins the battle of life for man and the wars of nations for their existence. Such a readiness is a form of character and the product, whether aware or unaware, of a fight to achieve character. It is the reaction of the spirit to the long working of life and circumstances upon the raw and plastic ore of human nature. Make money, then, and do so honorably. Get understanding—for the sake of social service as well as your own growth. Win power over men through right methods of approach and appeal. But with all your getting and gains achieve character above all.

Nothing can take the place of character. It knows no substitute. Cleverness, cunning and shrewdness are paper money. Character is the gold which alone gives them value. Pierpont Morgan rated character above collateral as security for loans and credit. Character is the best of all assets.—Spokane Spokesman-Review.

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN

Well, today when "living-away-from-home" folks sat down to the restaurant table for dinner, it seemed rather more like serving the meal as it used to be served when enjoying the blessings of the "family table." The national food administration has issued a new order to the effect that meals in restaurants, hotels and boarding houses shall, commencing today and hereafter until revocation of the order, be served according to what is to be called "simplified service." Today we found it meant that one's meat and potato and whatever vegetables the restaurant keeper's generosity allowed him to "throw in," was served all on one plate. Few people will kick at this. It seems like a sensible rule. Having one's vegetables come in two or three little dishes remind one of the dishes that used to be put in bird cages as bath tubs. For a long time I have believed that the vegetables and the meat might just as well be served on one plate for the felines mix up in a way to do no harm but on the contrary probably add to the savor of the dish.

Well, last Saturday I was able to keep my word and I bought a Liberty bond. Bright and early in the morning Ralph Trevis, a tenderfoot member of Troop 6 showed up in The Sun's city room and got out his stubby pencil and subscription blanks and announced he was ready to sign up all prospective purchasers for bonds in the Fighting Fourth loan. I came near forgetting to record that Ralph Trevis, the Boy Scout, when he was in here Saturday morning, was able to sign up about the only man in the editorial department and composing room who had not already invested in the Fourth Liberty loan.

The war work headquarters' already very complete equipment of war records, indices, etc., has been augmented by a map of the battlefront,



THESE are times when people are changing their mode of life and forming new habits.

THEY are good times to form the habit of wearing better clothes—better because they last longer and look quality—even when they get old. And they work out every dollar that you put into them. Such clothes are

Society Brand Clothes

known and worn in five countries and our store is the one place in our city where this fine clothing is sold, the store that is called

STYLE HEADQUARTERS

Where Society Brand Clothes are sold

YOU'LL recognize something agreeably different the moment you lay eyes on these styles.

That's why we distribute them, because they win trade.

SUITS\$37.50 to \$47.50

OVERCOATS\$30.00 to \$65.00

Other fine Suits and Overcoats, \$20 and up to \$35

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET

brought up to date. The map is a large-sized one and is framed. It is the gift of a local sign-painting firm and has been placed in one of the windows of the war headquarters. A red string shows the battle line as it stands now and this will be changed each day as despatches indicate allied advances. I understand that the firm which has donated this map has placed a number of similar ones around town and the idea is an excellent one as it enables the general public to follow what is going on "over there" in an intelligent fashion.

Attorney Dan Donahue tells a story of interest to his brother attorneys as well as to all other people who have either had some court experience or who may have such at any time. Squire Dan says he was retained as counsel by the plaintiff in an assault case which took place on the public streets in the day time. It was a case of two men coming together and making an earnest effort to beat each other up. Preliminary to getting ready for trial Mr. Donahue asked his client who he had for witnesses to support his side of the case in court. If, in other words, there were persons present who saw the fight, his client told him that strange as it might seem, they enjoyed their scrap all alone, with no "gallery" and he did not believe a person knew about the fight from having seen it. The day of trial arrived. Lawyer Donahue and his client, particularly his client, were surprised to see the defendant appear in court supported and ready to have his case bolstered up by 10 witnesses. Donahue's client hurriedly exhorted him to have the case continued until the next day. Donahue was able to do this. The next day, before time for court to convene, the plaintiff and his entourage took up nearly all the room in the Donahue law offices for he appeared with 15 witnesses who were prepared to testify in his favor, all having been spectators of the fight at close range.

Edward L. Murphy connected with the internal revenue service of the United States treasury did a good turn for our government last week. Mr. Murphy's headquarters are in Boston but he had to come to Lowell on special business connected with his work. He found on investigation that some Lowell liquor dealers had unintentionally been overcharged in the amount of license money they have to pay to the internal revenue service for the privilege of conducting their business. A refund in many cases was in order and Mr. Murphy visited Lowell for the purpose of making the cash refund to the liquor dealers to whom it was due. He suggested in every instance where he called on the dealer and offered the cash refund that, coming as it did unexpectedly and almost as a Christmas gift, the dealer use the money to buy a Liberty bond. Mr. Murphy tells that in every instance the dealer was patriotic enough to do this. Therefore Lowell's Fighting Fourth Liberty loan quota had \$1200 worth of subscriptions unexpectedly added to it from this source.

\$25,000 LOSS BY FIRE

18 Families Living in Brighton Apartment Were Driven Out in Night Clothes

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Eighteen families living in an apartment house in the Brighton district were driven to the street in their night clothes early today, by a fire which severely damaged the building, causing a loss estimated at \$25,000. Dense smoke filled the building and some of the tenants had difficulty in escaping.

Woollen sandals and linen footwear being sold in Duisburg, Germany, in lieu of leather shoes and boots.

FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

Women Praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for Health Restored.

In almost every neighborhood in America are women who have tried this standard remedy for female ills and know its worth.

At Lowell, Mass.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me a world of good. I suffered from a weakness and a great deal of pain every month and nothing brought me any relief until I tried this famous medicine. I am a different woman since I took it and want others who suffer to know about it."—Mrs. ARTHUR LAWSON, 559 Cottage St., Athol, Mass.

San Francisco, Cal.—"I was in a very weak nervous condition, having suffered terribly from a female trouble for over five years. I had taken all kinds of medicine and had many different doctors and they all said I would have to be operated on, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me entirely and now I am a strong well woman."—Mrs. H. ROSSKAM, 1447 Divisadero St., San Francisco, Cal.

The letters constantly being published from women in every section of this country prove beyond question the merit of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

7-20-4
Factory output two hundred thousand daily and largest selling brand of 100 Cigars in the world. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

When Your Patient Can't Eat

Don't despair. You can safely give to any one suffering with grippe a dish of that pure, nourishing Jersey Ice Cream. Take home today one or two.

JERSEY TRIPL-SEAL BRICKS

As a delicious dessert for your table or for the sick room there is nothing quite as good.

And it is as pure as it is delicious. Jersey Ice Cream is clarified and pasteurized before freezing. It is a food, absolutely free from germs or infection.

Protected by three hygienic wrappings, it reaches your table or sick room 100% pure, contamination of any kind is made impossible.

Jersey Ice Cream, the pure food, the safe food, in Tripl-Seal Bricks, can be had at the following dealers.



These stores have it:

LOWELL

James J. Brown, 391 Broadway.

P. N. Brunelle Pharmacy, 33 East Merrimack St.

J. H. Coyle 298 Fayette St.

J. P. Cooney, 6 Davis St.

Dows' Drug Store, Bridge St.

Dows' Drug Store, Merrimack St.

W. H. Noonan, 305 Bridge St.

Opera House Pharmacy, Central St.

Pawtucket Pharmacy, 726 Moody St.

D. B. Smith Co., 46 Stevens St.

A. Thomasson, 537 Central St.

R. F. Webster, 401 Bridge St.

H. Willis, Chelmsford St.

Walter Jackson, 810 Central St.

JERSEY ICE CREAM

CHINESE RESTAURANT
CHUN LEE CO. - Chon Suay - Am

Res. phone 5042-M; shop, 1316.

CHIMNEY EXPERTS

**LEMPICK CO.—Chimneys Swept and
repaired. Residence, 1125 Bridge st. Tel.**

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**T.E. MARL, D.M.D., 508 Sun bldg. Hrs.
9 to 12:15, 5 Mon-Fri sat eves. Tel 5639.**

ELECTRIC SUPPLIES.

**ELECTRIC SHOP, 62 Central street.
Reduced prices. All Electric fixtures,
\$8.30; \$2.00 Electric irons, \$4.15. Buy
now. Tel. 1317-Y.**

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**PARSONS, 394 SUN BUILDING—
Insurance of all kinds.**

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**CHAS. F. METCALLE, 271 Gorham st.
Eyes carefully examined and properly
fitted without use of drugs. Lenses
matched from broken pieces. Repairing
promptly done.**

PIANO TUNERS

**J. KERSHAW, pianos and organs
tuned and repaired on Humphrey st.
Tel. 974-M.**

ROGERS
ROGERS - J. Burns & Son, slate
roofers, etc. etc. required. Tel. 322-W.
168 Concord st. Tel. 1281-W. 97 Hoyt
ave.

STOVE REPAIRS
QUINN STOVE REPAIR CO., 119
Gorham st. carries in stock, stoves,
grates, water fronts and other parts
to fit all stoves and ranges. Work
promptly attended to. Tel. 4170.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE
5-ROOM HOUSE for sale; large bath-
room, open plumbing, large closets and
pantries, finished third floor; gas
heat, electric refrigerator, heat, new
holter last winter; convenient to three
street car lines. All American neigh-
borhood on Highlands. Price on applica-
tion. Box 1232, Boston.

4-TENEMENT HOUSE for sale some-
where between depot and postoffice;
good condition; rents \$700 a year, is
year cash. Bargain price, \$4000; \$5500
bldg. 147 Central st., 215 Bradley
bldg., 147 Central st.

HOUSE, modern two tenement, Central
bargain; 5 rooms each, all hard-
wood floors, electric lights, gas, steam
heat, open plumbing, cement cellar,
2 verandas. \$900 for lot and this
property is a dandy for the price,
\$4800. D. F. Leary, 7 Hildreth bldg.

7-ROOM COTTAGE for sale, near
Central depot. Steam heat, steam
heat, hot and cold water, cement cell-
ar, large yard. Price \$3200. D. F.

COTTAGE HOUSE with large yard, in dandy repair, near Lincoln st. for sale. Stop paying rent. Buy this one quick. Price \$1360. D. F. Leary. Hildreth Bldg.

TWO TENEMENT HOUSES for sale; Christian st, Centralville; 7 rooms up, 3 down; all hardwood floors; 1/2 acre land. This is worth looking at. Price \$1200.00. Call 2-1234.

\$2300. S. B. Crosby, 116 Central st.

COTTAGE HOUSE for sale, 6 rooms, good collect, good repair, 3000 sq. ft. land. Low price, \$1500. Call 5-2200. S. B. Crosby, 116 Central st.

LOST AND FOUND

CARDCASE lost containing Boston & Maine pass, a Hibernian dub book, registration cards, a sum of money and a number of other articles. Please return to T. S. Bassett at or call Tel. 5432-AL, or 92 Holyrood ave.

STRAY BROWN DOG found on Holyrood ave. collar and lock, initials of plate not legible, may be "E. W." Call 92 Holyrood ave. or telephone 3602-W.

AMERICAN SOLDIER returning from overseas, would like to meet his wife. Under please return to this office.

IRISH TERRIER PUP lost. Return to 15 Astor st. Reward.

FOR SALE

FAMILY DRIVING MARE, dark brown, ten years old, weight 1100 lbs. for sale cheap. Reason for selling: have been drafted. Inquire at 124 Highland st. after 5:30 o'clock in the evening. Tel. 5711-W.

DINING TABLE, quartered oak, fox sale; also chairs cheap for cash. 747 Merrimack st.

RAILEY UPRIGHT PIANO for sale only \$125. 747 Merrimack st.

SERVICE FLAG PINS, army and navy, 1000 button buttons of all kinds cheap. Robert Lawson, 173 Chapel st.

7-PASSENGER CAR, Hudson, 1914, for sale; with electric lights and self starter; Welch system; six good condition. Will demonstrate. Call at Lincoln st.

PIANO for sale. Square Kranich & Bach; excellent sounder. Price reasonable. 680 Washington st.

EDISON HOME PHONOGRAPH, and
136 Records, all in good condition, for
sale. Will sell cheap. Call at once
1051 Lakeview ave.

WE HAVE A PIANO 1931 returned by a customer to our district. We have put a price on it equal to the balance due on the lease—less than half its real value. Well known make, mahogany upright with the chair and lamp. The price is very low. The arrangement will be made to suit buyer and will be very low if desired. B-11, Sun Office.

ART SQUARE, 9 by 12, library, table, writing desk, double bed couch, folding card table, refrigerator, rice cooker, electric gas range, ironing board and other household goods for sale, also four tons of coke. Tel. 1451-J.

PIANO, high grade upright, for sale at 100nsell's, 704 Bridge St. Tel.

STUDEBAKER DELIVERY CAR

panel body, self-starter, electric light.
for sale. Good running condition. Ap-
ply 153 School st.

SPECIAL NOTICE

MADAM MAY—If in trouble over love, marriage and business, 33 John st., room 3.

HUGH McGROGAN, 14 Church st., piano and furniture moving, also dealer in new and second-hand furniture. Tel. 3622-W.

SAFETY RAZOR BLADES—Wholesale and retail. Butler Drug Co., Middlesex st. Carr's cigar store Central st.; Noonan Drug Co. Bridge st.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS of all kinds exchanged, also all kinds of musical boxes, gramophones, violins, talking machines. William Angostinos, 641 Merrimack st.

FURNITURE thoroughly repaired by
E. J. Jackson, 101 States St., Lowell.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Division				Portland Division			
To Boston		Fr. Boston		To Boston		Fr. Boston	
Lvs.	Ans.	Lvs.	Ans.	Lvs.	Ans.	Lvs.	Ans.
1.30	6.40	5.4	3.37	1.38	7.38	26.35	1.3
6.23	7.26	6.06	7.12	10.58	12.03	6.45	1.3
6.45	7.39	7.33	8.28	5.14pm	6.40	4.25	1.3

66.20	7.53	n8.21	9.37	7.12	8.25	3.14	6.21
8.57	5.99	9.00	9.41	9.50	11.01	6.55	8.51
7.1	5.16	9.30	10.11			7.09	8.1
7.56	8.37	12.30	1.13				
9.01	2.42	h1.03	1.58	Sunday Trains			
2.60	10.15	2.15	3.15	Portland Division			

[illegible]

MISS BARRINGTON DEAD

Lowell Guild Superintendent Passes Away at Her Home in Andover

Hundreds of families in Lowell intimately knowing Miss Rachel Barrington, superintendent of the Lowell Guild, through her kindly ministrations to their members in cases of sickness, as well as the thousands of citizens at large, will sincerely mourn her death which occurred Saturday evening at her home in Andover.

Miss Barrington was a victim of influenza. When the severe effects of this disease were seen in this city, at the very start Miss Barrington, at the head of her devoted nurses of Lowell Guild, plunged immediately into the work of aiding the unfortunate persons afflicted. Although in charge of the nurses and in a position to shield herself possibly if she desired to, she was willing to go and did go to every place where the nurses went and many times first, devotedly exposing herself to the possibility of contracting the disease.

Miss Barrington came to Lowell in the spring of 1916 to carry on nursing in connection with the work of trying to fight tuberculosis. When this work was assumed by Lowell Guild she became director of all the nurses carrying on the work of the guild as well as of the nurses used in anti-tuberculosis work. Miss Barrington's skill as a nurse coupled with her executive ability was the object of so much admiration on the part of those who knew her that nothing could increase it except knowledge that she faced the possibility of giving up her own life for the suffering of the sick unflinchingly and unhesitatingly, and this fact, now realized after her death, is not a fact arising unexpectedly for sacrifice and devotion to duty was part of the life of this woman.

AMERICAN MADE BOLD ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE

GENEVA, Sunday, Oct. 20.—Lieut. Dubouché, the American aviator, who, with a companion, landed in the Jura Alps with his undamaged machine a month ago and was interned, made a bold but futile attempt to escape from the internment camp at Andermat, on Wednesday night.

He made a rope with bedclothes and slid down the wall around the barracks but when he was some distance from the ground the rope broke and he was badly injured. He continued his attempt to escape, however, and walked in the direction of Grenchen, along the railroad line. His escape was discovered almost immediately, and the alarm was sent out by telephone and telephone. There is a long tunnel between Andermat and Grenchen and when the aviator emerged from it he was arrested. He was taken back to Andermat and the guard at the camp was doubled.

LOWELL MAN LOSES AUTO LICENSE

(Special to The Sun)

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Oct. 21.—Robert J. Cairns of Lowell has been notified by the Massachusetts highway commission that his license to operate motor vehicles in this state has been revoked by the commission, following his conviction in the Lowell court last Tuesday on a charge of operating an automobile in such a manner as to endanger the lives and safety of the public.

Another revocation announced by the commission is that of the license of Peter Hon of Chelmsford, the commission having taken action in his case because it learned that on Sept. 30th he was convicted in the Lowell court on a charge of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor.

The operator's license of John S. Peters of Lowell has been suspended for a period of two months, the commission having decided, after investigation, that the accident in which he was involved Sept. 28 was due to the fact that he failed to exercise proper care in the operation of the automobile which he was driving. Incidentally, Peters will be required to pass an examination before the license is reinstated.

SUIT FOR ALLEGED LIBEL

Writ of attachment in the sum of \$20,000 has been brought against the Courier-Citizen company of Lowell by Stephen Flynn, city clerk of the city of Lowell. This is an action for alleged libel published in the Courier-Citizen on July 11th, 1918, based on the mandamus proceedings begun in the supreme judicial court.

NOTICE

All persons, who have been refused tenements on account of children, and persons who believe their rents have been increased to an unreasonable rate, are requested to communicate with the Trades and Labor Council, 32 Middle street, giving name of house owner and rent increase. All communications will be held confidential.

TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL, Lowell, Mass.

LOWELL GOES OVER TOP

AND THEN SOME

Lowell not only subscribed her Fighting Fourth Liberty loan quota, but went even beyond her allotment and oversubscribed to the tune of \$1,067,789, which is 16 per cent of her original quota of \$6,673,690. Not less than 30,000 people in this city invested in the securities. This represents 28 per cent of the population.

North Middlesex county also went "over the top" by subscribing \$11,341,550. The total number of subscribers was 41,491. Every town in the district subscribed its quota and two of them doubled their original allotment. To the banks and large industries and to the general public, especially, is due the credit for the most inspiring outpouring of practical patriotism that Lowell has ever seen. A new precedent in money campaigns has been established and all previous records smashed.

The work of the banks in the drive was notable. Without their help success would have been impossible. The United National bank alone had a total subscription list of \$3,355,700 and the Appleton National was next with slightly more than \$2,000,000. The other banks can show similarly large totals.

The United States Cartridge Co. furnished the most spectacular individual accomplishment of the campaign. Out of approximately 15,000 employees, 10,000 subscribed to the drive. The company's total contribution was \$1,067,789, representing in their purchases. The company itself bought \$200,000 worth of bonds which makes a grand total for the industry of \$1,067,789.

The Saturday subscriptions were led by the Tremont & Suffolk mills with \$200,000 additional, making that corporation's total for Lowell \$400,000. The United States Lumber Co. sent in another \$70,000 making its total for this drive \$170,000. The Brookfield Woolen mills added \$20,000 raising their subscription to \$40,000. The Sterling mills bought \$20,000 more, making their figure \$25,000 and the Belvidere Woolen mills bought \$12,000. The Wameest National bank added \$10,000 to its previous \$10,000 and the Washington Savings Institution bought another \$25,000 raising that bank to \$175,000. The Turner Mfg. Co. subscribed for \$50,000, the Talbot mills of North Billerica \$30,000 which was credited to Billerica. Charles E. Cashin subscribed for \$5,000 and John A. Stevens took \$5,000 additional making his total \$15,000. George Stevens and Brooks Stevens each bought \$10,000.

A notable industrial subscription was by the American-made shoes amounting to \$103,100 for 1425 employees. This is a high percentage of the company's employees. The company subscription is \$50,000.

The employees of the Lowell Light Co. bought \$100 representing 182 purchasers. The Waterhead mills employees, close to 100 per cent, so close that it ought to be called 100, added \$450 for 105 purchasers. The Merrimack Manufacturing Co. reports about 700 subscribers, the Massachusetts Cotton mills 424, the Appleton Co. 775, the Lowell Bleachery 357. The employees of the C. F. Hatch Co. subscribed for \$5300 and the employees of W. J. Barry Shoe Co. bought \$550. The employees of the U. S. Hurling Co. added \$2000 to their previous total. The Star State Mills of the American Woolen Co. bought \$15,050, 240 persons being on their list and the Beaver Brook mills of the same concern purchased \$14,050 with 257 subscribers and this is in addition to \$4000 which was bought earlier. The Wameest mills bought \$850 for 17 employees. The George H. Snow Co. subscription was \$5000 for the company and for 135 employees \$7400. The Cudahy Packing Co. employees subscribed for \$1250 for 12 persons.

More to Come

Any figures given out at the present time can be considered only tentative, because the local loan committee states that it will be several days before the complete results are known. But the figures quoted above are fairly indicative of what the eventual totals will be.

The Lowell Liberty loan committee and its chairman, Robert F. Marden, particularly, are to be congratulated on the magnificent success of the fourth loan for it was their persistent confidence that the community would do its part that brought final success.

ANOTHER SAD CASE

One of the saddest cases reported since the outbreak of the present epidemic was brought to the attention of the humane society yesterday. Agt. Gilmore received a phone call at his residence about noon to the effect that a woman living in a Tyler street lodging house was ill and in very deplorable circumstances.

Mr. Gilmore called at the house, and found the woman suffering from a slight attack of influenza, and about to become a mother. She was unattended, her husband being out of town and his present whereabouts apparently unknown. She had no money to procure medical attendance or any of the necessities of life, and the room was bare of both food and fuel. The agent first looked after the matter of nourishment and warmth, and sent in a hurry call to Supt. Couley of the charities department for a physician.

The doctor and a nurse from the Lowell Guild were soon on the scene. The child was born but died a few hours later. This came as a double blow to the mother by reason of the fact that her only other child, a baby of about two years, had been buried the previous day. Saturday, death being due to influenza. The grief-stricken woman was removed to the hospital later, and the body of the child was cared for by the charities department.

OSCAR BRECHT'S FRIENDS GIVE FAREWELL PARTY TO HIM

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Recht of Penn avenue, was the scene last Saturday night of a very pleasant farewell party tendered to their son Oscar, by several of his friends. During the evening he was presented with a gift from his parents and also a wrist watch from the boys of the Manhattan Social club, the presentation speech being made by his chum, Joseph Pury. The social was enjoyed by many of his friends. Mr. Recht leaves Tuesday morning for Fort Warren, Boston, to enter the service of Uncle Sam.

BACK AT HIS POST

City Messenger Owen A. Monahan is back at his post at city hall after several weeks illness due to the prevailing epidemic.

FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN

Estimates Show Over 25,000,000 Subscribers—Put Loan Way Over the Top

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Estimates and figures showing the success of the Fourth Liberty loan poured into the treasury today, indicating that there were about 25,000,000 subscribers during the campaign which closed Saturday night and that the six billion dollar goal was passed by several hundred millions.

All orders for coupon bonds and shipping bonds will be ready as fast as requisitions reach the treasury.

Thirteen hundred clerks were at work today examining, counting and printing bonds as fast as they came from the bureau of engraving and printing.

Although the exact number of bonds sold will not be known for many weeks, officials estimate that it is more than 30,000,000. In the third loan slightly less than 25,000,000 were bought.

Reports from all of the reserve districts show that the honor roll of subscribers bears 22,000,000 names as a minimum and probably will be found to have several million more.

Owing to influenza, peace talk and the fact that many participants in the third loan are now in the army, the number of subscribers in the Boston, Philadelphia and possibly some other districts, probably is no greater than in the third loan.

It is apparent, however, that at least 20 per cent of the population of the United States bought bonds, a record equalling and probably exceeding the percentage record the British Victory loan of 1917, which had 9,000,000. The \$5,000,000,000 subscribed to that loan is exceeded by more than a billion dollars. Thus all records both for size and distribution of war loans are broken by the Fourth Liberty loan.

The first Liberty loan had about 4,500,000 subscribers, or 4 per cent of the population. The second had about 9,000,000, or 9 per cent. The third 13,300,000, or 17.7 per cent.

AMERICA RAISES 36 BILLIONS FOR WAR

About \$18,000,000,000 has now been raised by the American people in popular war loans since the United States entered the war, and all loans have been oversubscribed. The first loan was for \$2,000,000,000 and there was a billion dollar oversubscription, but none of this oversubscription was accepted. The second loan was for \$3,000,000,000. Subscriptions amounted to \$4,617,000,000 and the government took only half the oversubscription, making a total actually paid of \$3,808,500,000.

The third loan was for \$3,000,000,000 and subscriptions amounted to \$4,178,000,000 all of which was taken.

Take 3000 Huns

Continued

outflanking Tournai. An important railway junction, which has been rendered useless to the Germans.

Gains for French and British

The Belgians are along the Deynze-Eccloo canal, which runs northward from the Lys river to Zebrugge, and have taken a series of important positions near that waterway. Further south the French have crossed the Lys and have established bridgeheads at various points. Along the Lys, the British second army has moved swiftly toward the Scheldt river and is at Pecq, on the west bank of the river.

Closing in on Ghent

In this sector of the battle line the allies are moving toward the south-east and it seems they will be able to reach Ghent with their main forces in a short time. The Germans have flooded some of the country but this has failed to interfere with the progress of the armies commanded by King Albert.

British and Americans Smash On

British and American troops are fighting their way ahead along a 10-mile front east of Le Cateau. They have advanced a mile in a day and appear to have reached a point from which they seriously threaten the railroad running through Avesnes and Beaumont. This road is the principal avenue of communication between the German armies north and south of the wedge being driven into their lines by the allies.

Big Advances for French

Bad weather has not checked the advance of the French along the Oise and Serre rivers, where successes are reported. On the southern side of the Lys salient, the French have cut a deep notch into the German lines by reaching the heights to the west of Grand Lup.

Stroke at Le Chesne

Through the Champagne sector there has been no change in the lines, but just west of the Argonne forest the French have moved ahead once more. They have reached the outskirts of the village of Terson-sur-Aisne, north of Vouziers. This seems to be a stroke at Le Chesne, to the northeast of the Argonne forest. The village of Le Chesne is an important highway center and is on a line of railroad which runs southward to Buzancy, behind the front where the Germans are striving to stop the American drive on the line from the Argonne to the Meuse. The capture of Le Chesne would cause a German withdrawal east of the forest.

Yanks Meet Stiff Resistance

American forces are meeting with desperate resistance along the front west of the Meuse. No significant progress has been reported there during the last couple of days. This front is so important to the enemy that he is making a great effort to hold it firmly.

ALLIED GUARDS REPLACE

HUNS AT FRONTIER POST

AMSTERDAM, Sunday, Oct. 20.—German guards at the frontier post of Maaga Van Gent near Waterloof, 16 miles north of Ghent were replaced by entente guards today. The post at Sas-Van-Gent, seven miles farther south, was held by the Germans today, but they said they were leaving at once.

ALLIED FORCES WITHIN TEN MILES OF GHENT

LONDON, Sunday, Oct. 20.—Allied forces in Belgium are within 10 miles of Ghent, according to the official

HUNS SAY U-BOAT BASES 200 LIVES WERE LOST

HAD LOST USEFULNESS

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 21.—Germania of Berlin, the organ of the centrist party, prints an obviously inspired commentary on the evacuation by the Germans of the Flanders coast, saying it will have an inconsiderable effect on the conduct of the naval war. The newspaper says that all the German evacuated military works at Ostend, Zebrugge and elsewhere were either dismantled entirely and carried off or left in an unusable condition.

"We have succeeded in getting all the ships home," it says. "A few serviceable ships that we were forced to leave were dismantled and then destroyed."

The importance of Flanders as a base for submarines, it continues, recently declined considerably because "measures taken by the enemy under the conduct of U-boat warfare from the Flanders coast so difficult that for some time past it had been more or less given up."

The statement issued by the war office tonight. The statement reads:

"The advance of the army groups in Flanders, under command of King Albert, continued throughout today. After vainly trying to arrest our progress toward the western bank of the Lys, along the Deynze-Eccloo canal and near the Dutch frontier, the Germans have been forced to withdraw over the whole front."

"The Belgian army has established itself along the canal. Its left flank is on the Dutch frontier and the army has occupied the important centers of Aelre, Adegem, Bellem and Ussel (about 10 miles west of Ghent)."

HONOR COMMANDER OF ALLIED FORCES IN MACEDONIA

SALONIKI, Sunday, Oct. 20.—The mayor of Saloniki has decided to present a sword of honor to General Franchet d'Espèrey, commander of the allied forces in the Macedonian campaign, as a token of the gratitude of the people of the city to the French general who brought about the decisive victory over the enemy.

Lieut. General Milne, commander of the British forces on the Macedonian front will be given a statuette.

FRANCO-SERBIAN TROOPS HAVE ENTERED ZAJETCHAR

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Franco-Serbian troops have entered Zajetchar, 28 miles from the river Danube at Negotin and 45 miles northwest of Nish, according to a Serbian official statement issued Sunday.

ALLIED FORCES SMASH ON LONG WIDE FRONT

PARIS, Oct. 21.—The allied forces, while pushing further into central Belgium on the north, are fighting their way forward on the south toward the Belgian border south of Valenciennes. Sunday the allied troops had to fight the elements as well as the Germans. It drizzled continuously and the soldiers were soaked and blinded by the rain while airplanes were of little use.

With spirits undamped, the allied troops continued their efforts and in Flanders they got a little nearer to the important city of Ghent and are approaching closer to the west bank of the Scheldt. On the right of the front in Belgium, the British Fifth army has to all intents and purposes taken Tournai, an important railroad junction.

Further south the British Third army has crossed the Sella and is headed towards Mons by way of Mormal forest. While General Rawlinson's Fourth army has reached the Sambre-Oise canal and is advancing around the southern end of the Mormal forest, up the valley of the Sambre towards Maubeuge. The net result of the efforts of the Fourth and Fifth British armies was that the pivot on which the German retreat across Belgium swings, was badly shaken. The British also captured a dozen or so of villages.

On the British right General Debigny is attacking Guise and is marching towards Hirson for the purpose of taking the Hunting line in the rear. At the same time Generals Mangin and Guillaumet between the Serre and the Aisne and north of Sissonne are attacking the front of the Hunting line.

Finally General Gouraud and the Americans are fighting in most difficult country against determined and strong resistance. The Germans are making slow but solid progress in the task of pushing the enemy towards the southern Ardennes and up both banks of the Meuse.

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MAYOR APPOINTS LOCAL FIELD EXAMINERS

Life and Property in Recent Earthquake in Porto Rico

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Thursday, Oct. 17.—Latest estimates on the loss of life in the recent earthquake place the total at not more than 200, mostly at or near Mayagueza. The property damage is estimated at \$5,000,000. Through train service between San Juan and Mayagueza was resumed last night.

Because of unsatisfactory measures taken to protect life and property at Mayagueza after the earthquake, Governor Yager has appointed a new mayor for the town with instructions to proceed immediately to restore order. Until yesterday laborers in the town demanded five times their regular wages for emergency and relief work. They went to work, however, when the chief of police issued orders that they must work at reasonable rates or face the consequences of drastic police action.

The United States Coast and Geodetic Survey station at Vieques island, off the east coast of Porto Rico reports that the earthquake was probably due to a shifting of rock. Under the pressure of the first shock the seismograph pins became dislodged and it took nine minutes to readjust them. As a result the station was unable to make a record of the shocks.

The Canadian Air Force Major Bishop Is Promoted to Lieutenant Colonel Commanding Canadian Unit

(N.E.A. Special to The Sun.)

LONDON, England, Oct. 21.—Major Bishop, quills active flying, unofficially credited with bringing down 102 boche machines, and an official record of around 80.

The British ace of aces is no longer the Canadian "Major Bishop," however. He is now Lieut. Col. W. A. Bishop, V.C., D.S.O., M.C., D.F.C. of Canada.

He has gone up a notch since he returned from the Dayton (Ohio)

1162. Three deaths were reported to day, bringing the total to 29.

Although no definite action was taken, it was intimated at a meeting of the board of health this morning that the general ban on schools, theatres, saloons, etc., would be lifted by the middle of the present week, Thursday, probably.

Street Car Ventilation

Dr. Thomas F. Carroll, of the board of health, stated at the meeting that he had received a number of complaints about local street car windows being closed tightly and some of them screwed down. It was voted to get in touch with General Supt. Thomas Lees of the local division of the Bay State Street Railway Co. on the matter and following the meeting the members of the board visited Mr. Lees in a body and stated their case. Supt. Lees said that the great increase made on the personnel of the local division's employed force by sickness made it almost impossible to live up to every minute of the board's order.

Supt. Lees promised to have inspectors of the company watch every car that left the square and if the cars are of such a type that the windows cannot be opened readily, the inspector will see that doors and ventilators are open.

In regard to the matter of overcrowding on the cars during the early morning hours when people are going to work, Supt. Lees said that in some instances this was really the fault of the public rather than of the road. He said that eight or nine cars are sent to the South Lowell plant of the United States Cartridge company every morning but that the employees of the plant insist on crowding the first and second cars, even to the extent of hanging on the fenders, while the last cars will have plenty of vacant seats. It is impossible to control this because some of the passengers insist on jumping on the cars after they have started.

The company is still fumigating its cars and Supt. Lees expressed a desire to comply with every wish of the board of health in its efforts to stamp out the present epidemic and the board thanked him for his co-operation.

At the Hospital

There are 50 patients at the isolation hospital at present. The third ward was opened Saturday afternoon and there are 14 children there now. Dr. C. R. Eick, the federal officer in charge of the hospital who has been ill himself, was reported better this afternoon.

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Germany Pretends to Meet Wilson Demands

Reply Offers to Submit Armistice to Military Commanders, Modifies U-Boat Warfare, Defends Destruction of Property and Says the Government Represents German People--Seeks Further Negotiations

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The German reply to President Wilson's note, the text of which was received here today by wireless, says Germany hopes the United States will approve of no demand which would be irreconcilable with the honor of the German people and with the opening of the way to a peace of justice.

Germany protests against the references of President Wilson to illegal and inhuman acts. Denial is made that the German navy purposely destroyed lifeboats with passengers. The German government proposes that the facts be cleared up by neutral commissions.

Germany has despatched orders to submarine commanders precluding the torpedoing of passenger ships.

The German government suggests to President Wilson that an opportunity be brought about for fixing the details of the evacuation of occupied territories.

Announcement is made of a fundamental change in the German constitution providing for representation of the people in the decisions concerning peace and war, and it is said the present government has been formed in complete accordance therewith.

Defends Destruction of Property
Germany claims the sanction of international law for carrying out destruction of property during retreats and says her troops are under strict instructions to spare private property and care for the populations to the

best of their ability. Where transgressions occur, the note says, the guilty are being punished.

No future German government will be able to take or hold office unless it possesses the confidence of a majority of the reichstag, the note announces.

Leave Armistice to Army Heads
Germany has agreed that conditions of an armistice should be left to the military advisers and that the actual standard of power on both sides in the

field should form the basis for arrangements.

WIRELESS VERSION REACHES WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—A wireless version of the German reply to Pres. Wilson reached the state department today. There will be no official comment until the official text is received. The note as received by wireless, will not be made public here, nor will officials discuss London despatches describing its contents.

PRIVATE JAMES FALLON WOUNDED IN ACTION

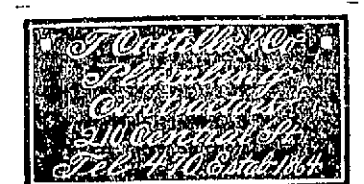
Mrs. Catharine Bean of 884 Moody street, has received a telegram from Acting Adjutant General Harris informing her that Private James B. Fallon of Co. A, 103d Machine Gun battalion, 26th Division, has been wounded in action, degree undetermined. The casualty occurred July 18, according to the telegram. Private Fallon enlisted in the national service in March, 1917. He has a sister, Miss Mary R. Fallon, living at 74 Bowers street.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

NO RALLY TONIGHT

Owing to the Board of Health ban on large gatherings the Democratic Rally, scheduled to be held here tonight, has been called off. When the ban is lifted Candidates Long, Walsh and other noted speakers will be heard here.

JAMES F. HESLIN,
211 Fletcher Street.



TAKE 3000 HUNS GAIN 13 MILES

British Smash German Lines and Cross Selle River on Wide Front

Allies Continue Progress in Belgium and French Flanders—Close to Ghent

(By The Associated Press)
British troops in smashing through the formidable German positions along the Selle river north of Le Cateau, have captured more than 3000 prisoners. The Germans were forced from positions of great natural strength on a wide front and the British gains were maintained despite counter attacks.

The British now hold the heights between the Selle and Harpelle rivers and are in a position to outflank the Mormal forest and cut the railroad between Valenciennes and Avesnes.

Marching on Ghent

Further north the allied forces continue their progress through Belgium and French Flanders from Douai to the Dutch frontier. On the north the Belgians are approaching Ghent while in the center the British are marching on the Scheldt river and

LOWELL MEN LEAVE FOR FORT WILLIAMS

Lowell's four companies have sent 20 men to Fort Williams, England, and 20 more are going to other active portions of the national forces. Each board sent 10 men. They assembled at the Middlesex street station

GRIPPE ABATING

Intimated That Ban May Be Lifted in This City Within a Few Days

Only 25 New Cases Reported Today—Street Cars Poorly Ventilated

Positive evidence that the local influenza epidemic is on the wane was forthcoming at the board of health office today when it was reported that only 25 new cases had been recorded up to noon, which is the smallest number reported on a Monday since the epidemic began to gain momentum here.

Today's report, together with that of yesterday when only 28 cases were recorded all day gives every indication that the gripe has done its worst. In Lowell and that from now on there will be a steady decline in the number of cases reported daily.

The total number of cases to date is Continued on Last Page

W. P. Mason Suffered for Years With Rheumatism

Tried Every Kind of Treatment But Got No Relief Until He Took Vitalitas.

Mr. Mason, who lives at 232 Essex street, Salem, says: "I have suffered for years with rheumatism and indigestion; also stomach trouble. After using your wonderful Vitalitas I never felt better in my life. My rheumatism is gone and I can eat anything I wish without after distressing effects. I consider Vitalitas the greatest remedy in the world."



THIS IS THE DAY to start getting greater benefit from your smoking; you can do it—without greater cost. Just stick a package of Big John tobacco in your pocket—that proves. It will convince you that this fine, old tobacco gives satisfaction that no other of this day, can—that a pipeful of Big John tobacco lasts longer than a pipeful of any other package. Big John tobacco counts big for you.

Text of Germany's Reply to Pres. Wilson

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The text of the German note, as received by wireless, is as follows:

"In accepting the proposal for an evacuation of occupied territories the German government has started from the assumption that the procedure of this evacuation and of the conditions of an armistice should be left to the military advisers and that the actual standard of power on both sides in the field has to form the basis for arrangements safeguarding and guaranteeing this standard."

"The German government suggests to the president that an opportunity should be brought about for fixing the details. It trusts that the president of the United States will approve of no demand which would be irreconcilable with the honor of the German people and with opening a way to a peace of justice."

"The German government protests against the reproach of illegal and inhuman actions made against the German land and sea forces and thereby against the German people. For the covering of a retreat destructions will always be necessary and they are carried insofar as is permitted by international law. The German troops are under the most strict instructions to spare private property and to exercise care for the population to the best of their ability. Where transgressions occur in spite of these instructions the guilty are being punished."

"The German government further denies that the German navy in sinking ships has ever purposely destroyed lifeboats with their passengers. The German government proposes with regard to all those charges that the facts be cleared up by neutral commissions."

"In order to avoid anything that might hamper the work of peace, the German government has ordered to be dispatched to all submarine commanders precluding the torpedoing of passenger ships without, however, for technical reasons, being able to guarantee that these orders will reach every single submarine at sea before its return."

"As a fundamental condition for peace the president prescribes the destruction of every

arbitrary power that can separately, secretly, and of its own single choice disturb the peace of the world. To this the German government replies:

"Hitherto the representation of the people in the German empire has not been endowed with an influence on the formation of the government."

"The constitution did not provide for a concurrence of representation of the people in decisions of peace and war. These conditions have just now undergone a fundamental change. A new government has been formed in complete accordance with the wishes (principle?) of the representation of the people, based on equal, universal, secret, direct franchise."

"The leaders of the great parties of the reichstag are members of this government. In the future no government can take or continue in office without possessing the confidence of a majority of the reichstag."

"The responsibility of the chancellor of the empire to the representation of the people is being legally developed and safeguarded. The first act of the new government has been to lay before the reichstag a bill to alter the constitution of the empire so that the consent of the representation of the people is required for decisions on war and peace."

"The performance of the new system is, however, guaranteed not only by constitutional safeguards, but also by the unshakable determination of the German people whose vast majority stands behind these reforms and demands their energetic continuance."

"The question of the president—with whom he and the governments associated with Germans are dealing—is therefore answered in a clear, unequivocal manner by the statement that the offer of peace and an armistice has come from a government which is free from any arbitrary and irresponsible influence, and is supported by the approval of an overwhelming majority of the German people."

"SOLE"

NEW VICTORIES

Field Marshal Haig Announces Big Gains for the British Forces

Belgians Marching on Ghent While British Are Outflanking Tournai

LONDON, Oct. 21.—More than 2000 prisoners were captured by the British yesterday in the operations north of Le Cateau when the Selle river was crossed on a wide front, according to Field Marshal Haig's statement today.

In the Valenciennes region the British are approaching St. Amand, six miles northwest of Valenciennes.

Court Merrimack F. of A.

Owing to the epidemic there will be no meeting Tuesday evening. Anniversary exercises postponed until further notice. Financial Secretary will be at Graton hall Tuesday evening to receive dues and assessments.

THOMAS R. KELLEY,
Chief Ranger.

North of Tournai they are pushing forward to the line of the Scheldt river.

The British forced a passage of the river supported by tanks. The statement reads: "The number of prisoners captured by us in the operation yesterday north of Le Cateau now exceeds 3000. The enemy positions along the River Selle were of great natural strength and were held with resolution."

"The attack was launched by English, Scottish and Welsh divisions at 2 o'clock in the morning under most unfavorable weather conditions, a continuous rain rendering the advance extremely difficult. The fighting was heavy throughout the day, the enemy offering strong resistance in the villages and along the line of the railway. In overcoming this resistance great assistance was rendered at certain points which, despite the flooded state of the river we succeeded in passing to the east bank at an early hour."

"As soon as the line of the river was secured a number of bridges were rapidly constructed under a heavy fire from the hostile artillery."

Seven Miles From Ghent

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The French troops on the allied center in Belgium, have gained a bridgehead across the Lys canal at Nevelle, seven miles west of Ghent.

The French also have gained a bridgehead over the Lys river at Gramme. The Germans are attempting to hold a line from Bede to the river Lys at Paterghem, north of Gramme. There is no confirmation of a report from Dutch sources that the allied troops have captured 2000 and several thousand prisoners. This is said to have been extremely improbable as

is also the report that the fate of Ghent has been sealed.

British Sweep On
BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN BELGIUM, Oct. 21 (Reuters).—In the region east of Courtrai, the second British army today was advancing on a line of three and one-half miles along the Scheldt river. It had gained this line by a great bound forward Sunday. During the battle which resulted in this gain more than 700 prisoners were captured and heavy casualties were inflicted on the enemy.

Cross Scheldt River
PARIS, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.—Allied troops have crossed the Scheldt river at several points in the region of Audenarde, 15 miles southwest of Ghent. Audenarde has been encircled and its fall is expected momentarily. German resistance is reported to be weakening on this sector of the front.

MANY DESERT RANKS OF THE BOLSHEVIKI

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Reports from Russia reaching the state department today tell of large numbers of desertions from the ranks of the Bolsheviks and hint at reprisals to be taken by leaders of the Bolshevik movement upon the families and relatives of these men. An order issued by Trotsky on Sept. 30, warned commanders of the large number of desertions and instructed them to send to headquarters lists of the names of the deserters with any information regarding their relatives.

MAY FREE SCHLESWIG FROM GERMAN RULE

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 21.—Denmark, according to news agency telegrams to the Dutch press, has sent a note to Germany suggesting that certain terms of the treaties executed between the two countries in the period from 1560 to 1870 should be carried out. The Væderland points out that Article V of the treaty of 1814, which decided the dukedoms of Schleswig-Holstein and Lauenburg to Prussia, provided for a plebiscite in Schleswig to decide whether the inhabitants would prefer allegiance to Germany or to Denmark. This provision, it is declared, never has been carried out.

The Crime of '64

The crime of Schleswig-Holstein in 1864 furnishes one of the finest examples of Bismarck's Machiavellian policy at its best. The unsettled state of affairs of the duchies was the excuse for a joint Austro-German attack. The Danes held out bravely for nine months against an overwhelming superior number, but finally succumbed. The fraternal feeling between the Scandinavian nations had not become crystallized to the extent that it now is; yet there was a strong agitation among the intellectuals of Sweden and Denmark. Henrik Ibsen, then a young man and the rising spokesman of young Scandinavia, demanded that his country assist its sister land. Disappointment over the lack of response is said to have been the main reason for Ibsen's leaving Norway for a number of years.

However, after the Danish defeat, a young man, reduced to submission, had quarrelled over the spoils, the latter being defeated as usual, the treaty of Prague was drawn to settle for once and all the vexatious dispute over Schleswig-Holstein.

Confirmed by Solemn Oath

By the terms of this treaty, Holstein and Schleswig were ceded in whole to Prussia with the provision that to the people of northern Schleswig was to be reserved the right to be again united to Denmark should they "express a desire to do so by a vote freely given." This provision in the treaty of Prague of 1864, together with the rest of the treaty, was confirmed by King William I of Prussia, with a solemn oath "in the name of the True God." It was really Napoleon III of France who caused the plebiscite provision to be inserted, and after his defeat the Franco-Prussian war, Bismarck tore up the plebiscite provision. Ivar Kittgaard of New York, who has made a thorough study of the subject, states that it can be found in the bottom of the same basket where the Belgian scrap of paper is stored.

Since 1871, when it really became apparent that Germany would never keep the pledge to the North Schleswig Danes, the Prussianization process has been unhampered. Germany has cajoled and threatened the Danes to exercise their votes to the interest of Germany. People receiving sickness, accident, or old age pensions, postal and railroad privileges have been told that they would be expected to vote for German candidates for office or lose their benefits or positions.

Unconditional Surrender

Is What Hood's Triple Combination Demands of Ill-Health.

How can the hideous Huns of after-the-grip weakness, impure blood, exhausted system, and deranged digestion stand up against the powerful medicinal powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla (before meals), Peptonin (after meals) and Hood's Pills (cathartic as needed)?

We know of nothing comparable to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, eczema, skin diseases, rheumatism, and other blood troubles. It has been a standard blood-purifying medicine for over 40 years, known and valued in thousands of American homes.

The new iron tonic, Peptonin (chocolate pills, pleasant to take), combines peptonin-iron-iron-calcium in the finest possible formula for nervous weakness, anaemia, paleness, and all forms of weakness, that tired feeling, weak digestion and loss of appetite.

Hood's Pills act promptly and pleasantly, are mild yet thorough, stimulate the liver and relieve constipation.

In view of these facts you may expect your ill and ailments to surrender quickly if you follow our suggestions and take up the good treatment. Begin today—adv.

SUGAR

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY MORNING at nine o'clock we will be all ready to register our customers for the sugar coupons, which the head of each household must have after November 1st, in order that they may get their monthly supply for each member of the family. Courtesy and attention will be given each applicant. Register early to avoid the crowd.

Tenderloin Steak, 1 lb. 35c

BUTTER VERY BEST NO. 1 ELGIN CREAMERY—No Higher Price. Lb. 55c

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR, 2 1/2 Lb. Bag. \$1.50
6 Lb. Substitute Sold With Each Bag

SAUNDERS' MARKET

FUNERALS

OBITUARY—The funeral of Mr. Joseph O'Brien took place this morning from the home of his father, Mr. John J. O'Brien, 239 Worthen street, at 9:30 o'clock, and the attendance included friends and relatives from Boston, Lawrence, Malden and Chelmsford. The cortege proceeded to St. Patrick's church where at 10 o'clock a mass was celebrated by Rev. Joseph A. Curtin. The choir under the direction of Mr. Michael J. Johnson rendered the Gregorian chant, the solo being sung by Mrs. Alice E. Murphy and Mr. D. S. O'Brien. The bearers were John Forrest, Jr., and Joseph Walsh, John Lawrence, James McKinley, of Malden, Paul Dolan of Nashua, Michael McGrath and Dr. William F. McGeehan of Lowell. There was a profusion of floral offerings and spiritual bouquets. The burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the Rev. Curtin read the funeral prayers. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

GLEASON—The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Gleason took place this morning from her late home, 40 Andrews street, and was held at the Sacred Heart church where, at 10 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O.M.I. The choir rendered the Gregorian chant, the solo being sung by Mrs. Gleason. The bearers were read by Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O.M.I. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

HELE-ISLE—The funeral of Mrs. Oliver J. Hele-Isle took place this morning from her late home, 315 McCormack street, and was held at St. Joseph's church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Thomas Heagerty, O.M.I. assisted by Rev. Charles Joseph Boland, O.M.I. The bearers were Joseph Harvey, Joseph Champagne, J. Brunelle, Gilbert Harout, and others. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

PINEGAS—The funeral of Florence G. Pinegas took place this morning from her late home, 47 West Sixth street, and was held at St. Joseph's church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Thomas Heagerty, O.M.I. assisted by Rev. Charles Joseph Boland, O.M.I. The bearers were Edward F. Charles, F. and Frederick F. Flynn, Alfred McShea, Frank and George Sullivan. Interment was in St. Patrick's cemetery where Rev. Thomas Heagerty read the funeral prayers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage had charge of funeral arrangements.

WILLIAM—The funeral of the late William J. Willard took place this morning at 9:30 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough & Sons, 120 Grand street, and was held at St. Joseph's church where, at 10 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Francis L. Shea. The choir sang the Gregorian chant, the solo being sung by Mrs. Mary Byrne and Mr. James E. McDonough. The bearers were William Campbell, William O'Hare, Al. Marjuna, Frank G. and Vincent J. Marjuna, Edward W. H. Pepin and Mrs. James Fleming. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blake.

TAYLOR—The funeral of Raymond S. Taylor was held from the rooms of Undertaker J. A. Weinbeck, 12 Middle street, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The services were conducted by Rev. Caleb C. Fisher, D.D., pastor of the First Baptist church. The bearers were relatives of the deceased. Burial was in the Edison cemetery where the funeral prayers were read by Rev. W. H. Peppin and Mrs. James Fleming. The funeral was under the direction of Undertaker J. A. Weinbeck.

BARROWS—The strictly private funeral of Mrs. Ethel B. Barrows was held from the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary A. H. Coburn, 32 Putnam avenue, Saturday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Arthur C. Leonard, pastor of the First Baptist church. The bearers were John H. Johnson, Raymond M. Barrows, Benjamin B. Benoit and Lester A. Fleming. The funeral was under the direction of Undertaker George W. Decker.

MITCHELL—The funeral services of Robert D. Mitchell were held at his home, 226 Lincoln street, yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Rev. Robert C. Craig, pastor emeritus of the First Presbyterian church, officiated. The bearers were read by Rev. Robert C. Craig. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

CHAPMAN—The funeral of Amy Chapman took place yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the chapel of James F. O'Donnell & Sons. Prayers were read at the chapel by Rev. Francis L. Shea. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

LAURA—The funeral of Laura P. Laury took place Saturday afternoon from the home of her parents, Manuel and Mary Franks, 9 South street. Services were held at St. Patrick's church where Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O.M.I. read the funeral prayers. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

FUNERAL NOTICES

COSTA—The funeral of the late Manuel Costa will take place Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock from his late home, 30 Summer street. Services will be held at St. Anthony's church at 3:30 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

FLAHAVAN—The funeral of the late David J. Flahavan will take place Wednesday afternoon from his home, 100 West 12th street, at 2 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

KYDD—Died Oct. 19th, in this city, Miss Lillian W. Kydd, aged 22 years, 2 months and 15 days. She was born in Malden, Mass., and was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Kydd, 55 Dover street. Strictly private funeral services will be held at 35 Dover street, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Decker.

MARONEY—The funeral of Patrick Maroney will take place Tuesday morning from the home of his sister, Mrs. Mary Delmore, 15 West 12th street, at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery at 9 o'clock. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

WILLIAMSON—Died in this city, Oct. 19, at St. John's hospital, Irene Chase Williamson, aged 25 years, 2 months and 15 days. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chase, 121 Chapel street, and was the wife of Mr. William Williamson. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery at 9 o'clock. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

WIGGIN—The private funeral services of Alice Lillian Wiggin will be held from the home of her mother, Mrs. William Wiggin, 120 Grand street, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

SILVA—The funeral of the late Manuel Silva will take place on Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock from his late home, 100 West 12th street, at 2 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Anthony's church at 3 o'clock. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

SPINNEY—The funeral of the late Mr. Eben Spinney will take place today from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Mary Spinney, 120 Grand street, at 10 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

WHELAN—The funeral of the late William Whelan will take place on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Mary Whelan, 120 Grand street, at 3 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

LOVELOCK—Royal W. Lovelock died Friday evening at his home, 100 West 12th street, after a short illness, at the age of 23 years, 6 months and 21 days. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Mary Lovelock, and two children, Arnold and Marjorie Lovelock. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Lovelock, of a sister, Mrs. Brannan Sutton, and a brother, Irving Lovelock, in this city. Mr. Lovelock was affiliated with the United Order of the Golden Cross; also a member of the Brotherhood of Railroad Clerks and the Letter Carriers' Association. He leaves, besides his mother, a grandmother, Mrs. Margaret Lovelock, and three aunts, the Misses Jennie and Katie Keefe and Mrs. Bridget Shanahan.

FUNERAL NOTICES

REES—The many friends of Mr. Rees (Freeman) Queenan, daughter of Lieut. and John Freeman of the police department, and an esteemed member of the United Labor Convention, will regret to learn of her death which occurred at the Garret hospital yesterday afternoon after a brief illness. She was the wife of Mr. Walter F. Queenan, who leaves an infant daughter; her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. John Rees, and two sisters, Miss Marion Freeman of the city treasurer's office and Miss Esther Freeman. The body was removed to the home of Mrs. George C. Adams, 17 Grand street, this city, by Undertaker James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

WIGGIN—Alice Lillian Wiggin, died early this morning at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Parker Wiggin, 100 West 12th street, after a brief illness, 1 month and 15 days. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Wiggin, 55 Dover street. Strictly private funeral services will be held at 35 Dover street, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Decker.

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BIG SALE OF FUR COATS

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS AT

ROSE G. CAISSE'S FUR SHOP

ROOM 75 53 CENTRAL STREET

TAKE ELEVATOR

RACCOON COATS \$125.00 | SEAL COATS, NUTRIA AND OTHER FUR COATS AT ALL KINDS OF FUR SETS | ALL PRICES

Daughters of Liberty and also a member of the Druce Grange.

MARONEY—Patrick J. Maroney, a well known resident of this city, died Saturday at the Lowell Corporation hospital. The body was removed to the home of his sister, Mrs. Mary Dolmore, 15 West 12th street, and was buried in St. Patrick's cemetery at 9 o'clock. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

WIGGIN—The funeral of the late Manuel Silva will take place on Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock from his late home, 100 West 12th street, at 2 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Anthony's church at 3 o'clock. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

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Gray Hair

Gray Hair is the sign of old age. It is the result of a lack of proper nourishment to the hair follicles. Gray Hair is the result of a lack of proper nourishment to the hair follicles. Gray Hair is the result of a lack of proper nourishment to the hair follicles.

ALL-AMERICAN AIR RAID

In Big Bombing Expedition
Behind German Lines,
Yanks "Get" 17 Machines

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Sunday, Oct. 20.—(By the Associated Press).—In the all-American bombing expedition behind the German lines Friday, American pursuit airplanes brought down 17 German machines. Most of the victories have been confirmed officially. Not one American machine was lost, making the day stand out in the history of American aviation.

During the expedition the American machines met and vanquished several enemy formations of 35 and 40 airplanes each. Among the Americans who brought down German machines Friday are the following:

Lieut. Cleveland McDermott, of Syracuse, and Lieut. Chester Wright of Brookline, Mass., two each; Lieut. Albert Weatherhead of Cleveland, Lieut. Weir Cook, of Natick, Ind., Lieut. Sumner Sewall of Bath, Me., Lieut. Lowell Harding, of Washington, D. C.,

Lieut. W. E. Goulding of New York, Lieut. Clinton Jones of San Francisco, Lieut. Remington Vernon of New York, Lieut. Dickinson Este of Philadelphia and Lieut. Charles Doherty of Chicago, one each.

Lieuts. Wright and Harding got another enemy machine between them while Captain Charles Biddle of Andalusia, Pa., Lieut. William A. Stovall of Stovall, Miss., and Lieut. Walter Evers of Columbus, Ohio, brought down another.

On the opening day of the Meuse-Argonne offensive, American aviators brought down 19 German machines, but 16 American airplanes were either lost or damaged. On Friday only one American machine was forced to land. That was the one piloted by Lieut. McDermott and he landed near Briquelles. His machine was brought in Saturday by infantrymen.

AMERICAN SNIPERS IN CAMOUFLAGE SUITS

BEHIND THE AMERICAN LINES IN FRANCE (Correspondence of the Associated Press).—The American sniper wears a fantastic suit of green burlesque with tufts of raffa, or Madagascar grass, sewed thickly all over the coat and trousers. The coat has a head-piece with eyeholes so that the sniper's head is completely enveloped.

American troops in the Vosges have used these camouflage suits with great effect. The grass-covered burlesque is merged into the grass through which the sniper crawls and even when only 25 feet distant his presence cannot be detected.

These suits are made by French women in the American camouflage station behind the lines.

The "disappearing building" is one of the curious contrivances of the camouflage artists here. The building is the size of a two-story frame cottage. Viewed close at hand it stands out plainly enough, and even at 100 feet the cottage is quite clear. But at the distance from which the enemy observations would be made, or from an airplane at 5000 feet, the building does

in fact "disappear." This is done by the painting in great wavy lines of green and brown which, at a distance, obliterate the straight lines of roof, gable, windows and doors, and transform the whole structure into a blur of green-brown color which blends into the grass and grounds.

"That is the director of properties for David Belasco," said the escort, as we passed a soldier. This disclosed that besides the artists of this camouflage coloring, there are well known actors, stage managers, scene painters, property directors and cinema artists. The actors gave a show the other night for the women workers. There was a camouflage chariot race, camouflage gladiators, and camouflage lions and tigers. One of the camouflage tigers looked so real that it nearly caused a panic when it got down among the women.

Colonel Bennett's camouflage force, besides the 900 people here, has 250 more along the front—15 men and an officer with each American division erecting camouflage devices and putting into use dummies and decoys.

Two of the camouflage force at the front have been killed: Sergeant Ernest A. Herter, son of a well known interior decorator of New York, and Lieutenant Harry Thrasher, an American sculptor, who fell as the Americans were hammering their way into Fismes.

CHELMSFORD MAKES GOOD, AS USUAL

Chehmsford went over the top with flying colors Saturday night, a total of \$304,500 having been accounted for up to that time, and there is a good prospect that the final figures will show a still larger amount. The quota asked

TOOK OUT DREADFUL SORENESS When the kidneys are weakened or overworked so that they fail to filter and throw all impurities out of the blood, the poison remains in the system and backache, soreness, lameness and rheumatic pains are likely to develop. Mrs. David Henry, 65 S. Lincoln Ave., Washington, N. J., writes: "Poley Kidney Pills are doing me much good, both my kidneys and the rheumatism. They took all the dreadful soreness out of my limbs. Burkinshaw Drug Co., 418 Middlesex St., Moody's, 201 Central St.—Adv.

of the town was \$275,000, and as in the three previous drives for bonds for Uncle Sam, Chelmsford folks have proven that they will back the government to the limit. The total number of subscribers was \$31.

The chairman of the campaign, Herbert E. Ellis, states that the showing made was very satisfactory, and he feels that should the call come four times more the people of Chelmsford will be just as ready to back up the efforts of our boys over there. Mrs. Ervin E. Smith, chairman of the women's committee, is entitled to great credit for the efficient and untiring campaign which she and her co-workers engaged in, and which had much to do with bringing the drive to a successful close.

The local board of health announces that until there is a further decline in the prevailing epidemic, the schools will remain closed.

LOWELL BOYS ORDAINED TO PRIESTHOOD

Rev. Thomas Patrick Frawley, son of Sgt. and Mrs. Patrick J. Frawley of 31 Madison street, formally entered the ranks of the priesthood yesterday at St. John's seminary, Brighton, when he was ordained by Cardinal O'Connell. The ceremony was private in accordance with the wishes of the health authorities of that district.

Rev. Fr. Frawley is 26 years old and a graduate of the Lowell high school with the class of 1910. He was one of the most popular members of his class and in his graduating year was lieutenant colonel of the school regiment. In the fall of 1910 he entered Boston college and was graduated from that institution in 1914. Later he pursued a theological course at St. John's seminary.

The young priest's father has just been promoted to sergeant in the local police department. Two of his brothers are now in the national service, John Francis being in France, and Albert W., now a sergeant in the students' army training corps at Boston college. He also has two younger brothers, Edward H. and Fred L., and two sisters, Miss Jennie T. and Miss Mary Frawley.

Rev. William J. Conley
Rev. William Joseph Conley, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Conley of 151 Branch street, this city, was ordained to the priesthood at a special service held yesterday at St. John's seminary, Brighton. The young priest received his early education at the Edison and high schools of this city and later spent five years at St. John's seminary, Brighton. Besides his parents, Rev. Fr. Conley has a sister, Miss Dolia Conley, in this city, and two brothers, H. Charles of Hazelton, Pa., and John F. of Beverly.

CHARLES STREET ROW
A hurry call was sent to the police station yesterday afternoon to the effect that two soldiers were by way of starting a riot on Charles street, but when the officers arrived the disturbers of the peace had vanished. According to information secured, two soldiers had invaded the neighborhood for the purpose of settling an old grudge which one of them had cherished against a resident of that district. After considerable sparring the two belligerents had clinched in true big league style, and at this point the entire neighborhood took a hand, with the result that the street seemed to be running a private war of its own. Evidently the fact that the officers were on their way became known, for the party broke up about this time and, as stated before, a quiet Sabbath peace breathed over the entire section when the law and order brigade arrived on the scene.

WIFE OF LOWELL MAN DIES IN FALL RIVER—AUTHORITIES SEEK HUSBAND

Mrs. Thomas F. Dunlavy, wife of a local plumber, died recently at Fall River from influenza and the board of health of that city is endeavoring to locate the husband so as to learn what disposition to make of the body, which is now at the city morgue in Fall River. The board has written a letter to a brother of the deceased, John Murray of 22 Pleasant street, and the latter has turned the letter over to the police in an endeavor to locate the husband of the deceased woman.

Daily Health Talks

What Doctor Pierce Has Done for Humanity!

BY DOCTOR CRIPPS

It has always seemed to me that Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., should be placed near the top when a list of America's great benefactors is written. He studied and conquered human diseases to a degree that few realize. Whenever he found a remedy that overcame disease, he at once announced it in the newspapers and told where it could be bought at a small price. He did not follow the usual custom of keeping the ingredients secret, so that the rich only could afford to buy the medicine, but openly printed the name of each root and herb he used. And so today the names of Dr. Pierce and his medicines are widely known, and they stand for better health and better citizenship.

One of this great physician's most successful remedies is known as Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These are little, sugar-coated pills, composed of Mayapple, leaves of aloë, root of jalap—things that Nature grows in the ground. These Pellets are safe because they move the bowels gently, leaving no bad after-effects, as so many pills do. Very often they make a person who takes them feel like a new man or woman, for they cleanse the intestines of hard, decayed and poisonous matter that accumulates when one is constipated. If you are constipated, by all means go to your druggist and get some of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They may prove to be the very thing your system requires to make you well and happy.—Adv.

BIG RAIDS IN TORONTO

67 Alleged Bolshevik Sympathizers Arrested—All Released on Bail

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 21.—Sixty-seven alleged Bolshevik sympathizers were arrested here in a series of raids on halls where meetings were being held.

Forty-four of those arrested were members of the Chinese Nationalist league and the others were members of the Social Democratic party of Canada, the Democratic party of North America, the Russian Socialist Revolutionary party, the Ukrainian Socialist party and the Finnish Socialist party. All are held on charges of being in unlawful assemblages.

After being detained for several hours, the men were released on bail ranging from \$1000 to \$5000 each.

PRIV. WILLIAM G. SWIFT DIES IN FRANCE

Word has been received in this city of the death in France of Private William G. Swift of the Canadian Overseas Forces, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Swift, now of Southbridge, but formerly of 21 Tenth street, this city.

Private Swift was 24 years old and enlisted in the Canadian forces in June, 1917. He left for France the following December and saw much active service until his death which came a few days ago as the result of wounds received in action.

The Lowell soldier was a member of the Centralville M.E. church, the Odd Fellows and the Masons. He was formerly employed at the Saco-Lowell shops. Besides his parents, he leaves one sister, Mrs. Percy Whitlock of Southbridge.

CAMOUFLAGE STATION

700 French Women are Employed in American Station Behind Battle Lines

BEHIND AMERICAN LINES IN FRANCE (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—Seven hundred French women are employed in the American Camouflage station here making nets to screen from observation American batteries and machine-gun sections.

There was a burst of patriotic song as The Associated Press correspondent entered the large building where they work, for many of them sing as they sew.

The screening of artillery is the most important work of camouflage, as it is the main reliance in dispersing the actual observer and camouflaging and preventing the enemy from locating our batteries.

For this purpose huge camouflage nets are provided, of wire and fishnet, which cover the guns like a great horizontal tent. In the netting are tied bunches of green burlesque of the same color as the surrounding grass or foliage. And thus viewed from above, the overhanging green net merges the battery into the landscape of trees and turf.

Hundreds of these nets were being made by the women workers. The 15 millimeter gun takes an overhanging net 30 feet square, the 135 millimeter gun takes a 77 foot square and the American machine gun gets an 18 foot net. The nets are graded in ten colors of green and earth-brown, so that the shield may have the exact tint of the surrounding trees. The nets are shipped to the front in huge bundles, one net for each gun.

It has been a problem to get the 700 women required for this difficult work on the nets, and one of the chief means of drawing them is a Red Cross home for the babies of the married women, and a X.M.A. kitchen which gives them a good meal for 60 centimes (12 cents). Camouflage garlands are also made by the women. These garlands of green burlesque are strung between the trees, in order to break up lines and diffuse edges so that the location of a battery or battery will not show on an aerial photograph.

In the carpenter shop, huge frames for green umbrellas were being made. The umbrellas open like an ordinary sunshade, and camouflage a machine-gun. In the blacksmith shop the men were turning out steel "cabins" which are sunk below the ground, for an observer. They have a front of bullet-proof steel and are about as strong as a small safe. In one of these, an observer is safe in the midst of a shower of shrapnel.

Laying on paint much as a scrub-woman wields a mop, an artist was talking about on a gigantic camouflage screen for an airplane hangar. The great piece of painting was spread on a field and covered an area of 1300 square yards. The artist was using a brush as big as a broom. "Camouflage is making a constant battle against the aerial camera," said the escort, "for with photographs made from airplanes the enemy gets a complete view of our positions unless they are obscured by some device of camouflage."

FUEL CONSERVATION NEWS-LETTER

The Worcester fuel conservation committee has designed and will circulate a publication among persons in Worcester using a large amount of coal, which is aimed to help them in conserving coal. A propaganda along the same lines is being used in Lowell according to Ira Boothby, secretary of the Lowell fuel committee, although by utilizing bulletins issued by the state fuel committee the fuel committee here believes it saves itself considerable expense.

The Worcester publication is called the Worcester Fuel Conservation News-Letter. Its circulation is not to be limited entirely to Worcester but every fuel committee in the state is to regularly receive a copy of it, including of course, the fuel committee here. Mr. Boothby says that already over 30 owners of big buildings and fuel engineers in Lowell have received a valuable bulletin on saving fuel from his office. "This is to be supplemented from time to time by other publica-

"I feel all run down, haven't any life or spirit, but am worn out and tired out."



THESE are symptoms of over-work and exhaustion and warn you to build up your blood.

BOVININE for Strength

is of unsurpassed nutritive value. It contains the largest possible percentage of cell creating matter and for over a quarter of a century has been recognized by physicians as an unequalled reconstructive food tonic.

12 oz. bottle \$1.15
6 oz. bottle .70

Get a bottle at your druggist's today

THE BOVININE CO., 75 West Houston St., New York

6

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

OUR big assortments of Women's, Misses' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear and our always noticeable extra values should make our department the Mecca of all discriminating buyers of the warmer grades.

UNDERWEAR

Ladies' Heavy Fleece Vests, Pants and Tights—Regular size 63c
Extra sizes 75c
Ladies' Heavy Fleece Suits, high neck, long sleeves, Dutch neck, elbow sleeves and low length 75c
Ladies' Half Wool Suits, high neck, short sleeves, Dutch neck, elbow and low neck, sleeveless, ankle length \$1.25 and \$1.50
Misses' Fleece Heavy Weight Vests and Pants, Extra sizes 60c
Misses' Fleece Suits, high neck, long sleeves, Dutch neck, elbow sleeves \$1.00
Extra sizes \$1.25
Boys' Gray Fleece Suits, extra heavy; worth \$1.00 85c
Children's Jersey Waists, with bone buttons and garter fasteners 38c
West Section

HOSIERY

Ladies' Black Fibre Silk Hose, double soles, high spliced heels 75c Pair
Ladies' Fibre Silk Hose, with seam in leg, black, brown, gray and sand \$1.00 Pair
Ladies' Black Lisle Hose, double soles, high spliced heels 38c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 75c Pair
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, double soles, in heavy and medium weights, 25c, 38c and 50c Pair
Misses' Black Cotton Hose, double soles, 30c Pair
Misses' Black Lisle Hose, double soles, 38c and 50c Pair
Misses' White Cotton Hose 38c
Misses' White Lisle Hose 50c
Boys' Heavy Cotton Hose, double soles, 25c, 38c and 50c Pair
Boys' Heavy Cotton Hose, sizes 10, 10½ and 11 50c Pair
Left Aisle

OUR GREAT UNDERPRICE BASEMENT

OFFERS THE FOLLOWING BELOW MARKET VALUES IN COTTONS

Few stores in New England sell a greater yardage of Cotton Cloth, bleached and unbleached, than we. Our wholesale connections with the manufacturers bring us in closer touch with mill prices than most stores. We're offering cottons today cheaper than you can find them elsewhere. Such prices as the following prove it.

BEST OF ALL COTTON—Two cases of Best of All Bleached Cotton, full pieces, 36 inches wide, good quality; 25c value 18c Yard

HARVEST HOME COTTON—100 pieces of Harvest Home Bleached Cotton, full pieces, 36 inches wide, nice and soft finish; 28c value, at 22c Yard

DALTON BLEACHED COTTON—2000 yards of Dalton Bleached Cotton, fine quality, natural finish, very good cotton for family use; 32c value, at 24c Yard

HILL COTTON—One case of Hill Bleached Cotton, 36 inches wide, very fine quality; 35c value, at 28c Yard

SILVERDALE COTTON—42 inches Silverdale Bleached Cotton, very good quality for pillow cases; 35c value, at 28c Yard

42 INCHES FRUIT COTTON—1000 yards of 42 inches wide Fruit of the Loom Cotton, very fine cotton for sheets and pillow cases; 45c value, at 35c Yard

8-4 SEAMLESS SHEETING—One case of 72 inches Bleached Seamless Sheeting, very good quality; 65c value, at 50c Yard

9-4 SEAMLESS SHEETING—One case of 9-4 81 inches Seamless Bleached Sheeting, full pieces, good fine quality; 70c value, at 59c Yard

UNBLEACHED COTTON

UNBLEACHED COTTON—One bale of 36 inches Unbleached Cotton, in large remnants, 25c value on the piece, at 18c Yard

40 INCH COTTON—One bale of Unbleached nice fine quality for sheets and pillow cases; 30c value, at 22c Yard

LOCKWOOD COTTON—Two bales of Lockwood Cotton, 36 inches wide, in large cotton; 32c value, at 24c Yard

RED WARRIOR COTTON—2000 yards of Red Warrior Cotton, 36 inches wide, good heavy cotton; 28c value, at 22c Yard

YARD STICK COTTON—One bale of Yard Stick Unbleached Cotton, full pieces, 36 inches wide, good and heavy cotton; 30c value, at 25c Yard

CONSTITUTION—One bale of Unbleached Constitution, 36 inch Cotton, full pieces; 32c value, at 26c Yard

CONSTITUTION 40 INCH—40 pieces of 40 inch Constitution Unbleached Cotton, good strong quality for sheets and pillow cases; 35c value, at 28c Yard

PEPPERELL 40 INCH COTTON—One bale of Pepperell 40 inch Unbleached Cotton, nice fine quality for general family use; 32c value, at 27c Yard

UNBLEACHED SEAMLESS SHEETING

About 2000 yards of Seamless Unbleached Sheeting, in full and half pieces—8-4, 72 inches wide, at 55c Yard
9-4, 81 inches wide, at 62c Yard
10-4, 90 inches wide, at 65c Yard
11-4, 90 inches wide, at 70c Yard

—Basement—

BAN LIFTED IN BOSTON

Schools, Theatres, Etc., Re-open After Being Closed Because of Epidemic

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Normal conditions were resumed in this city today when schools, theatres, motion picture houses, dance halls, billiard and pool rooms, bowling alleys, saloons, soda fountains and other places of public assembly were allowed to reopen by local and state health officials. These places have been closed for two and three weeks because of the epidemic of influenza which claimed nearly 4000 deaths in Boston. Though a considerable number of deaths are still reported daily, health officials said that the danger of further spread of the disease in this locality did not warrant a continuance of regulations against public gatherings.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

CAN'T FIND DANDRUFF

Every bit of dandruff disappears after one or two applications of Dandertine rubbed well into the scalp with the finger tips. Get a small bottle of Dandertine at any drug store for a few cents and save your hair. After several applications you can't find a particle of dandruff or any falling hair, and the scalp will never itch.

BURN SOFT COAL

In your boiler or hot water heater.

There are no restrictions to quantity you can have for domestic use.

Immediate delivery.

HORNE COAL CO.

9 CENTRAL STREET.

TEARS OF JOY

Roubaix and Turcoing Celebrate Deliverance From the Enemy

Like American Christmas, New Year's Eve and Fourth of July Combined

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sunday, Oct. 20.—(By the Associated Press.) Roubaix and Turcoing today celebrated their deliverance from the enemy and it was like an American Christmas, New Year's eve and Fourth of July all rolled into one. Tears of joy intermingled with shouts of laughter while the population sang and danced and waved flags.

Music and Hugs for Soldiers
There were kisses, hugs and handshakes for every British soldier. On their windows housewives had pasted pictures of French and British military celebrities, torn from magazines. There was good reason for Roubaix and Turcoing to celebrate the end of their long years of hardship, privation and oppression. The swabbing of the Germans had gone leaving in their wake as much ruin as they could do. Nearly every home in the city has been sacked and things that could not be carried away were destroyed.

Reckless, Destroy and Steal
The Germans were piqued at being forced to leave the towns and they resorted to extreme lengths to deny, destroy and steal. Roubaix and Turcoing were systematically burglarized, Roubaix suffering the most. In Roubaix the Germans cut fine leather seats from chairs, ripped pictures from their frames and even took the cloth coverings of mattresses. Apparently they went through the fine old homes of the city with the idea of seeing how much they could wreck of interiors. In many places the Germans seemed to go into a house and deliberately break up everything they could lay their hands on.

Fields of Mangled Fields
For miles around Roubaix and Turcoing, the countryside has been singed and scorched by the red heat of war. Broken cannon, rusted rifles, pieces of shell, barbed wire and the bayonets and other equipment of soldiers are scattered all about. There are miles of mangled fields where the shell craters are so thick that it is impossible to tell where one begins and the other leaves off. Here and there are old machine gun mounds of stone, concrete and dirt. The trees are leafless and many have been chewed to pieces by flying shells and bullets.

YANKS ROUT GERMANS ON CHAMPAGNE FRONT

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—A German attack in the region of Grand Pre was repulsed. The Americans, for strategic reasons, at first gave little ground; then rushed forward and swept the Germans off their feet. The German artillery shelled the entire district, including Bellemeuse farm and the woods to the south and between there and Grand Pre. Pierce fighting took place throughout Sunday. Despite the heavy rain, the Americans holding the upper hand.

All signs of a probable German withdrawal to the Freya position, except on the right, have ceased, and the enemy now seems determined to hold his present positions as long as possible. The German counter attacks are becoming more and more infrequent and it is learned that instructions have been issued to the Germans not to undertake counter attacks unless they are positively assured of success. On both sides consolidation and reorganization of positions went on yesterday.

The American consolidation work was confined almost entirely to Loges Wood. On the right of the wood, after an artillery bombardment of two and a half hours, the Americans began the task of driving the Germans from Rappes Wood. By showing ahead here and there the American line last night rested across the Freya defence position at several places, the Americans today having made slight advances on the northern edge of the Bois de Banterville and in the region of Bourrait, both of which points are touched by the Freya line.

After an artillery preparation, the Americans cleaned up the Bois Rappes, taking more than 80 prisoners. Most of the resistance encountered was from German machine gun nests. There were artillery outbursts at intervals during the afternoon.

MEMBERS OF TURKEY'S NEW MINISTRY
EASEL, Sunday, Oct. 20.—Turkey's new ministry has been completed. The members of the cabinet follow: Grand vizier, Tewfik Pasha; minister of justice, Hayri Effendi; minister of public instruction, Said Bey; minister of finance, David Bey; minister of public works, Zia Pasha; minister of supply, Diyal Mukhtar Bey; president of the council of state, Raedid Aki Pasha; Sheikh-ul-Islam, Houloussi Effendi.

SERG. McDERMOTT DIES IN CAMP

Mrs. Mary McDermott of 17 Somerset street has received the sad news of the death of her son, Serg. James C. McDermott, which occurred at the Concentration camp, Garden City, Long Island, after a brief illness. Serg. McDermott was a member of the Third Company, First Battalion, First Training Brigade, Aeronautical Supply Depot, and was 23 years of age. Previous to his joining the service last May he employed at the Lagoon Store Service Co. The body will be brought to this city for burial by Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

DEALERS WARNED ON FOOD PRICES

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Henry B. Endicott, Massachusetts food administrator, is again calling the attention of retail dealers to the fact that large numbers of them have been violating the rules by overcharging, especially in the sales

of butter. Unless the regulations laid down in the weekly bulletin as to "fair prices" are followed, drastic steps will be taken to punish offenders. Mr. Endicott says that dealers who do not receive the bulletin are expected to notify his department, as failure to be familiar with the prices for all articles and goods offered for sale will not be considered an excuse for overcharges.

EXEMPTION BOARDS GET BUSY AGAIN

Now that the epidemic is on the wane, the local exemption boards are beginning to resume their normal tenor again and the relaxation that has come about because of the prevalent illness is being changed to the customary rigidity necessary for the proper conduct of military affairs. The exemption boards wish that all young men between 19 and 27 who have not yet returned their questionnaires do so at once so that the work of classification may be cleared up. Extensions of time were given in many instances because of the epidemic, but it is felt that the situation is now so well in hand that further delay is unnecessary.

LIBERATION OF BRUGES

Scenes of Happiness There Eclipsed Those at Lille, Says Correspondent

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Scenes of happiness at Bruges eclipsed those at Lille, after the liberation of the two cities, according to the correspondent of the Daily Mail. During the occupation of Bruges by the Germans, the people there were not allowed to receive news from the outer world or from their friends inside the German lines, unless the news was handled by the German officers. The correspondent writes:

"When the only American woman left in Bruges was told of the deeds of Americans in France, she cried in happiness: 'Oh, if I had only known that!' Bruges was fined enormous sums and everything made of metal was taken away. The city was searched four times for copper. The works at Bruges were robbed of every scrap of machinery. The Germans paid for nothing except food and drink, and then only in paper money. The town itself is intact and the old beirry and the front of the hotel de ville are unharmed. Most of the pictures remain in the gallery and Bruges seems to be as restful as in the old days, except that all the bridges are gone. German mines completed the work done by British torpedoes, which were launched at the submarine base at Bruges.

SICKNESS IN THE FAMILY

Means Unusual Strain on the Nerves of Every Member

At a Time When a Safe and Reliable Blood Building Tonic Will Save Much Suffering

At this time when there is sickness in so many families, the burden that is being borne by those not afflicted will result in much subsequent suffering unless steps are taken to build up the health to withstand the unusual strain.

Overwork and worry are the most common causes of neurasthenia, that loss of nerve force which makes so many people irritable, sleepless, melancholy and dyspeptic. The remedy and the preventative is to keep the blood built up by the use of a good, non-alcoholic tonic so that the nerves will be well nourished. This prevents the form of nervous debility so commonly encountered after severe epidemics in which those not actually stricken are subjected to the most severe worry and strain. This is strikingly shown in a recent case. Work, worry and sickness in her family were the causes of a breakdown in the health of Mrs. George Stearns of No. 302 North Genesee street, Deerfield, N. Y.

"I was so nervous," she says, "that sleep was almost impossible and I would get up and sit in a chair half the night. I was weak and lived in constant fear that something dreadful would happen. My stomach was sour, I belched gas, vomited and had a bad taste in my mouth. I was under a doctor's care but received no help. For years I had heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I decided to take them. A few days showed wonderful results in every way. With good sleep and rest my nerves became quiet and I felt contented. I became strong and generally, my stomach was no longer sour and the vomiting and belching stopped. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have my hearty recommendation and always will as I have great confidence in them."

The nerves get all their nourishment through the blood and the quality of the blood determines the amount of nourishment the nervous system receives. There is no way of restoring weak nerves, no way of getting medicine to the nerves, except through the blood.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have one direct action: to build up the blood and increase its capacity to carry nourishment to the tissues of the body. In this generalized improvement the nerves quickly share and the treatment has been successful in relieving many nervous conditions, particularly cases in which mad irritation is a factor, such as nervous headache, neurasthenia and incipient St. Vitus' dance. Of course their direct action makes them an ideal remedy for anemia, chlorosis, pallid and sallow complexions and such debilitating disorders as the grip and after-effects of influenza.

There has been no increase in the price of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are sold by all druggists or will be sent on receipt of price, fifty cents a box or six boxes for two dollars fifty cents, addressing Dr. Williams Medical Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Write today for free booklet on the treatment of nervous disorders. No charge.

News From Camp Devens

FIRE DESTROYS AMMUNITION STOREHOUSE AT CAMP DEVENS—MANY VISITORS

CAMP DEVENS, Oct. 21.—If it were not for the efficient work of the camp fire department, under Lieut. John F. Harrington of East Boston, there might have been some fireworks here yesterday. About 1 o'clock an ordinance supply building on the road to the base hospital burst into flames. The fireworks, that did not materialize, were expected from several boxes of "live" ammunition in the building.

How the fire started is not known. When the fire department arrived the building was a mass of flame and the tar-paper roof caused clouds of black smoke, which were visible all over camp.

Maj. Gen. McCain was at lunch when the fire started and with members of the staff went to the scene. There are a number of buildings close to the supply building and for a time it looked as if some of these would go, too. Men with buckets kept wetting down the roofs so thoroughly that not one of them caught fire.

Reckless of Danger
When it became known that there were several boxes of ammunition in the building the firemen rushed to the burning walls and tore them down, reducing the volume of the fire and allowing the hosemen to get streams through.

The latest kept water playing on the boxes continually until the fire had burned itself out, with the result that the boxes were only charred. There were a few anxious moments, however, while the firemen were tearing down the walls. Besides the ammunition, there were about 100 army revolvers in the building. These revolvers can be salvaged, as only the wooden grips had been burned off. The fire furnished thousands of visitors with a thrill and gave the soldiers in camp a little excitement.

It was officially announced yesterday by Maj. Barratt O'Hara, assistant division judge advocate and camp Liberty Loan officer, that Devens raised the \$100,000 for the Liberty Loan and some more besides. It is considered possible that this camp

SUCCESS OF CAMP LOAN PLEASES M'CAIN

CAMP DEVENS, Oct. 21.—When Maj. Gen. McCain learned Camp Devens had gone over the \$100,000 Liberty Loan mark set by Maj. Barratt O'Hara, he made the following statement: "I extend my thanks to every officer and soldier who aided in putting the Liberty Loan campaign over the top."

"The thousands of subscribers will reap their reward in two ways—a patriotic duty rendered and a material financial recompense for the future. Every man connected with the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign should feel just pride in the magnificent result achieved."

Supplementing this statement, he said this afternoon: "One of the things that gratifies me most in our Liberty Loan campaign is the fact that the money was given only by officers and men who could afford it. We have emphasized that no man not financially able to do so was to buy a bond, no matter how much he might want to. We got our million without hurting a single soldier."

DEFEAT AT LAST COMES TO 4TH BATTALION ELEVEN AT DEVENS

CAMP DEVENS, Oct. 21.—Sunday football, with the sanction of the military authorities, was played here for the first time yesterday, with a floating attendance estimated at 20,000. The heretofore invincible 4th Battalion eleven was defeated by the 7th Battalion, 20 to 8. Play was difficult at times because of a high wind, which whirled volumes of dust across the field. Neither team scored until late in the third period, when Michael Wren, a South Boston boy, made a 20-yard run for a touchdown. He duplicated the feat shortly after the opening of the fourth period.

The real thrill was furnished by Fay of the losers, who stands 6 ft. 3 in. He received three successive forward passes over the heads of the opposing backfield, drawn up around him.

Feimberg of the 4th Battalion suffered a dislocated shoulder, but refused to leave the game. The summary:

Seventh Battalion: Wiley le, King It, Gleason Is, Sieler c, Caponi rg, Bagleg It, Kennerson lb, Wren qb, Mullen lbh, O'Connor rbb, Cosker fb.

Fourth Battalion: Hewitt lb, Vaughn It, Feimberg lg, Hanna c, Eldredge rg, McIntyre rt, Earle re, Cottrell qb, Desmond lbh, Sullivan rbb, Fay fb.

Score: Seventh Battalion 20, Touchdowns: Wren 2, Mullen. Goals from touchdowns: Wren 2, Referee, Capt. Hoban, Dartmouth. Umpire, Lt. Bunn, Linesman, Holly, K. of C. Time, four 10-min. periods.

PRIV. THOMAS BOOTH IS WOUNDED

Private Thomas Booth of the 43d Canadian battalion, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Booth of 516 Lakewood avenue, has been wounded in France, according to word received by his parents. Private Booth enlisted last December and was in training in England until early in the summer. He has played on a baseball team in England a number of times for Red Cross benefits. He went to the front last August and saw active service until the time of his injury. The soldier was formerly employed in the Massachusetts cotton mills and was well known in local baseball circles. Besides his parents, he has four sisters and two brothers. One of his sisters is now doing nursing duty at Camp Devens.

AFTER DARK RESTRICTIONS ON VISITORS AT CAMP DEVENS ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY

CAMP DEVENS, Oct. 21.—Many people seem to think it necessary to have a pass to enter Camp Devens. A pass is not required if one merely

may have exceeded its self-imposed quota by as much as \$100,000.

Got Extra \$100,000
When Maj. O'Hara set up the million mark, Lieut. Donald Swain, Liberty Loan officer for the Depot Brigade, said he would "do his damnedest" to get an extra \$100,000 out of the Depot Brigade. Apparently that is exactly what he did, for he not only got the \$100,000 but an extra \$25,000 with it, so that in all the Depot Brigade came through with \$125,000. Other organizations whose reports have been received subscribed as follows:

Forty-Second Infantry, \$114,500; 212th Engineers, \$71,500; 74th Infantry, \$83,200; Camp Utilities, \$19,200; 36th Machine Gun Battalion, \$17,900; 24th Machine Gun Battalion, \$8,550; Cooks and Bakers' School, 10,550. In all of these seven units the officers were 100 per cent subscribed. Other units came through in just as fine style. All in all, the men have done a pretty good job. Their commanding general is proud of them and they will be happy if they lead all the camps in the country.

Large Crowd Visits Camp

There was a larger crowd than ever at camp yesterday, the lifting of the ban on gasoline being the reason. From early morning until dark a steady stream of automobiles flowed along roads leading to camp. This was the fourth Sunday that no passes were given for the men to go home.

According to orders issued last night, seven lieutenants have been transferred from the Depot Brigade to the 12th Division. They are: Samuel E. Chew, Walter K. Wheeler, Jr., William S. Eddy, Kenneth Y. Wright, Roger S. Robbins, Frank D. Haney, and Edward G. Shepherd. Lieut. Joseph A. Lafferty, Harry S. Reynolds and Capt. Jay H. Bacon and Wilbert F. McNary will report today to Harvard Graduate School of Medicine, Cambridge for a course of instruction.

Officers are pleased with the announcement made yesterday in an official memorandum to the effect that the Harvard club of Boston wishes to extend its facilities to them.

The camp adjutant will give any officer a preliminary card which may be exchanged for a regular guest card either at the club or by correspondence. The officers appreciate this courtesy.

Yesterday, however, the following ruling was announced regarding visitors who come after dark: "Except to go by the direct road to and from the Y.W.C.A. Hostel House, visitors will not hereafter be permitted in the cantonment between 7:30 p. m. and reveille unless accompanied by a commissioned officer. Exceptions to this rule will be permitted in the case of visitors attending authorized entertainments in the camp. On such occasions the one inviting the guests must escort them between the gate and the place of entertainment."

RECEPTION TO LOWELL BOYS IN SERVICE

Harry Lowe, a Lowell boy who has seen a year and a half of active service with the United States naval forces, and William J. Smith, who left for Fort Williams, Portland, Me., this morning with Division 3's quota, were tendered a reception last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Michael E. Roman of 33 Merrill street. Lowe has been home on a furlough and the receipt of orders calling him back to duty was the occasion of his reception last evening. The affair was held by a dozen or so companions of the young men and in the course of the evening each was presented an expensive wrist watch as a token of the respect in which he was held. The presentation was made by Edmund J. Roman, who himself has just been inducted into the Students' Army Training Corps at Boston college where he is beginning his sophomore year. Mr. Roman had previously been given a wrist watch by his friends.

PRESENTS U. S. SHIELD TO CITY OF LILLE

PARIS, Sunday, Oct. 20 (Havas).—American Ambassador Sharp today placed at the foot of the statue of the city of Lille a wreath of flowers. He also deposited a shield bearing an inscription of homage to the city from the United States.

SAILOR FATALLY INJURED IN BOSTON

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Alexander Leighton of Somerville, a chief boatswain's mate, U.S.N., was fatally injured when he fell in front of a train at the Sullivan square station of the Boston Elevated railway today. Both legs were cut off. Traffic over the line was held up for 35 minutes.

Millions Use It For Colds

Because "Pape's Cold Compound" relieves cold or grippé misery in a few hours—Really wonderful!

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end grippé misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs. It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages; stops nasty discharge or nose running; relieves

NO RALLY HERE TONIGHT

Democratic Candidates Not Coming on Account of Ban—Democratic Club Formed

The big democratic rally announced for this city tonight has been called off in deference to the ban on large gatherings. This action was taken at a meeting of local democrats held at the headquarters, Room 1, Odd Fellows building, yesterday afternoon.

The meeting was called primarily to organize a permanent local democratic club. Owing to the ban the attendance was kept down to a minimum, with only a representative from each ward being present. Mr. James F. Heslin presided and in opening the meeting thanked those who had responded to the call. He told of the purpose of the meeting, first to be organized to boom the candidacies of Long for governor, Walsh for United States senator and all other state and local democratic candidates, and secondly to organize a permanent and representative democratic club that will have power and authority to act in all matters pertaining to state democracy.

The first business taken up was the election of officers and James F. Heslin was chosen chairman and William H. Sullivan secretary. Representative Thomas Corbett was named to be chairman of the rally committee. Messrs. Heslin and Sullivan were named as the advertising committee.

Ward executives were appointed and a general discussion of plans for rallies and getting out the vote on election day were discussed at length. Many suggestions were made and noted and these will be acted upon and then submitted to the state committee in Boston. It was announced that the committee will have charge of all local plans for the elections, and that Candidate Long and the other candidates have pledged their support to every undertaking of the club.

One fact that the committee plans to impress upon the voters of Lowell is that a sufficient number of autos will be at the disposal of the officers on election day to cover the entire city, and that if any man who cares to vote is unable to go to the polls, his name only has to be reported to

sick headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness. "Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Don't accept a substitute. Insist on "Pape's"—nothing else.—Adv.

headquarters and an auto will be dispatched to his home. Many other matters were discussed, and it was announced that the rally scheduled for tonight had been called off at the request of the local health officials, but just as soon as the ban is lifted a rally will be held here. The meeting was then adjourned until next Sunday, when, providing the ban is off, a big general meeting will be held.

WALSH AND LONG IN STATE-WIDE CAMPAIGN

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Former Governor David I. Walsh and Richard H. Long, democratic nominees for United States senator and governor, respectively, today began a joint state-wide speaking tour. Before the Massachusetts election, which comes Nov. 5, the candidates expect to address 150 rallies. This week they will appear in eastern Massachusetts, starting today in Essex county cities and towns. Gradually they will work west to the New York state line, returning to Boston for a series of rallies the last few days of the campaign.

MAIL QUESTIONNAIRES TO REGISTRANTS

(Special To The Sun.)

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Oct. 21.—Instructions issued today by Major Rogers, election officer in charge of the draft in Massachusetts, permit local boards 1, 3 and 4 in the city of Lowell, and Massachusetts divisions 15 and 19, to begin at once the mailing of questionnaires to registrants who were less than 19, or between the ages of 37 and 45 years, on the day of registration. These boards have reported to headquarters that the work of classifying registrants between the ages of 19 and 36 years has been completed.

As a result of these instructions, registrants of the ages first mentioned will receive their questionnaires within a few days in wards 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of Lowell, and in the towns of Chelmsford, Dracut, Dunstable, Methuen, Tewksbury, Tyngsboro and Westford. HOYT.



Resinol

the tested skin treatment

"Resinol is what you want for your skin trouble—Resinol to stop the itching and burning—Resinol to heal the eruption. This gentle ointment has been so effective for years in treating eczema, ring worm, itching, burning rashes, and sores, that it has become a standard skin treatment. It contains nothing that could irritate the tenderest skin."

Your druggist will also tell you that Resinol Ointment is excellent for relieving the smart, itch, and burn of mosquito-bites, and insect-stings. It soothes and cools skins burned by wind or sun. All dealers sell Resinol Ointment.

Men who use Resinol Shaving Stick find soothing lotions unnecessary.

Blanket Your Horses

The first cold weather is the most severe. We have a mammoth stock to select from. We make a specialty of Extra Large Street Blankets. Leathered and lined.

We Have AUTOMOBILE and CARRIAGE ROBES in good variety. We Have DOUBLE and SINGLE HARNESSSES for All Purposes. OUR STOCK IS VERY COMPLETE

All fresh goods purchased since our big fire. WE ARE LOWELL AGENTS FOR KELLY-SPRINGFIELD

TIRES and TUBES

Come any time; you will find us at home.

C. H. HANSON & CO. Inc.
61 ROCK STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

HELP WANTED

Pitts Auto Supply

AMERICAN AND ITALIAN GROCERIES

Imported Olive Oil and Macaroni. Full line of Fruits, Candies and Tobacco.

Joe and Susie Carpenito
152-154 GORHAM ST.

IMPORTANT!

SUGAR

REGISTRATION CARDS MUST BE SIGNED

You must sign a registration card to obtain your sugar for November. Your family is entitled to two pounds per month for each member. Where you register is where you get the coupons which are redeemable ANYWHERE.

You Must Sign Only One Registration Card

By signing the card you will receive coupons which can be redeemed at any grocery store, market, etc. But only one coupon can be redeemed at a time.

You can register at ANY GROCERY STORE, MARKET, ETC., BUT ONLY ONE.

Attempts to get more sugar than you are entitled to will make you liable to be cut off from sugar for the remainder of the war.

Fairburn's Market

Will Be Glad to Receive Your Registration

(The above advertisement is not connected with the Food Administration in any way but is paid for by Fairburn's Market, Inc., to help the Food Administration.)

SPANISH INFLUENZA: WHAT IT IS

AND HOW IT SHOULD BE TREATED

Nothing New—Simply the Old Grip, or la Grippe, That
Was Epidemic in 1889-90, Only Then It Came From
Russia By Way of France and This Time By Way
of Spain.

**Go to Bed and Stay Quiet—
Take a Laxative—Eat Plenty
of Nourishing Food—Keep Up
Your Strength—Nature Is the
Only "Cure."**

ALWAYS CALL A DOCTOR

NO OCCASION FOR PANIC

Spanish Influenza, which appeared in Spain in May, has all the appearance of grip or the grippie, which has swept over the world in numerous epidemics

after the fever has left you, or if you are over 50 or not strong, stay in bed four days or more, according to the severity of the attack.

EXTERNAL APPLICATIONS

In order to stimulate the lining of the air passages to throw off the grip germs, to aid in loosening the phlegm and keeping the air passages open, thus making the breathing easier, Vick's VapoRub will be found effective. Hot, wet towels should be applied over the throat, chest and back between the shoulder blades to open the pores. Then VapoRub should be rubbed in over the parts until the skin is red, sweet and warm.

As far back as history runs, Hippocrates refers to an epidemic in 412 B. C., which is regarded by many to have been influenza. Every century has had its attacks. Beginning with 1521, this country has had five epidemics, the last in 1839-90.

There is no occasion for panic—influenza itself has a very low percentage of fatalities—not over one death out of every four hundred cases, according to the N. C. board of health.

The chief danger lies in complications arising, attacking principally patients in a run down condition—those who don't go to bed soon enough, or those who get up too early.

THE EARLY

Grip, or influenza, as it is now called, usually begins with a chill, followed by aching, feverishness and sometimes nausea and dizziness, and a general feeling of weakness and depression. The temperature is from 100 to 104, and the fever usually lasts from three to five days. The

two thicknesses of hot flannel clothing leave the clothing loose around the neck as the heat of the body liberates the ingredients in the form of vapors. These vapors, inhaled with each breath, carry the medication directly to the parts affected. At the same time, VapoRub is absorbed through and stimulates the skin, attracting the blood to the surface, and thus aids in relieving the congestion within.

HOW TO AVOID THE DISEASE

Evidence seems to prove that this is a germ disease, spread principally by human contact, chiefly through coughing, sneezing or spitting. Avoiding persons having colds—which means avoiding crowds—common drinking cups, roller towels, etc.—keep your body strengthened by plenty of exercise in the open air, and good food.

KEEP FREE FROM COLDS

Above all, keep free from colds, as these irritate the lining of the air passages and render them much better breeding places for the germs. Use VapoRub at the very first signs of a cold. For a head cold, use VapoRub on the forehead.

slimous membrane or lining of the air passages—nose, throat, and bronchial tubes—there is usually a hard cough, especially bad at night, often accompanied by a hoarse and hoarse. Frequently all the qualities of a severe head cold.

THE TREATMENT

Go to bed at the first symptoms, not only for your own sake, but to avoid spreading the disease to others—take a purgative, eat plenty of nourishing food, and keep the patient quiet and warm. Quinine, Aspirin or Dover's Powder, etc., may be administered by the physician in directions to relieve the aching, but the only specific for influenza—the disease must run its course. Nature herself will throw off the disease, and the patient will gain strength. The chief danger lies in the complications which may arise. Influenza so weakens the body's resistance that there is a danger of pneumonia or bronchitis developing, and sometimes inflammation of the middle ear, or of the sinuses. It is particularly important that the patient re-

frain from eating and drinking. Vaporub in a spoon and inhale the vapors. Use Vaporub in a bowl of benzoin steam kettle. If no steam kettle available, use an ordinary teakettle. Fill half full of boiling water, put in a few drops of Vaporub, and allow it to time—keep the kettle just slowly boiling and inhale the steam arising.

NOTE: Vick's Vaporub is the discovery of a North Carolina druggist who followed the lead of the famous form, Menthol and Camphor, with such volatile oils as Eucalyptus, Thyme, Cubeb, etc., so that when the saline is added to the water, the vapors of the oils are liberated in the form of vapors.

Vaporub is comparatively new in New York state and New England and a few western states, where it is just now being introduced, but in other sections of the country it has been a hard home remedy in more than a million homes for all forms of cold throat and chest ailments for many years last year. It is particularly recommended for children's croup or croup, and it is externally applied the throat and chest, and is not to be used without the slightest harmful effects.

main in bed until his strength returns stay in bed at least two days or more

hands of the president, subject to the will of the court.

The amalgamated forces of 50 nations in 20 zones would total 1,300,000, men, each nation contributing 20,000 men and 20 ships.

No citizen or representative of any nation to hold a diplomatic position in any other country, and no diplomat but the three authorized representatives allowed in the supreme court zone.

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing. Toblo's, Associate bldg.

Fire and liability insurance. Daniel I. O'Brien, Wyman's Exchange.

A recuperative diet in influenza. Morlek's Malted Milk, very digestible.

Private Abram Dixon, Battery F, 50th Field Artillery, wishes to learn the address of his sister, Miss Annie

liberal cooperation may be had in these sizes at all druggists.

SPRINGFIELD AIRPLANE WORKERS ON STRIKE

SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 21.—The employees of the Springfield Aircraft corporation walked out this morning in an effort to enforce demands for an increase in wages. A demand for an eight hour day has been granted and took effect today. The company employs about 1200 persons who are said to be unorganized.

LIBERATED GREEKS REACH SALONIKI

SALONIKI, Sunday, Oct. 20.—Greeks from eastern Macedonia who were taken

Nerwich of this city. John J. Walker of 22 Lyon street has received a letter from Private Dixon asking him to help to locate Miss Nerwich and Mr. Walker will be glad to receive any information on the subject.

Mrs. Mary Marzec of 56 William street has received word to the effect that her son, Private Victor Marzec, who was wounded in action on July 26, has arrived at Lakewood, N. J., where he is recuperating. The young soldier, who is a member of Company A, 101st Infantry, was shot in the chest, right hand and left knee and, although he will recover, it is not believed he will ever be fit to return to the front. The young soldier enlisted over a year ago and went to France shortly after his enlistment.

The members of Club Lafayette did their "bit" in the Fourth Liberty loan drive Saturday night when they subscribed about \$8000. The matter of subscriptions among the members of

en from their homes by the Bulgarians and sent to the neighborhood of Kitchevo, Serbia, during the war, are arriving here after their liberation by the allies. They say that they were forced to construct trenches along the Struma front and were under fire much of the time. Not only the men but women and children were under shell-fire from the allied artillery at times.

During the occupation of Greece and Macedonia, tens of thousands of persons were deported and many of them have died from their harrowing experiences.

MATRIMONIAL

Sergt. Sidney C. Hill of Camp Devens and Miss Gertrude C. Earle of the office force of the N. E. Tel. Co. of this city, were married Oct. 13 by Rev. A. R. Ditts of the Calvary Baptist church, the ceremony being performed at the clergyman's home. The best man was Mr. William L. Hill, a brother of the bridegroom, while the brides-

The club was taken up by E. Gaston Campbell, Saturday, and before midnight he had subscriptions among club members amounting to about \$5000.

The many friends of Private Harry Gerson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Gerson of 20-Washington street, will be pleased to hear of his safe arrival over there. Private Gerson, who was formerly connected with the Gerson Bottling Co., enlisted in July 1918, and was sent to the Westworth Institute in Boston where he remained two months. He was later transferred to Camp Hancock, Ga., and then sent to Camp Upton from whence he was sent across.

Mrs. Anna M. (Sullivan) Lister, formerly of Lowell, now of New York City, is very busy caring for the influenza victims in the crowded tenement district. Mrs. Lister is a graduate nurse and a chauffeur of no mean

rank. She was a sister of the bride, Miss Stella Earle. After a brief honeymoon trip the bridegroom will return to his military duties, while the bride will make her home in this city.

Budlers in a majority of the wealthy American homes are being replaced by women.

**EPILEPTIC
ATTACKS
Have Been
STOPPED
For Over 50 Years**
by DR. KLINE'S FIPLEPTIC
REMEDY. It is a rational and remarkably successful treatment for Fits, Epilepsy (Falling Sickness) and kindred Nervous Derangements. Get or order it at any drug store.

On the first of eighteen hours administering first aid and driving a motor ambulance after the explosion at Perth Amboy, N. J.

The many friends of Sergt. M. F. Constantineau whose home is 26 Livingstonstone street, Lowell, formerly attached to the Headquarters Co. 4th Infantry and brother of the late Leo (Connie) Constantineau, will be pleased to hear of his promotion to sergeant. He has been ordered to attend a school for young officers located "somewhere in England."

KILLED IN AUTO UPSET

Westford Woman Victim of Accident—Husband and Son Injured

As the result of an automobile accident in Concord last evening one woman is dead, her son is in the hospital and her husband is suffering from shock. Mrs. William E. Green of Westford is the dead woman. The name of her injured son is William Kenneth Green.

The accident happened on Bedford street, at the foot of Steep Hollow Hill, just outside of Concord Centre, about 8 o'clock. According to Mr. Green, a flat tire caused the accident. He was driving his machine home from Bedford and was travelling along the car track on the right hand side of the street. The flat tire on a slippery street, made so by light rain, caused the machine to swerve across to the left of the highway and leave the roadway. Before he could stop the machine, it crashed through a fence and tore down a 20-foot embankment, landing bottom side up in a brook.

O'LEARY ON TRIAL ON CONSPIRACY CHARGE

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Jeremiah A. O'Leary acted as associate counsel today at the opening of his trial on charge of conspiracy to obstruct the nation's military preparations.

With the Bull Publishing Co., and Luther S. Bedford and Adolf Stern, its editor and publisher, respectively, O'Leary went on trial before Judge Cushman and a jury in the federal court on indictments based on articles in Bull, an anti-British periodical.

O'Leary raised a technical objection which was overruled, to the manner of impaneling the jury.

The government charges that the defendants "conspired to obstruct recruiting and enlistment and to create insubordination in the army and navy."

Los Angeles has 90,000 school pupils.

LEADERS FOR GERMAN DEMOCRACY

By virtue of his position as leader of the majority socialist party of Germany, Philip Scheidemann, must be reckoned as one of the powers in Germany should there be a change in government.

Scheidemann has already been spoken of as a possible successor to Prince Max of Baden, as chancellor. As leader



of the socialists in the reichstag he has been prominently in the public eye since the beginning of the war.

Even under the present regime, Scheidemann's power has been great enough to secure for him the vice presidency of the reichstag and a place in Prince Max's cabinet as minister without a portfolio.

Scheidemann's influence has not waned though he has been charged with being a pawn in the hands of the pan-German party.

There is no greater power for good in Germany than the pen of Maximilian Harden, socialist editor of Die Zukunft.

Time after time since the war started has his paper been suppressed for



its radical attacks on the militaristic class in Germany, on the conduct of the war and on the Kaiser himself.

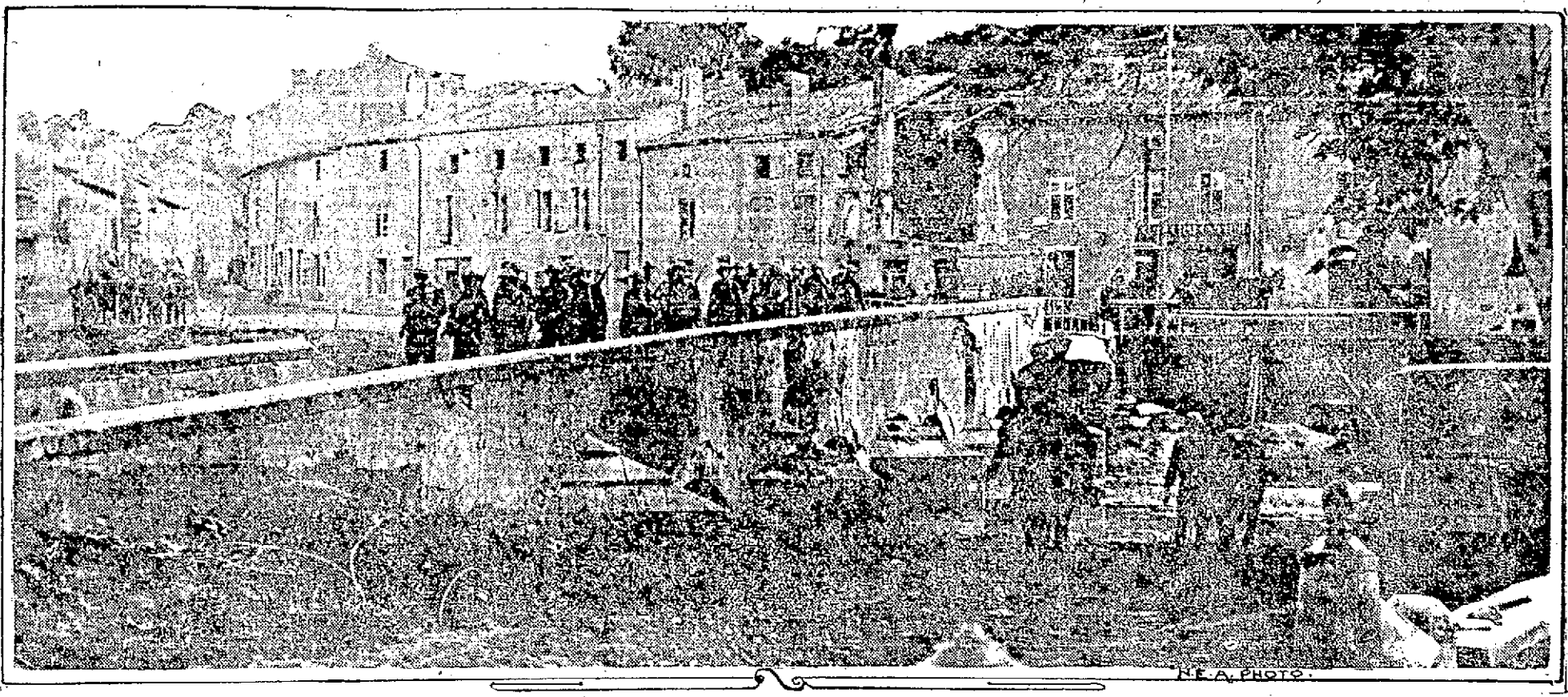
Why he has not been effectually silenced is the mystery which the world has not been able to solve.

It is said that Harden was the confidant of Bismarck and that the iron chancellor, embittered by being driven from court, told him court secrets which the Kaiser dare not have made public. These documents, it is said, Harden has concealed outside Germany.

Any reconstruction of Germany along liberal lines must include Harden.

Bright, Sears & Co.
Bankers and Brokers

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
SECOND FLOOR



FIRST PICTURE OF THE AMERICANS' ST. MIHIEL OFFENSIVE!

This hot news picture, rushed from France by an N. E. A. correspondent, shows American soldiers marching through the streets of Thiancourt, one of the first towns they captured in the now famous St. Mihiel offensive—the drive that bit off the four-year-old German "nose" in France and showed the Huns finally and forever that the Yanks can fight. It is the first picture from this battle front to reach this country. Thiancourt was the largest of the German-held towns against which the Americans drove in the south in "squeezing out" the salient. A detachment of Yanks is shown crossing a bridge; others are watering their tired horses in the stream; and in the distance are what appear to be horse-drawn light field guns.

SLAUGHTER OF BELGIAN WOMEN AND BABES

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—Brand Whitlock, American minister to Belgium, whose "Memoirs of Belgium Under the German Occupation" is being being published in the New York World, paints a vivid and terrible word picture of cruelty and almost unspeakable atrocities practised by the apostles of hatred.

After describing the awful treatment Belgian civil prisoners, men, women and little children, received, he says:

"One scene remains to be described, a scene that in its unsurpassed and shameful cruelty has no counterpart, even in the dark annals of savage tribes. It was on that Sunday morning of the 23d.

"The Germans that swarmed down the Friedland road entered the quarter of Penant, arrested the inhabitants and took them to the Rocher Bayard, the famous and picturesque rock that, split off from the cliff and overlooking the lovely Meuse, is associated in romantic legend with the life of the town and their famous horse Bayard.

"The people were held there, evidently as a screen, while the Germans began to construct a temporary bridge over the river. The French were on the other side, and now and then they shot at the soldiers working there.

"The Germans, annoyed by the spitting irregular fire, sent a citizen of Dinant, one of the prisoners, in a boat across the river to inform the French that unless they ceased firing the civilians would be shot. M. Bourdier made his dangerous voyage, accomplished his mission and returned to take his place among his fellows. But a few stray bullets still sped across the river.

"Then was committed the atrocious crime. The prisoners were massed together, nearly ninety of them, old men and young, women, girls and boys, little children and babies in their mothers' arms. A platoon was called up, the colonel in command gave the word to fire, and the gray soldiers in cold blood shot down those 90 persons as they stood huddled there together.

"Among them were 12 children under the age of 6 years, six of whom were little babies, whose mothers, as they stood up to face their pitiless murderers, held them in their arms."

15,000 GERMANS ARE INTERNED IN HOLLAND

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Fifteen thousand retreating German soldiers have been interned in Holland, after being cut off by Belgian troops moving northward from Eindhoven, according to reports from the frontier reaching Amsterdam and transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph Co.

Belgian soldiers took charge of the Dutch-Belgian border Saturday night and were received enthusiastically by the populace.

DENY REHEARING IN SHOE MACHINERY CASE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Government motions for a rehearing of the dissolution suit against the United Shoe Machinery Co., which was decided in favor of the company, were denied today by the supreme court.

In asking for a rehearing the government contended that if the supreme court's opinion holding the company not to be an organization in restraint of trade stands it offers glimmering organizations an avenue of escape from the prohibition of the Sherman law and also renders questions as to the limits of the patent grant.

The shoe machinery case was decided May 26 in a four to three opinion, Justices McReynolds and Brandeis taking no part.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

FRENCH HONOR GIVEN BAKER GETS \$18,349 FROM WORLD'S SERIES

BALTIMORE, Oct. 21.—Delegates from the Catholics of France, England, Belgium, Ireland, Canada and Mexico joined with those from this country here yesterday in honoring Cardinal Gibbons on his 50th anniversary as a bishop.

Bishop F. W. Keating of Northampton, England, and Bishop Eugene L. Julien of Arras, France, occupied prominent parts in the ceremony.

It was announced that the French government has conferred on the cardinal, through Ambassador Jusserand at Washington, the insignia of a grand officer of the Legion of Honor. It was also announced that the Sulpicians, who are to build a new seminary at Washington, will make it a memorial to the cardinal.

The cardinal reviewed his work in the church from the days when he was a seminarian and praised the amicable relations that have existed between the church and state in America. He said its absolute independence of the church from the state had proved the greatest blessing of the church in America.

The reindeer has been known to pull 200 pounds at ten miles an hour for 12 hours.

CINCINNATI, O., OCT. 21.—A cheque for \$18,349.32 was forwarded to Secretary of War Baker today by the National baseball commission and with \$2315.27 already given by the Boston American League club players, represents 10 per cent of the revenue received by all interested parties in the recent world's series to be donated to war charities.

The total amount is \$18,349.59 but the Boston players contributed \$2315.27 shortly after the series ended. Secretary Baker is asked to distribute the amount.

Among the amounts noted in the letter to Secretary Baker are these: Boston players, \$2315.27; Chicago National League team, \$3454.85; New York Nationals and Cleveland Americans, \$773.50 each; Cincinnati Nationals and Washington Americans, \$164.10 each; Pittsburgh Nationals and New York Americans, \$309.50 each; the umpires, \$50 each; members of the commission, \$35 each; the National league and the American league, \$116.61 each, and the National commission, \$1785.19.

WASHINGTON, OCT. 21.—Germany is drawing heavily upon other parts of the western front for reinforcements to check the Americans north of Verdun. General Feinsinger's communiqué for Sunday says during the heavy fighting of the past week a constantly increasing number of German divisions have been brought up and are bitterly contesting every foot of ground.

HEARING ON LAW TO PROHIBIT TRANSPORTATION OF LIQUOR INTO DRY STATES

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—At the government's request in order to insure prompt and uniform enforcement of the statute, the supreme court agreed today to expedite proceedings involving interpretations of the law prohibiting the transportation of intoxicating liquors into dry states and fixed Dec. 7 for hearing arguments. Lower court decisions have held that the act does not prohibit transportation of liquor through dry states.

If you want quick returns, try a classified ad in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

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LOWELL MEN LEAVE

Continued

at 7:45 and there was a fairly large crowd of friends and relatives present to see them off.

This is the first time that the local exemption boards have sent men to Fort Williams. They left for their destination on a regular train, going to Wilmington Junction where they joined the quota from Lawrence and thence the trip to Portland was made directly. The embryo soldiers arrived in Portland about 12:30.

Today's Quota

The young men who went away this morning were the following:

DIVISION ONE
George J. Johnson, 41 Groves avenue, Nashua; A. Beaman, 526 Bridge; K. K. Z. Kyracou, 32 Beacon; Gerald H. Zwickler, 246 Beacon; Joseph E. Radard, 342 E. Merrimack; Joseph A. Cahill, 15 Park; George Skafkas, 25 Hanover; Charles Dunlap, 15 Abbott; William J. Bowden, 42 Billerica; Christos A. Katsidis, 66 Jefferson.

DIVISION TWO
John Joseph Coakley, 194 Suffolk; Armand Ritchette, 5 Herford pl.; Donald MacRitchie, 96 Grove; James Gallagher, 159 Cross; Walter J. Dubois, 23 Howard; Omer J. Messier, 57 Greendale ave.; Joseph E. Gauthier, 84 Adams; John Normandy, 245 Fletcher; Ralph J. Mason, 74 Rock; Edwin Mitchell Barnes, 253 Westford.

DIVISION THREE
Manuel Santos, 333 Central; Joseph A. Walsh, 151 Highland av.; William James Smith, 140 Chapel; Joseph E. Ramallo, 327 Central; Thomas Francis Kennedy, 204 South; Charles H. Latham, 530 Chalmers; James Edward Flynn, 297 Central; Albert Moran, 160 Fourth ave.; J. Leslie Taylor, 159 Central; Lawrence Joseph McGrath, 31 Sargent.

DIVISION FOUR
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION FIVE
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION SIX
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION SEVEN
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION EIGHT
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION NINE
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION TEN
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION ELEVEN
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DIVISION TWELVE
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION THIRTEEN
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION FOURTEEN
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION FIFTEEN
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION SIXTEEN
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION SEVENTEEN
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION EIGHTEEN
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION NINETEEN
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION TWENTY
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION TWENTY-ONE
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION TWENTY-TWO
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION TWENTY-THREE
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION TWENTY-FOUR
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION TWENTY-FIVE
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION TWENTY-SIX
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

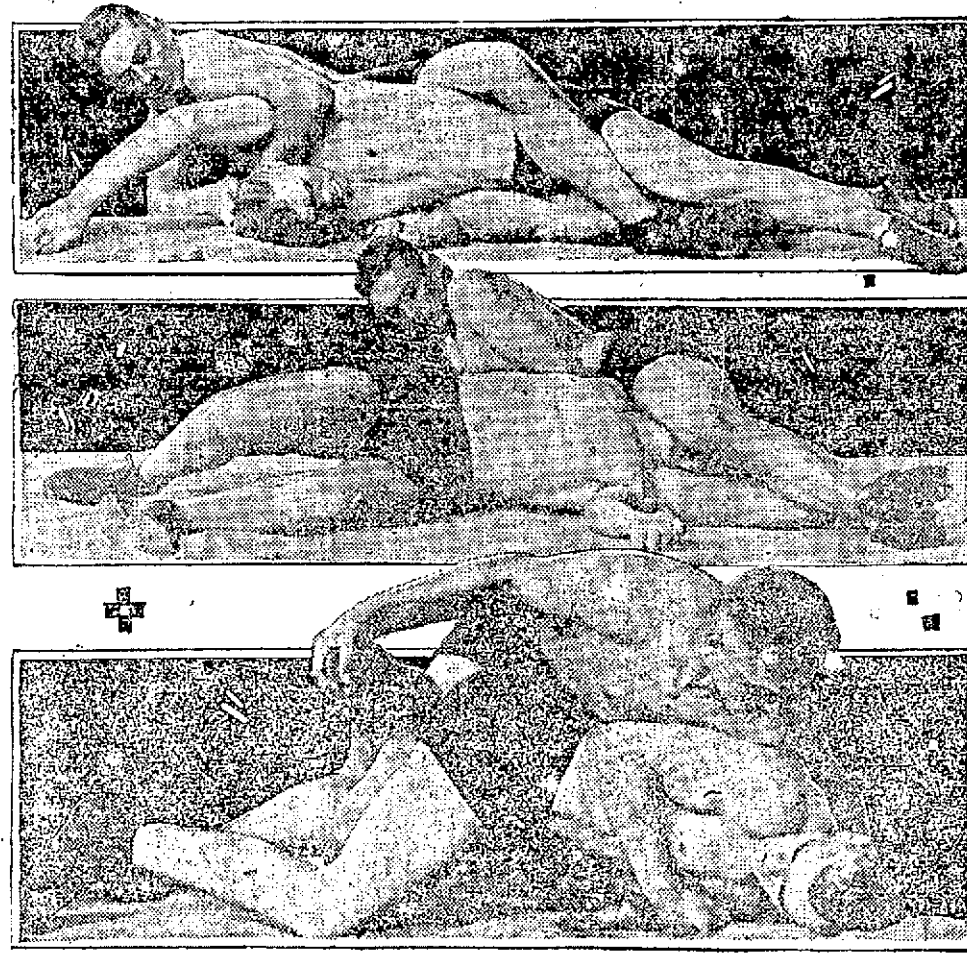
DIVISION TWENTY-SEVEN
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION TWENTY-EIGHT
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION TWENTY-NINE
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION THIRTY
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.

DIVISION THIRTY-ONE
Joseph Levy, 342 West Sixth; Ernest Guerard, 150 Hall; Robert Wood, 91 Exeter; Joseph Lucien Blais, 11 Willie ave.; George Watson Sables, 102 Orleans; Louis Beaulieu, 303 Alton; Joseph J. Farnes, 175 Farnell; Harvey Boucher, 1 Regina pl.; Joseph Ralph Lavallee, 71 Gage; Arthur Masson, 4 Carter pl.



The above pictures showing the three deadly wrestling holds were posed for The Sun by Joe Stecher, one of the greatest heavy-weight wrestlers in the world, now a sailor at the Great Lakes, naval training station.

Above is shown the body scissors, in the middle the head scissors and below the toe hold.

JOE STECHER SHOWS HOW HE GETS "THREE DEADLY WRESTLING HOLDS"

Among the holds the wrestler tries to get on his opponent are the "three deadly holds."

The wrestler who is successful in getting either of these holds is almost certain to win a fall.

The "three deadly holds" are the body scissors, head scissors and toe hold.

In both the scissors holds powerful leg muscles are necessary, as the object is to bring such pressure with the

legs that the man on whom it is being operated will have to give up on account of the pain.

Each of the holds is a punishment hold. Direct falls cannot be obtained from any of them in actual practice, the victim suffers such pain that he cannot resist longer and it is easy for the man who has obtained the hold to pin his shoulders to the mat.

The body scissors, although known to wrestling for years was not generally used until about three years ago when Joe Stecher of Nebraska with perhaps the most powerful leg muscles the mat game has ever known, used it success-

fully in blazing his way to the top of the heavyweight heap.

The head scissors has been successfully developed by Strangler Lewis, one of the best of modern wrestlers.

The toe hold was invented by Frank Gotch,

MISS BARRINGTON DEAD

Lowell Guild Superintendent
Passes Away at Her Home
in Andover

Hundreds of families in Lowell intimately knowing Miss Rachel Barrington, superintendent of the Lowell Guild, through her kindly ministrations to their members in cases of sickness, as well as the thousands of citizens at large, will sincerely mourn her death which occurred Saturday evening at her home in Andover.

Miss Barrington was a victim of influenza. When the severe effects of this disease were seen in this city, at the very start Miss Barrington, at the head of her devoted nurses of Lowell Guild, plunged immediately into the work of aiding the unfortunate persons afflicted. Although in charge of the nurses and in a position to shield herself possibly if she desired to, she was willing to go and did go to every place where the nurses went and many times first, devotedly exposing herself to the possibility of contracting the disease.

Miss Barrington came to Lowell in the spring of 1916 to carry on nursing in connection with the work of trying to fight tuberculosis. When this work was assumed by Lowell Guild she became director of all the nurses carrying on the work of the guild as well as of the nurses used in anti-tuberculosis work. Miss Barrington's skill as a nurse coupled with her executive ability was the object of so much admiration on the part of those who knew her that nothing could increase it except knowledge that she faced the possibility of giving up her own life for the suffering of the sick and suffering and unhesitatingly, and this fact, now realized after her death, is not a fact arising unexpectedly for sacrifice and devotion to duty was part of the life of this woman.

AMERICAN MADE BOLD ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE

GENEVA, Sunday, Oct. 20.—Lieut. Duncan, the American aviator, who, with a companion, landed in the Jura Alps with his undamaged machine a month ago and was interned, made a bold but futile attempt to escape from the internment camp at Andermat, on Wednesday night.

He made a rope with bedclothes and slid down the wall around the barracks, but when he was some distance from the ground the rope broke and he was badly injured. He continued his attempt to escape, however, and walked in the direction of Gossenshen, along the railroad line. His escape was discovered almost immediately, and the alarm was sent out by telephone and telegraph. There is a long tunnel between Andermat and Gossenshen and when the aviator emerged from it he was arrested. He was taken back to Andermat and the guard at the camp was doubled.

LOWELL MAN LOSES AUTO LICENSE

(Special to The Sun)

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Oct. 21.—Robert J. Cairns of Lowell has been notified by the Massachusetts highway commission that his license to operate motor vehicles in this state has been revoked by the commission, following his conviction in the Lowell court last Tuesday on a charge of operating an automobile in such a manner as to endanger the lives and safety of the public.

Another revocation announced by the commission is that of the license of Peter Heon of Chelmsford, the commission having taken action on his case because it learned that on Sept. 30 he was convicted in the Lowell court on a charge of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor.

The operator's license of John S. Peters of Lowell has been suspended for a period of two months, the commission having decided, after investigation, that the accident in which he was involved Sept. 28 was due to the fact that he failed to exercise proper care in the operation of the automobile which he was driving. Incidentally, Peters will be required to pass an examination before the license is reinstated.

HOYT.

SUIT FOR ALLEGED LIBEL.

Writ of attachment in the sum of \$20,000 has been brought against the Courier-Citizen company of Lowell by Stephen Flynn, city clerk of the city of Lowell. This is an action for alleged libel published in the Courier-Citizen on July 11th, 1918, based on the mandamus proceedings begun in the supreme judicial court.

NOTICE

All persons, who have been refused tenements on account of children, and persons who believe their rents have been increased to an unreasonable rate, are requested to communicate with the Trades and Labor Council, 32 Middle street, giving name of house owner and rent increase. All communications will be held confidential.

TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL.
Lowell, Mass.

LOWELL GOES OVER TOP

AND THEN SOME

Lowell not only subscribed her Fighting Fourth Liberty loan quota, but went even beyond her allotment and oversubscribed to the tune of \$1,067,750, which is 16 per cent of her original quota of \$7,000,000. Not less than 30,000 people in this city invested in the securities. This represents 25 per cent of the population.

North Middlesex county also went over the top by subscribing \$11,347,850. The total number of subscribers was 41,491. Every town in the district subscribed its quota and two of them doubled their original allotments. To the banks and large industries and to the general public, especially, is due the credit for the most inspiring outpouring of practical patriotism that Lowell has ever seen. A new precedent in money campaigns has been established and all previous records smashed.

The work of the banks in the drive was notable. Without their help success would have been impossible. The Union National bank alone had a total subscription list of \$2,355,700 and the Appleton National was next with slightly more than \$2,000,000. The other banks can show similarly large totals.

The United States Cartridge Co. furnished the most spectacular individual accomplishment of the campaign. Out of approximately 13,000 employees, 10,400 invested in the government securities with a total outlay of \$837,050 represented in their purchases. The company itself bought \$290,000 worth of bonds which makes a grand total for the industry of \$1,047,050.

The Saturday subscriptions were led by the Tremont & Suffolk mills with \$200,000 additional, making that corporation's total for Lowell \$400,000. The United States Building Co. sent in another \$70,000 making its total for this drive \$170,000. The Brookfield Woolen mills added \$20,000 raising their subscription to \$40,000. The Sterling mills brought \$20,000 more, making their figure \$25,000 and the Belvidere Woolen mills brought \$15,000. The Wamesit National bank added \$10,000 to its previous \$10,000 and the Washington Savings Institution brought another \$25,000 raising that bank to \$175,000. The Turner Mfg. Co. subscribed for \$50,000, the Talbot mills of North Billerica \$30,000 which was credited to J. J. Charles E. Cashin subscribed for \$5000 and John A. Stevens took \$5000 additional making his total \$15,100. George Stevens and Brooks Stevens each bought \$10,000.

A notable industrial subscription was brought in by the Saco-Lowell Shops amounting to \$103,100 for 1436 employees. This is a high percentage of the company's employees. The company subscription is \$60,000. The employees of the Lowell Gas Light Co. bought \$8100 representing 162 purchasers. The Waterhead news boys' club, to 100 per cent, so close that it ought to be called 100, added \$8450 for 163 purchasers. The Merrimack Manufacturing Co. reports about 700 subscribers, the Massachusetts Cotton Mills 494, the Appleton Co. 774, the Lowell Bleachery 387. The employees of the C. F. Hatch Co. subscribed for \$3500 and the employees of W. J. Barry Shoe Co. bought \$950. The employees of the U. S. Bunting Co. added \$200 to their previous total. The Bay State mills of the American Woolen Co. bought \$15,050, 240 persons being on their list and the Beaver Brook mills of the same concern purchased \$14,050 with 257 subscribers and this is in addition to \$4000 which was bought earlier. The Wamesit mills bought \$850 for 17 employees. The George H. Snow Co. subscription was \$500 for the company and for 136 employees \$7400. The Cady Packing Co. employees subscribed for \$1250 for 12 persons.

Any figures given out at the present time can be considered only tentative, because the local loan committee states that it will be several days before the complete results are known. But the figures quoted above are fairly indicative of what the eventual totals will be.

The Lowell Liberty loan committee and its chairman, Robert F. Marden, particularly, are to be congratulated on the magnificent success of the fourth loan for it was their persistent confidence that the community would do its part that brought final success.

ANOTHER SAD CASE

One of the saddest cases reported since the outbreak of the present epidemic was brought to the attention of the Humane society yesterday. Agt. Gilmore received a phone call at his residence about noon to the effect that a woman living in a Tyler street lodging house was ill and in very destitute circumstances.

Mr. Gilmore called at the house, and found the woman suffering from a slight attack of influenza, and about to become a mother. She was unattended, her husband being out of town and his present whereabouts apparently unknown. She had no money to procure medical attendance or any of the necessities of life, and the room was bare of both food and fuel. The agent first looked after the matter of nourishment and warmth, and sent in a hurry call to Supt. Conley of the charities department for a physician.

The doctor and a nurse from the Lowell Guild were soon on the scene. The child was born but died a few hours later. This came as a double blow to the mother by reason of the fact that her only other child, a baby of about two years, had been buried the previous day, Saturday, death being due to influenza. The grief-stricken woman was removed to the hospital later, and the body of the child was cared for by the charities department.

OSCAR BECHT'S FRIENDS GIVE FAREWELL PARTY TO HIM

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Becht of Penn avenue, was the scene last Saturday night of a very pleasant farewell party tendered to their son Oscar, by several of his friends.

During the evening he was presented with a service kit from his parents and a letter watch from the boys of the Manhattan Social club, the presentation speech being made by his son, Joseph F. Becht. The social was enjoyed by many of his friends. Mr. Becht leaves Tuesday morning for Fort Warren, Boston, to enter the service of Uncle Sam.

BACK AT HIS POST

City Messenger Owen A. Monahan is back at his post at city hall after several weeks' absence due to the prevailing epidemic.

FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN

Estimates Show Over 25,000,000 Subscribers—Put Loan Way Over the Top

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Estimates and figures showing the success of the Fourth Liberty loan poured into the treasury today, indicating that there were about 25,000,000 subscribers during the campaign which closed Saturday night and that the six billion dollar goal was passed by several hundred millions.

All orders for coupon bonds are being filled immediately and plenty of registered bonds will be ready as fast as requisitions reach the treasury.

Thirteen hundred clerks were at work today examining, counting and shipping bonds as fast as they came from the bureau of engraving and printing.

Although the exact number of bonds sold will not be known for many weeks, officials estimate that it is more than 30,000,000. In the third loan slightly less than 25,000,000 were bought.

Reports from all of the reserve districts show that the honor roll of subscribers bears 22,000,000 names as a minimum and probably will be found to have several million more.

Due to influenza, peace talk and the fact that many participants in the third loan are now in the army, the number of subscribers in the Boston, Philadelphia and possibly some other districts, probably is no greater than in the third loan.

It is apparent, however, that at least 20 per cent of the population of the United States bought bonds, a record equalling and probably exceeding the percentage record the British Victory loan of 1917, which had 9,000,000.

The first Liberty loan had about 4,500,000 subscribers, or 4 per cent of the population. The second had about 9,500,000, or 9 per cent. The third 13,300,000, or 17 per cent.

AMERICA RAISES 16 BILLIONS FOR WAR

About \$16,000,000,000 has now been raised by the American people in popular war loans since the United States entered the war, and all loans have been oversubscribed. The first loan was for \$2,000,000,000 and there was a billion dollar oversubscription, but none of this oversubscription was accepted. The second loan was for \$3,000,000,000 and the government took only half the oversubscription, making a total actually paid of \$3,805,000,000. The third loan was for \$3,000,000,000 and subscriptions amounted to \$4,175,000,000 all of which was taken.

Take 3000 Huns Continued

outfanking Tournai, an important railway junction, which has been rendered useless to the Germans.

Gains for French and British

The Belgians are along the Deynze-Recio canal, which runs northward from the Lys river to Zebrugge, and have taken a number of important points near that waterway. Further south, the French have crossed the Lys and have established bridgeheads at various points. Along the Lys, the British second army has moved swiftly toward the Scheldt river and is at Pecq, on the west bank of the river.

Closing in on Ghent

In this sector of the battle line the allies are moving toward the south-east and it seems they will be able to reach Ghent with their main forces in a short time. The Germans have flooded some of the country but this has failed to interfere with the progress of the armies commanded by King Albert.

British and Americans Smash On

British and American troops are fighting their way ahead along a 10-mile front east of Le Cateau. They have advanced a mile in a day and appear to have reached a point from which they can seriously threaten the German line running through Avesnes and Berlaumont. This road is the principal avenue of communication between the German armies north and south of the wedge being driven into their lines by the allies.

Big Advances for French

Bad weather has not checked the advance of the French along the Oise and Serre rivers, where successes are reported. On the southern side of the Lys, the French have cut a deep notch into the German lines by reaching the heights to the west of Grand Lup.

Stroke at Le Chesne

Through the Champagne sector there has been no change in the lines, but just west of the Argonne forest the French have moved ahead once more. They have reached the outskirts of the village of Tervuren-sur-Aisne, north of Vouziers. This seems to be a stroke at Le Chesne, the village of Le Chesne is an important highway center and is on a line of railroad which runs southward to Tervuren, behind the front where the Germans are striving to stop the American drive on the line from the Argonne to the Meuse. The capture of Le Chesne would cause a German withdrawal east of the forest.

Yanks Meet Stiff Resistance

American forces are meeting with desperate resistance along the front west of the Meuse. No significant progress has been reported there during the last couple of days. This front is so important to the enemy that he is making a great effort to hold it firmly.

ALLIED GUARDS REPLACE

HUNS AT FRONTIER POST

AMSTERDAM, Sunday, Oct. 20.—German guards at the frontier post of Maastricht, near Waterloo, 16 miles north of Ghent were replaced by elite guards today. The post at Saeftinghe, seven miles farther south, was held by the Germans today, but they said they were leaving at once.

ALLIED FORCES WITHIN TEN MILES OF GHENT

LONDON, Sunday, Oct. 20.—Allied forces in Belgium are within 10 miles of Ghent, according to the official

HUNS SAY U-BOAT BASES

HAD LOST USEFULNESS

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 21.—Germania of Berlin, the organ of the centrist party, prints an obviously inspired commentary on the evacuation by the Germans of the Flanders coast, saying it will have an inconceivable effect on the conduct of the naval war.

The newspaper says that all the German constructed military works at Ostend, Zebrugge and elsewhere were either dismantled entirely and carried off or left in an unusable condition.

"We have succeeded in getting all the ships home," it says. "A few serviceable ships that we were forced to leave were dismantled and then destroyed."

"The importance of Flanders as a base for submarines, it continues, recently declined considerably because measures taken by the enemy made the conduct of U-boat warfare from the Flanders coast so difficult that for some time past it had been more or less given up."

statement issued by the war office tonight. The statement reads:

"The advance of the army groups in Flanders, under command of King Albert, continued throughout today. After vainly trying to arrest our progress toward the western bank of the Lys, along the Deynze-Ecluse canal and near the Dutch frontier, the Germans have been forced to withdraw over the whole front."

"The Belgian army has established itself along the canal. Its left flank is on the Dutch frontier and the army has occupied the important centers of Aelre, Adegem, Belhem and Ussel (about 10 miles west of Ghent)."

HONOR COMMANDER OF ALLIED FORCES IN MACEDONIA

SALONIKI, Sunday, Oct. 20.—The mayor of Saloniki has decided to present a sword of honor to General Franchet d'Esperey, commander of the allied forces in the Macedonian campaign, as a token of the gratitude of the people of the city to the French general who brought about the decisive victory over the enemy.

Lieut. General Milne, commander of the British forces on the Macedonian front will be given a statuette.

FRANCO-SERBIAN TROOPS HAVE ENTERED ZAJETCHAN

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Franco-Serbian troops have entered Zajetchan, 35 miles from the river Danube at Negotin and 45 miles northeast of Nish, according to a Serbian official statement issued Sunday.

ALLIED FORCES SMASH ON LONG WIDE FRONT

PARIS, Oct. 21.—The allied forces, while pushing further into central Belgium on the north, are fighting their way forward on the south toward the Belgian border south of Valenciennes. Sunday the allied troops had to fight the elements as well as the Germans. It drizzled continuously and the soldiers were soaked and blinded by the rain while airplanes were of little use.

With spirits undamped, the allied troops continued their efforts and in Flanders they got a little nearer to the important city of Ghent and are approaching close to the west bank of the Scheldt. On the right of the front in Belgium, the British Fifth army has to all intents and purposes taken Tournai, an important railroad junction.

Further south the British Third army has crossed the Selle and is headed towards Mons by way of Mormal forest, while General Rawlinson's Fourth army has reached the Sambre-Oise canal and is advancing around the southern end of the Mormal forest up the valley of the Sambre towards Maubeuge. The net result of the efforts of the Fourth and Fifth British armies was that the pivot on which the German retreat across Belgium swings, was badly shaken. The British also captured a dozen or so of villages.

On the British right General Debeney is outfanking Guise and is marching towards Hirson for the purpose of taking the Hunding line in the rear. At the same time Generals Mangin and Guillaumet between the Serre and the Aisne and north of Sissonne are attacking the front of the Hunding line.

Finally General Gouraud and the Americans are fighting in most difficult country against determined and tough resistance. The progress is slow but solid progress in the task of pushing the enemy towards the southern Ardennes and up both banks of the Meuse.

TO CELEBRATE THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING

Tomorrow from 2 to 9 p. m. at their home in Putnam avenue, Chelmsford Centre, Mr. and Mrs. Levi Boothby will observe the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding.

Both are now 72 years old but the husband is six months older than the wife. They came to Lowell from Saco, Me., 35 years ago and their home has been made in Lowell and vicinity ever since. They have lived in Chelmsford Centre about four years. They maintain their own home at the Centre and one of the sons, Ira Boothby, member of the Lowell fuel committee, makes his home with his parents. Mrs. Boothby is in excellent health and does her housework.

Mr. Levi Boothby was formerly a carpenter. He was employed by the Cartridge company 16 years, only quitting work on account of impaired eyesight, about three years ago. He is a member of the Golden Cross club and also of I.O.O.F. Mrs. Boothby is a member of and attendant at German Street M. E. church.

Mrs. Boothby's maiden name was Charlotte Miliken and her girlhood home, West Scarborough, Me. Mr. Boothby's home was Saco and the couple lived there before coming to Lowell. They have two sons and two daughters.

Mr. and Mrs. Boothby stated to The Sun reporter that they would be very pleased to be called upon tomorrow afternoon by all their old friends and acquaintances living in Lowell and in this part of Massachusetts. They will keep open house tomorrow afternoon and it is expected there will be a large attendance of friends to come and help them celebrate their golden wedding anniversary.

THURSDAY, Oct. 20.—The 2 o'clock Andover train for Boston was delayed by a return to 105 Mt. Washington st. and receive reward.

200 LIVES WERE LOST

Latest Estimates on Loss of Life and Property in Recent Earthquake in Porto Rico

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Thursday, Oct. 17.—Latest estimates on the loss of life in the recent earthquake place the total at not more than 200, mostly at or near Mayaguez. The property damage is estimated at \$5,000,000. Through train service between San Juan and Mayaguez was resumed last night.

Because of unsatisfactory measures taken to protect life and property at Mayaguez after the earthquake, Governor Yager has appointed a new mayor for the town with instructions to proceed immediately to restore order. Until yesterday, laborers in the town demanded five times their regular wages for emergency and relief work. They went to work, however, when the chief of police issued orders that they must work at reasonable rates or face the consequences of drastic police action.

The United States Coast and Geodetic Survey station at Vieques island, off the east coast of Porto Rico reports that the earthquake was probably due to a shifting of rock. Under the pressure of the first shock the seismograph pins became dislodged and it took nine minutes to readjust them. As a result the station was unable to make a record of the shocks.

CANADIAN AIR FORCE

Major Bishop Is Promoted to Lieutenant Colonel Commanding Canadian Unit

(N.E.A. Special to The Sun.)

LONDON, England, Oct.—"Major Bishop" quits active flying, unofficially credited with bringing down 102 boche machines, and an official record of around 30.

The British ace of aces is no longer the Canadian "Major Bishop," however. He is now Lieut.-Col. W. A. Bishop, V.C., D.S.O., M.C., D.F.C. of Canada.

He has gone up a notch since he returned from the Dayton (Ohio)



BISHOP AND KING GEORGE

flying camp and other camps in the states, where he helped teach scores of Americans how to fly and fight.

Lieut. Col. Bishop is now organizing a special Canadian air force, which he will command. And while he would still be flying if he could do as he liked, his friends here take it for granted that his days as a regular flier are over. The air chiefs consider him more valuable for the ground despite his top-notch record as a fighting aviator.

When Bishop returned from the states it was considered he had "earned the right to live," but he insisted on piloting a few more boche airmen before taking over the Canadian force.

BRYANT L. KIRBY MADE SECOND LIEUTENANT

Bryant L. Kirby, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Kirby, of 442 Beeson street, this city, has been appointed a second lieutenant in the quartermaster corps, according to an announcement of the war department.

Lieut. Kirby entered the national service March 29 of this year, but was in training at Camp Meigs, Washington, D. C., when he received his commission. His father is paymaster at the Boot mills.

GOING TO CAMP GREENLEAF

Dr. Thomas B. Delaney, who recently received his commission as first lieutenant in the Medical Reserve corps, is now wearing the uniform and will leave for Camp Greenleaf, Chattanooga, Tenn., a week from next Friday.

Wedding Rings

GEO. H. WOOD

135 CENTRAL STREET

MAYOR APPOINTS LOCAL

FIELD EXAMINERS

Mayor Perry D. Thompson has recommended that Miss Mary A. Carter, secretary of the Lowell Social Service League, and Joseph L. Cronin, a well known local newspaperman, be appointed local field examiners for the bureau of war risk insurance, a federal board connected with the treasury department at Washington.

The work of the examiners will be of a patriotic nature and will have to do with the handling of applications for allotments and allowances filed by enlisted men.

The letter received by Mayor Thompson, requesting him to recommend examiners for Lowell, was as follows:

Treasury Dept., Washington.

To the Mayor of Lowell, Mass.

My Dear Mayor: The bureau of war risk insurance is desiring a list of men and women who are in a position to co-operate with it in the capacity of local field examiners. One or more such examiners will be appointed from each community throughout the country. This work is of a patriotic nature and essential to the proper handling of the hundreds of thousands of applications for allotment and allowance filed by the enlisted men. Your co-operation is desired in the building up of this great national force of volunteer workers. With as little delay as possible, will you recommend two or three men or women to the bureau, to whom forms may be sent for making out reports giving information concerning persons in your community whose standing is such that his or her judgment may be depended upon will be acceptable. Men not subject to draft will naturally be of the greatest value.

Very truly yours,
C. F. NESBITT,
Commissioner.

With each form sent out from this bureau to local field examiners a certificate of authorization is attached. When the report is rendered the signed certificate will entitle the examiner to a fee of \$1 for each case investigated to the satisfaction of the bureau.

Trusting that you may succeed in recruiting the services of new or three official examiners, I remain
Very truly yours,
C. F. NESBITT,
Commissioner.

Grippe Abating Continued

6163. Three deaths were reported today, bringing the total to 39.

Although no definite action was taken, it was intimated at a meeting of the board of health this morning that the general ban on schools, theatres, saloons, etc., would be lifted by the middle of the present week, Thursday, probably.

Street Car Ventilation

Dr. Thomas P. Carroll, of the board of health, stated at the meeting that he had received a number of complaints about local street car windows being closed tightly and some of them screwed down. It was voted to get in touch with General Supt. Thomas Lees of the local division of the Bay State Street Railway Co. on the matter and following the meeting the members of the board visited Mr. Lees in a body and stated their case. Supt. Lees said that the great increase made on the personnel of the local division's employed force by sickness made it almost impossible to live up to every minute instruction that should be lived up to, but that he was willing to co-operate as much as he possibly could with the local board of health. He said that this morning 36 of the employees of the company in Lowell were out sick and this, naturally, caused some difficulty in handling the added burden brought about by the epidemic.

Supt. Lees promised to have inspectors of the company watch every car that left the square and if the cars are of such a type that the windows cannot be opened readily, the inspector will see that doors and ventilators are open.

In regard to the matter of overcrowding on the cars during the early morning hours when people are going to work, Supt. Lees said that in some instances this was really the fault of the public rather than of the road. He said that eight or nine cars are sent to the South Lowell plant of the United States Cartridge company every morning but that the employees of the plant insist on crowding the first and second cars, even to the extent of hanging on the fenders, while the last cars will have plenty of vacant seats. It is impossible to control this because some of the passengers insist on jumping on the cars after they have started.

The company is still fumigating its cars and Supt. Lees expressed a desire to comply with every wish of the board of health in its efforts to stamp out the present epidemic and the board thanked him for his co-operation.

At the Hospital

There are 50 patients at the Isolation hospital at present. The third ward was opened Saturday afternoon and there are 14 children there now. Dr. C. R. Eskey, the federal officer in charge of the hospital who has been ill himself, was reported better this afternoon.

Supt. Molloy said that there had been some criticism of the work, but Mayor Thompson stated that it was one of the most valuable things done in many years.

Adjourned at 10.55 until 4.30 this afternoon.

AIRMEN DROP 200 FEET

Biplane Crashed to Ground Over West Bridgewater—

One Man Severely Injured

WEST BRIDGEWATER, Oct. 21.—Lieut. Peter C. Borre of Boston, operating a biplane, accompanied by a mechanic, Harry Boyle of Columbus, Ohio, crashed to the ground here today, when their machine was caught in a cross current, was blown into a tree and the propeller broken. Boyle was severely injured. Lieut. Borre was not injured.

The machine fell less than 200 feet and was demolished. The aviators were bound for Mincola, L. I. They were flying without a compass and, according to Lieut. Boyle, were following a railroad track when they lost their bearings and then chopped down a fence to get room to start again. There was little space and as they neared a clump of trees the air current caught the machine and the propeller struck the tree. Lieut. Boyle shut off the power and the machine crashed to the ground.

Commissioner Warnock of the public property department had a number of his men working at the hospital today to complete various jobs that had to be done in connection with the opening of the third shack.